

# IFCI FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED

(Subsidiary of IFCI Limited)

## CIN: U74899DL1995GOI064034

28<sup>th</sup> ANNUAL REPORT FY 2022-23

# 28th ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

DATE: September 29, 2023

DAY: FRIDAY

TIME: 03.00 PM

Registered office: IFCI TOWER 61 Nehru Place New Delhi DL 110019 IN

Corporate Office: 3<sup>rd</sup> Floor, Continental Chamber 142, M.G. Road, Nungambakkam, Chennai 600034 TN

Website- www.ifinltd.in

IC=10

Ph: 044 2830 6600 Email- cs@ifinltd.in 

#### IFCI FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED

#### Board of Directors (As on the date of this report)

Mr. Atul Saxena	-	Chairman & Nominee Director
Mr. Sanjay Pote	*	Non- Executive Director
Mr. Rajesh Kumar	-	Non- Executive Director
Mr. Jayesh A Shah		Non- Executive Director
Mr. Alan Savio Pacheco	-	Nominee Director
Ms. S Karpagam	4	Managing Director

#### **Chief Financial Officer**

Mr. A V Pushparaj

#### Chief Operating Officer

Mr. Ramkumar Srinivasan

#### Company Secretary

Ms. JM Sathyavathi

#### Statutory Auditors (2022-23)

M/s. S Venkatram & Co, LLP Chartered accountants FRN 004656S/ S200095 Shri R Vaidyanathan M. No: 018953 Partner

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	Notice of 28 <sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting Board's Report 2022-23. Auditors' Report and Financial Statements for the year 2022-23. a) Standalone Financial Statements for Financial year 2022-23 b) Consolidated Financial Statements for Financial year





Notice is hereby given that the 28<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting of the shareholders of M/s. IFCI Financial Services Limited will be held by Video Conferencing (VC)/ Other Audio Video Means (OAVM) on Friday, September 29<sup>th</sup>, 2023 at 3:00 PM to transact the following business:

#### ORDINARY BUSINESS

1. Approval and Adoption of Financial Statements for Financial year 2022-23:

To receive, consider and adopt the audited Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on March 31, 2023, together with the Board of Directors' Report and Auditors' Report thereon and including annexures thereto and thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution, as an Ordinary resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT the Audited Standalone and Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2023, together with Board of Directors' Report and the Auditors Report thereon, including annexures thereto be and are hereby approved and adopted."

2. To appoint Shri. Ramesh Dharmaji (DIN: 01186341) in place of Shri. Jayesh Amichand Shah (DIN 0882080), who retires by rotation at the 28<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting and has expressed his desire to be not re-appointed upon the expiry of term and to consider and thought fit, to pass with or without modification, the following resolution, as an Ordinary resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 152 and all other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder, the retirement of Shri Jayesh Amichand (DIN: 0882080), who retires by rotation at the 28<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting and who has expressed his desire not to seek re-appointment upon expiry of his term at this Annual General Meeting be and is hereby noted."

"FURTHER RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 152 and all other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder, Shri Ramesh Dharmaji (DIN: 01186341) be and is hereby appointed as a Director in the place of Shri. Jayesh Amichand Shah (DIN 0882080), who has retired by rotation at this Annual General Meeting."

"RESOLVED FURTHER THAT any one of the Directors of the Company be and is hereby authorized to digitally sign and file the necessary e-forms with the Registrar of Companies,

Chennai and inform other statutory authorities as may be necessary in connection with the above appointment."

 Appointment and Fixation of Remuneration of Statutory Auditors for Financial year 2023-24. To fix remuneration of the Statutory Auditor of the Company in terms of the provisions of Section 139(5) and 142 of the Companies Act, 2013 and to pass the following resolution, with or without modification(s), as an Ordinary resolution.

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 139(5) and 142 and all other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 and Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules 2014 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force) the Board of Directors of the Company be and is hereby authorized to decide and fix the remuneration of the Statutory Auditor of the Company to be appointed by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India (CAG) for the Financial Year 2023-24, as may be deemed fit."

#### SPECIAL BUSINESS

# 4. To appoint Smt S Karpagam (DIN: 09755388) as Managing Director of the Company.

To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s) if any, the following resolution as an "Ordinary Resolution"

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to provisions of Section 152, 161, 196, 197 and 203 of the Companies Act, 2013 and any other applicable provisions of Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder [including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof for the time being in force] Smt S Karpagam (DIN: 09755388), who was appointed by the Board of Directors as an Additional Director and designated as Managing Director with effect from 03.10.2022 be and is hereby appointed as Managing Director of the company for the period of one years with effect from 03.10.2022 on the terms & conditions and remuneration as set out in the letter of Deputation issued by IFCI."

"RESOLVED FURTHER THAT any one of the Directors of the Company be and is hereby authorized to digitally sign and file the necessary e-forms with the Registrar of Companies, Chennai and inform other statutory authorities as may be necessary in connection with the above appointment."



#### 5. To appoint Mr. Sanjay Pote (DIN: 08085505) as a Director of the Company.

To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s) if any, the following resolution as an "Ordinary Resolution"

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to provisions of Section 152 and 161 and any other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made there under (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force) Mr. Sanjay Pote (DIN: 08085505) who was appointed by the Board of Directors as an Additional Director w.e.f. 12,05,2023 be and is hereby appointed as a Director of the Company and liable to retire by rotation."

"RESOLVED FURTHER THAT any one of the Directors of the Company be and is hereby authorized to digitally sign and file the necessary e-forms with the Registrar of Companies, Chennai and inform other statutory authorities as may be necessary in connection with the above appointment."

> By Order of the Board For IFCI Financial Services Limited

J. MORM. V.T.

JM Sathyavathi Company Secretary

Place: Chennai Date:05.09.2023



#### Important Notes:

- 1. Pursuant to the Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 08, 2020, Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13,2020 and Circular No. 20/2020 dated May 5th, 2020, clarification circular No. 02/2021 dated January 13th, 2021 and General Circular 3/2022 dated May 5, 2022 and General Circular10/2022 dated December 28 2022 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs(collectively referred to as "MCA Circulars"), permitted the holding of Annual General Meeting (AGM) through VC/ OAVM, without physical presence of the member at common Venue. Hence, Members can attend and participate in the ensuing AGM though VC/OAVM.
- The members have the option to participate in the meeting either in person or through Video Conferencing (VC)/Other Audio-Visual Means (OAVM).
- 3. In compliance with applicable provisions of the Act read with the MCA Circulars, the AGM of the Company is being conducted through VC/OAVM, the proceedings of the AGM shall be deemed to be conducted at the Corporate Office of the Company at Continental Chambers, 3rd Floor, 142 M G Road, Nungambakkam, Chennai- 600034, Tamil Nadu which shall be the deemed venue of the AGM
- 4. Pursuant to the provisions of the Act, a member entitled to attend and vote at the AGM is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote on his/her behalf and the proxy need not be a member of the Company. Since this AGM is being held pursuant to the MCA Circular, issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, through VC/OAVM facility, physical attendance of members has been dispensed with. Accordingly, the facility for appointment of proxies by the members will not be available for the AGM through video conferencing and hence the Proxy Form and Attendance Slip are not annexed to this Notice.
- 5. However, the Body Corporates members (i.e. other than individuals) are entitled to appoint authorised representatives to attend the AGM through VC/OAVM and participate thereat. The body corporate are required to forward a scanned copy or hard copy of its board or governing body's resolution/authorization letter etc. authorizing their representatives to attend the AGM. The said resolution/authorization shall be sent to the Company by email through its registered email address to cs@ifinitd.in or sathyavathi@ifinitd.in the hard copy can be send at Continental Chambers, 3<sup>rd</sup> Floor, 142 MG Road, Nungambakkam, Chennai- 600034.
- 6. Those Shareholders whose email IDs are not registered are requested to register their email ID

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with the company by sending E-mail to <u>cs'aifinitd in</u> along with the following credentials: i. Name registered as per the records of the company ii. DPID-Client ID/ Folio Number iii. Email ID to be registered for attending the Meeting.

- In case of joint holders, the Member whose name appears as the first holder in the order of names as per the Register of Members of the Company will be entitled to vote at the AGM.
- 8. The Members can join the AGM in the VC/OAVM mode 15 minutes before and after the scheduled time of the commencement of the Meeting by following the procedure mentioned in the Notice. The facility of participation at the AGM through VC/OAVM will be made available for all shareholders of the company. This will not include large Shareholders (Shareholders holding 2% or more shareholding), Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, the Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Auditors, who are allowed to attend the Annual General Meeting without restriction on account of first come first served basis.
- The attendance of the Members attending the AGM through VC/OAVM will be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- 10. The Members will be allowed to pose questions during the course of the Meeting. The questions/queries can also be given in advance at <u>cs@ifinltd.in</u> will be suitably replied by the company during the Meeting, if time permits
- 11. As per the MCA Circulars, the Notice calling the AGM has been uploaded on the website of the Company at <u>www.ifinltd.in</u> and the notice along with the Annual Report is being sent through electronic mode to the members whose E-mail ID are registered with the company. Members may note that the Notice will also be available on the Company's website at <u>www.ifinltd.in</u>. Further, updation if any, will be provided on the website of the Company at <u>www.ifinltd.in</u>.
- 12. All documents referred to in the Notice calling the AGM and the Explanatory Statement are open for inspection electronically and/or at the registered office of the company during the office hours between 9.30 AM to 11.30 AM on all working days except Saturday. The same shall be shared with the members on receipt of request. The members desiring to inspect the relevant documents referred are required to send request on the email address- <u>cs/a/ifinltd.in</u>. An extract of such documents would be send to the members on their registered email address.
- The route map for the venue of AGM is not annexed to this notice as the AGM is being conducted through Video conferencing and/or other audio visual means.



- 14. Details of Directors seeking appointment or re-appointment at the Annual General Meeting of the company to be held on Thursday. September 29th, 2023 are provided in Annexure A of this notice.
- 15. For any queries & clarifications, members can contact through e-mail on cs@ifinltd.in or 044-2830 6613.
- The relevant explanatory statement pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013, in respect
  of Special Businesses, as set out above is annexed hereto.





### INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR ATTENDING THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING THROUGH VC/OAVM ARE AS UNDER:

- AGM through VC/OAVM: Members will be provided with a facility to attend the AGM through video conferencing platform – Lifesize.
- 2. Members whose email IDs are not registered with the company, may get their email IDs registered with the company by sending E-mail to <u>cs@ifinltd.in</u> along with the following credentials: i. Name registered as per the records of the company ii. DPID-Client ID/ Folio Number iii. Email ID to be registered for attending the Meeting. In case of joint holding, the credentials of the first named holder shall be accepted.
- The invitation to join the AGM will be sent to the Members on their registered email IDs latest by September 28<sup>th</sup>, 2023. This will be done on first come first served basis.
- 4. Members will be provided with a facility to attend the AGM through video conferencing platform, by following the invitation link sent to their registered email ID. Members will be able to locate Meeting ID/ Password/ and JOIN MEETING tab. By Clicking on JOIN MEETING they will be redirected to Meeting Room via browser or by running Temporary Application. In order to join the Meeting, follow the step and provide the required details (mentioned above Meeting Id/Password/Email Address) and Join the Meeting. Members are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops for better experience.
- 5. In case of Android/Iphone connection, Participants will be required to download and Install the appropriate application as given in the mail to them. Application may be downloaded from Google Play Store/App Store.
- Further Members will be required to allow Camera and use Internet audio settings as and when asked while setting up the meeting on Mobile App.
- 7. Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to Fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches. Use of headphones is highly recommended.
- Members who need assistance before or during the AGM may contact Ms. JM Sathyavathi, Company Secretary by sending an email request at the email id: <u>cs@ifinltd.in</u> or Contact on – 044-28306613.





#### Annexure - A

Details of the Directors seeking Appointment/Re-Appointment in the ensuing Annual General Meeting:

Name of the Director	Mr. Ramesh Dharmaji	Ms. S Karpagam	Mr.Sanjay Pote
Date of Birth	February 7, 1959	August 12,1973	March 11,1975
Date of Appointment	September 29, 2023	October 04, 2022	May 10,2023
Expertise in Specific functional area	Promotion, Development and Financing of MSMEs	Financial Services	Business Development, Finance
Qualification	M.Com., Post Graduate Management Diploma, Certified associate of Indian Institute of Bankers	B.Com., CMA	MBA
Experience	38 years in Banking Service	28 plus years in Financial Services	24 years of venerable experience in financial service
Directorships in other Companies	Nil	<ol> <li>IFIN</li> <li>Commodities</li> <li>Limited</li> <li>IFIN Credit</li> <li>Limited</li> <li>IFIN Securities</li> <li>Finance Limited</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>IFIN Commodities</li> <li>Limited</li> <li>Stockholdings</li> <li>Services Limited</li> </ol>
Number of Board Meetings attended during the Year (2022-23)		2	

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Chairman/	IFCI Financial	
Membership of the	Services Limited	
Committee across	a) Member in	
all Companies	Audit	
·	Committee of	
	the Board	
	b) Member of	
	Nomination and	
	Remuneration	
	Committee of	
	the Board	
	c) Member of Risk	
	Management	
	Committee of	
	the Board	
	d) Member of IT	
	Strategy	
	Committee of	
	the Board	
	c) Chairman of	
	share Transfer	
	Committee of	
	the Board	
	IFIN Securities	
	Finance Limited	
	a) Member of	
	Audit Committee of	
	the Board	
	b) Member of	
	Nomination and	

		RemunerationCommittee of theBoardc) Chairman ofRisk Committeed) Chairman ofAsset LiabilityManagementCommitteee) Chairman ofShare TransferCommittee of theBoardIFIN CommoditiesLimiteda) Chairman ofShare TransferCommitteeIFIN CommoditiesLimiteda) Chairman ofShare TransferCommitteeIFIN CreditLimiteda) Chairman ofShare TransferCommitteeIFIN CreditLimiteda) Chairman ofShare TransferCommitteeIFIN CreditLimiteda) Chairman ofShare TransferCommittee	
Shareholding in the Company	Nil	Nil	Nil
Relationship with other Directors	Nil	Nil	Nil

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#### EXPLANATORY STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 102 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013: Item no. 4:

Smt. S. Karpagam was appointed as an Additional Director in the Board Meeting held on 3<sup>th</sup> October, 2022, in accordance with the provisions of Section152, 161, 196, 203 and Rule 8 of the Companies (Appointment & Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules 2014 read with Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013, and the Articles of Association of the Company. Pursuant to Section 161 of the Companies Act, 2013, the above director can hold office only up to the date of the ensuing Annual General Meeting of the Company. Further, in the same meeting i.e. meeting held on 3<sup>th</sup> October, 2022 the Board appointed Smt. S. Karpagam as the Managing Director of the Company, with immediate effect, for a period of one year subject to the approval of the shareholders.

Smt. S. Karpagam is not disqualified from being appointed as Director in terms of Section 164 of Companies Act, 2013 and has given her consent to act as Director. The Nomination & Remuneration Committee and the Board have completed a formal annual evaluation of her performance based on the evaluation criteria as set in the Nomination and Remuneration Policy of the Company.

The Board is of the opinion that the appointment and presence of Smt. S. Karpagam on the Board as the Managing will be desirable, beneficial and in the best interest of the Company. The Board recommends the resolution set out in item no. 4 of the accompanying Notice for approval and adoption of the Members.

None of the Directors/Key Managerial Personnel of the Company/their relatives, except Smt. S. Karpagam herself, is in any way concerned or interested, in the said resolution. The Board recommends the said resolution to be passed as an ordinary resolution.

#### Item no. 5:

Mr. Sanjay Pote (DIN: 08085505) was appointed as an Additional Director in the Board Meeting held on 12.05.2023, in accordance with the provisions of Section 161 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with the Articles of Association of the Company, Pursuant to Section 161 of the Companies Act,

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2013, the above director holds office only up to the date of the ensuing Annual General Meeting of the Company. Mr. Sanjay Pote is not disqualified from being appointed as Director in terms of Section 164 of Companies Act, 2013 and has given his consent to act as Director.

The Board is of the view that the appointment of Mr. Sanjay Pote as Director is desirable and would be beneficial to the Company and hence it recommends the said Resolution No. 5 for approval by the members of the Company.

None of the Directors/Key Managerial Personnel of the Company/their relatives, except Mr. Sanjay Pote himself, is in any way concerned or interested, in the said resolution. The Board recommends the said resolution to be passed as an ordinary resolution.



#### BOARD'S REPORT

To

The Members of

#### **IFCI Financial Services Limited**

The Board of Directors of your Company presents the 28<sup>th</sup> Annual Report of IFCI Financial Services Limited, together with the Audited Financial Statement, for the year ended March 31, 2023.

#### 1. Financial Results

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(Rs. in lakh)

Particulars	Stand	Standalone		Consolidated	
Particulars	31.03.2023	31.03.2022	31.03.2023	31.03.2022	
Operating Results:					
Income from Operations	1355.74	1685.40	1497.55	1832.08	
Other Income	238.06	401.35	271.32	450.81	
Gross Income	1593,80	2086,75	1768.87	2282.89	
Gross Expenditure	1681,96	1809.43	1874.32	2022.18	
Profit/ (Loss) before Exceptional item, Interest, Depreciation and Tax	(88.16)	277.32	(105,45)	260.71	
Less: Interest & BG Charges	0.51	9.67	2.11	10.35	
Profit/(Loss) before Exceptional Item, Depreciation and Tax	(88,67)	267.65	(107.56)	250.36	
Less: Depreciation	16.53	9.67	18.29	12.88	
Profit before Exceptional item and tax	(105.20)	257.98	(125.85)	237.48	
Less: Impairment on financial Instrument Impairment of Investment in Subsidiary Companies	39.39 237.69	150.98	50.84	152.81	
Profit before Tax	(382.28)	107.00	(176.69)	84.67	
Less: Taxes	R.		(6.03)	12.62	
Profit after tax	(382.28)	107.00	(170.66)	72.05	
Other Comprehensive Income	(47.08)	28.14	(51.77)	32.65	
Total Comprehensive Income	(429.36)	135.14	(222.43)	104.70	

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#### 2. Financial Performance

Operating Income of IFIN had decreased to Rs.13.56 Crore during FY 2022-23 from Rs.16.85 erore during FY 2021-22. Other Income also decreased to Rs.2.38 erore in FY 2022-23 from Rs.4.01 crore in FY 2021-22. Thus, the total income during FY 2022-23 at Rs.15.94 crore was 24% lesser than the total income of Rs.20.87 crore during the corresponding previous year of FY 2021-22. Out of Total expenses, Employee Cost slightly decreased to Rs.7.45 erore in FY 2022-23 from Rs.7.53 erore in 2021-22, mainly due to reductions in the manpower count. Depreciation and Amortization Expense increased to Rs.16.53 lakh in FY 2022-23 from Rs.9.67 lakh in FY 2021-22. However, Finance Cost substantially decreased to Rs.0.51 lakh in FY 2022-23 from Rs.9.67 lakh in FY 2021-22. Other Expenses were increased as the previous year at Rs.4.37 crore in FY 2021-22 as compared to Rs.4.58 crore in FY 2022-23. During the year Impairment of financial Instrument provided for Rs. 0.39 Crore mainly consists of Mr. Ekambaram receivables of Rs. 0.26 Crore. And also Impairment of Investment in Subsidiary Companies provided for Rs.2.38 Crore. After taking into account the above, there was a deficit of income over expenditure of Rs.3.82 crore in FY 2022-23 as compared to excess of income over expenditure of Rs.1.07 erore in FY 2021-22. The company earned a Loss after tax of Rs.3.82 erore during FY 2022-23 as compared to the profit of Rs. 1.07 crore in the previous year 21-22. Other Comprehensive income in FY 2022-23 was Rs. (47.08) lakh compared to Rs. 28.14 lakh in the previous year.

#### 3. **Operational Performances**

#### 3.1 Stock Broking

The Broking Income of IFIN has decreased to Rs. 1068.56 lakhs during the FY 2022-23 as against Rs. 1299.40 lakhs during the corresponding previous FY 2021-22.

#### 3.2 Insurance Commission

Insurance Commission earned during the year is Rs. 0.99 Lakh for the FY 2022-23 (previous year actuals was at Rs 1.91 lakhs).



#### 3.3 Brokerage from Selling of Mutual Funds/IPO/Bonds

During the year, the company has earned an income of Rs.106.11 lakhs in the FY 2022-23 from Selling of mutual fund units as compared to Rs. 195.37 lakhs in the previous reporting year 2021-22.

#### 3.4 Depository Segment

The Company operated as the Depository Participants of both NSDL and CDSL during the year for the benefit of its retail and institutional client base. Total Income received during the year 2022-23 was Rs.80.50 lakhs (previous year Rs. 107.48 lakh)

#### 3.5 Non Fund Based Activity - Syndication, Merchant Banking and Investment Banking

During the year the Company has carned gross income of Rs. 32.78 lakh (Previous Year- Rs. 11.75 lakh) in this product.

#### 4. Business Environment

India again emerged as a leader for the consecutive second year among Exchange market size in terms of volumes both equally contributed by Retail and Institutions. The year under review was marked by significant global challenges. The Russia-Ukraine war disrupted the global supply chain and led to heightened energy inflation across major developed economies. This, coupled with China's pandemic induced lockdown, impacted economic recovery in Asia and the rest of the world. According to the IMF, risks are significantly skewed to the downside as a result of the amplification of financial sector turbulence, the development of the Russia-Ukraine war and the continuance of a high inflation trajectory, making monetary policy a tightrope walk.

As a result, the global economy faced uncertainty and cautious sentiment throughout the year. Economy and capital market prosperity despite the challenging global environment, India emerged as a bright spot in the global economy. With a 7.2% GDP growth in FY 2022- 23, India became the fastest-growing major economy.

This growth was achieved despite high inflation, muted rural demand, monetary tightening, and increased interest rates. India's resilience was reflected in its equities, which outperformed developed and emerging market counterparts. Unlike other markets, India's equity performance was not dependent on international inflows but driven by strong domestic investor participation. The Nifty 50 Index ended the year with a modest 0.6% loss, outperforming global indices. Whereas, BSE Sensex

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index closed 422.9 points higher on March 31, 2023 from a year ago. In percentage terms, the Sensex moved higher by only 0.7% in 2022-23, the worst performance in the past three years. The resilience has been consistent over the last three years, with the Nifty 50 Index showing strong growth compared to global indices. Domestic institutional investors played a significant role in driving this optimism by investing aggressively in Indian equities. This optimism and confidence in India's story were key themes in the performance of the Indian markets during the last financial year.

Indian Exchanges gradually transformed settlement process from T-2 day to T+1 day. Indian stock exchanges became one and only the fastest settlement processed among Global markets. The first batch of securities transitioned to T+1 Settlement on February 25, 2022, and thereafter, every month a batch of around 500 securities transitioned to T+1 Settlement. From January 27, 2023, all securities i.e., equity shares including SME shares, exchange traded funds, Government Bonds and Corporate Bonds trading in the equity segment were settled on T+1 basis.

NSE remained the largest derivatives exchange in the world in terms of number of contracts traded for the fourth successive year. It moved a notch higher and ranked third globally in terms of the number of trades in the cash equities segment in 2022. In the domestic markets, NSE maintained its leadership position in the Capital market and Equity derivative segments, with a market share of 93% and near-100% respectively. There was a phenomenal Growth in new listing post IPOs also.

On September 1, 2021, the final phase of SEBI's peak margin rules kicked in, in the Indian stock market. These rules have been put into effect to contain excessive intra-day speculation which involves high risk, especially in the futures and options (F&O) segment. However, subsequent to this, SEBI through the circular insisted Members to maintain cash and cash collateral portion of upfront margins also during the Q4 of 2021-22, which brought down the volumes especially clients availing exposures based on only collateral portion of pledged stocks. During the last quarter of 2022-23, exchanges further started insisting on Beginning of the day allocation of client's margins to be reported before the starting of the trading on daily basis. Our average no of 7500 trades was hit by around 25% of the volumes compared to carlier quarters.



#### 5. Outlook:

#### Diversification on Revenue is the main focus.

The Indian brokerage industry has undergone rapid changes in its business environment in last three fiscals, starting with a surge in customer accretion, business volume, pick-up in flat brokerage model to rising proportion of derivatives volumes. In recent quarters, brokerages seemed to undergo a structural shift from aggressive client addition to maintaining profitability amid rising compliance cost, through improvement in unit economics.

The broking segment, especially retail broking, has become increasingly dynamic. Entry of new players, digitization and regulations have changed the way business has been shaping up. Post Lock down, broking industry witnessed a sea change in competitive pricing, increased support on Digital platforms. Broking houses are now restructuring their business strategy to diversify revenue streams focusing on Value added services, including wealth management, research, advisory. Financial planning has been the focus to ensure maximum customer's engagement and enrich wealth creation journey of clients. Fund based activity, including margin funding and loan against shares (through NBFC), is expected to enable sustained contribution to earnings. Further, revenue growth for the broking industry is expected to moderate to 10% growth in FY23-24 to be flattish with consolidation in industry benefiting few traditional brokers.

SEBI has been undertaking tightening of regulations amid increase in derivative volume, which is likely to increase compliance cost for intermediaries and may eventually also lead to a rise in brokerage rates, though timing and extent of price revision of the same is difficult to guess. At an aggregate level, moderation in client accretion, tightening of regulations and higher compliance cost are seen leading to a gradual consolidation in the industry.

Traditional Brokerage houses facing rising margin requirements at clearing corporations mean that brokers need to raise additional money to maintain adequate margins with clearing corporations due to regular operational changes insisted by Regulators to protect Investors Interest. In addition, the increasing number of investors from tier 2 and 3 cities provides a huge opportunity for firms that can quickly move to offer remote digital services,



#### Business model offering and diverse streams of product & services

Brokerage being the core revenue stream, accounts for a substantial proportion of revenue for the industry. While new age brokers have been focusing on lower fixed brokerage, large incumbents are gradually attempting to diversify their portfolio offering with rising focus on value added services including advisory & research, financial planning, wealth management and margin trading facility. Thus, the proportion of pure broking income has undergone a gradual decline over the years for a majority of the players. In our view, large established full-service incumbents, with diverse product and services act as one stop for all financial needs of customers. In the past few years, the cost structure and operational efficiency of brokerages has improved amid higher utilization of technology. Further, players are now focused on quality of customer and payback period to ensure improvement in unit economics. Thus, acquisition of quality revenue-generating customers and providing strong value-added services will remain key to sustainable carnings growth ahead.

#### MTF Products to sustained Growth prospects:

In the last two fiscals, the margin funding book witnessed healthy growth amid increasing volume and participation. Going ahead, the performance of the margin funding book would remain sensitive to capital market trend. We expect margin funding book of the brokerage industry, especially larger peers, to remain steady and continue to contribute significantly to revenue.

#### Increasing compliance Cost

SEBI seems to be concerned about a continued rise in derivatives volumes due to higher margin impositions, Option volumes are on raise, especially increase in retail participation. Thus, SEBI with the goal of ensuring safety of retail segment, has been undertaking tightening of rules in the last fiscals. 100% Up front margin in eash intraday and F&O new margin rules are fully implemented now. Such tightening in regulations is likely to increase compliance cost for intermediaries, which is likely leading to continued consolidation in the industry due to high compliance and associated costs. There is also proposals by the Regulators to extend the trading hours which might be eventually implemented by exchanges

#### ASBA for stock payment for Secondary Market

SEBI has proposed a new mechanism – Application Supported by Blocked Amount (ASBA) – wherein a direct channel of fund flow is to be created between the client and the clearing corporation particularly for UPI mode. As per the proposal, funds shall remain in the account of the client but will

be blocked in favour of the clearing corporation till the expiry date of the block mandate or till the block is released. This move is to curb any malpractice in handling of client money by brokers and also enable clients to keep earning interest when funds are blocked for trading. This move could impact brokers as it would reduce float money with intermediaries, which have been utilized to avail bank guarantees and deposit with exchanges for position limits. Basically working capital needs will also surge. It may impact brokers too as float income as proportion of topline revenue which may be higher than diversified large brokers.

#### 6. Subsidiaries

#### 6.1 IFIN Securities Finance Limited

IFIN Securities Finance Limited, a NBFC is a wholly owned subsidiary of IFCI Financial Services Limited. It is engaged in the business of providing Loan against Shares, Mutual Funds and Sovereign Gold Bonds etc.

#### 6.2 IFIN Commodities Limited

IFIN Commodities Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of IFCI Financial Services Limited, was incorporated to engage in the business of Commodity broking.

IFIN Commodities Ltd, a registered member of the Multi Commodity Exchange of India Ltd (MCX), National Commodity and Derivatives Exchange Ltd (NCDEX) and National Spot Exchange Limited (NSEL), is primarily engaged in the business of providing Commodity market related transaction services.

#### 6.3 IFIN Credit Limited

IFIN Credit Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of IFC1 Financial Services Ltd. Currently it is not engaged in any operation.

#### 7. Salient features of the financial statement under Section 129 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013

Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of subsidiaries/associate companies/joint ventures pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 Form AOC-1 is given in **Annexure-I**.

#### 8. Dividend

No dividend is being recommended by the Directors for the year ended March 31, 2023.

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#### 9. Transfer To Reserves

The Board of Directors have no proposal to carry on any amount to general reserves for the year ended March 31, 2023. However, in the Consolidated Financial statements, the amount is transferred to Statutory Reserve as per Section 45 IC of RBI Act being one subsidiary a NBFC Company.

#### 10. Directors and Key Managerial personnel

#### Changes in Directors and KMP

- Mr. KV Rao has resigned as Director on account of withdrawal of Nomination by IFCI Limited W.E.F 03.10.2022.
- Ms. S Karpagam was appointed as Additional director and Managing Director of the company with effect from 04.10.2022
- > Mr. Ramesh NGS, director has resigned as Director with effect from 17.04.2023.
- Mr. Sanjay Pote was appointed as Additional director of the company with effect from 12.05.2023
- > Ms. Pragyan Shree has resigned as Company Secretary with effect from 19.05.2023.
- Mr. Rajesh Kumar who retires by rotation at the 27<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting held on September 29, 2022 was re-appointed as the director of the company.
- Ms.JM Sathyavathi was appointed as Company Secretary with effect from 24.07.2023.
- Shri Jayesh Amichand (DIN: 0882080), director will retire by rotation at the conclusion of the ensuing Annual General Meeting and expressed his desire not to be re-appointed.

The Board wishes to place on record its gratitude and appreciation for the valuable contributions made by all the Directors / KMPs who have resigned from their respective offices during their tenure in the Company.

As at March 31st, 2023, the Board consisted of 6 Directors comprising of 2 Nominee Director, 3 Non-Executive Director and 1 Managing Director.

The composition of the Board, number of meetings held, attendance of the Directors at the Board Meeting and the number of the Directorship in other companies in respect of each Director who was on Board as on March 31<sup>st</sup>, 2023 is given below:-

S.		Attendance Particulars		No. of othe Directorships as on 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2023	
5. No.	Name of Director	No. of Meetings during the tenure of respective directors in FY 2022-23		Other Director-ships (Including Private Limited Companies )	
		Held	Attended		
1.	Shri Ramesh NGS	6	5	8	
2.	Shri Atul Saxena	6	6	2	
3.	Shri Jayesh Amichand Shah	6	5	1	
4.	Shri Rajesh Kumar	6	6	3	
5.	Shri Alan Savio Pacheco	6	6	3	
6.	Shri S Karpagam	2	2	3	
7	Shri Karra Visweswar Rao	4	4	NA	

During the Financial Year 2022-23, Six (6) Board Meetings were held, which are as follows:

19,05,2022	03.08.2022	30.08.2022
03.10.2022	04.11.2022	31.01.2023

The Non-Executive Directors except nominees of IFCI Ltd are paid sitting fees for every meeting of the Board and its Committees attended by them.

#### 11. Committees of the Board

#### 11.1 Audit Committee

#### A. Composition

The Audit Committee of the Company presently consists of 2 Non- Executive Directors and one Managing Director. The composition of the Audit committee and attendance of directors at the meetings for the FY 2022-23 is shown below:-

S.	Name of Director	Designation	No. of Committee Meetings during
No.			the tenure of respective directors in
			FY 2022-23.

			Held	Attended
1.	Shri Rajesh Kumar	Chairman (Non- executive Director)	6	6
2.	Shri Jayesh Shah	Member (Non-executive Director)	6	5
3.	Smt. S Karpagam	Member (Managing Director)	3	3
4.	Shri Karra Visweswar Rao	Member (Managing Director)	3	3

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\*Shri Karra Visweswar Rao has resigned with effect from 03.10.2022 Smt. S Karpagam was appointed as additional director and Managing Director with effect from 03.10.2022

The Managing Director / Whole-time Director, Chief Operating Officer, Statutory Auditors and Internal Auditors are invited to participate in the meetings of the Audit Committee wherever necessary, as decided by the committee. The Company Secretary acts as the Secretary of the Audit Committee.

#### B. The number of Audit Committee Meetings held and dates:

During the financial year 2022-23, the Audit Committee of Directors of the Company had conducted 5 (Five) meetings.

The dates of the meeting of Audit Committee of Board of Directors are as follows:

18.05.2022	03.08.2022	30.08.2022
03.11.2022	31.01.2023	10.03.2023

#### C. Terms of reference:

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The terms of reference of the Audit Committee shall be in accordance with Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 and shall include overseeing the vigil mechanism / Whistle Blower policy of the Company.

#### 11.2 Nomination and Remuneration Committee

#### A. Composition



The Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Company presently consists of 2 Non-Executive Directors and Managing Director. The composition of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and attendance of directors at the meetings for the FY 2022-23 is shown below:-

S. No.	Name of Director	Category	No. of Meetings during the tenure of respective directors in FY 2022- 23		
			Held	Attended	
1,	Shri Jayesh Amichand Shah	Chairman (Non-executive Director)	5	4	
2	Shri Rajesh Kumar	Member (Non- Executive Director)	5	5	
3	*Shri. Alan Savio pacheco	Member (Nominee Director)	3	2	
4	Smt. S Karpagam	Member (Managing Director)	2	2	
5	*Shri Karra Visweswar Rao	Member (Managing Director)	3	3	

Smt. S Karpagam was appointed as additional director and Managing Director with effect from 03.10.2022

#### B. The number of meetings held and dates

During the financial year 2022-23, the Nomination & Remuneration Committee of Directors of the

Company had conducted 5 (Five) meetings.

The dates of the meeting of Nomination and Remuneration Committee are as follows:

18.05.2022	03.08.2022	03.10.2022	
03.11.2	2022	30.01.2023	

#### C. Terms of reference:

The terms of reference of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee is in accordance with Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 and includes:

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- To approve the remuneration payable to directors and key managerial personnel ("KMP" as defined by the Act).
- Recommend to the board the "formulation of the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director".
- Recommend to the board the appointment of directors.
- Recommend to the board appointment of KMP and persons one level below KMP of the Company.
- Carry out evaluation of every director's performance and support the board and independent directors in evaluation of the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors.
- Recommend to the board the remuneration policy as required under the Companies Act, 2013.
- Performing such other duties and responsibilities as required under the Companies Act, 2013 and Board of directors from time to time.

#### 11.3 Risk Management Committee of Board of Directors

#### A. Composition

The Risk Management Committee of the Company presently consists of 2 Non-Executive Directors and one Managing Director. The composition of the Risk Management Committee and attendance of directors at the meetings as on March 31<sup>st</sup>, 2023 is shown below:-

S. No.	Name of Director	Category	No. of Meetings during the tenure of respective directors in FY 2022-23	
			Held	Attended
1.	Shri Jayesh Amichand Shah	Chairman (Non-executive Director)	4	3
2	Shri Rajesh Kumar	Member (Non- Executive Director)	4	4
3	Shri Karra Visweswar Rao	Member (Managing Director)	2	2
4	Smt. S Karpagam	Member (Managing Director)	2	2

S. No.	Name of Director	Category	No. of Meetings during the tenure of respective directors in FY 2022-23	
			Held Atte	nded

#### B. The number of meetings held and dates

During the financial year 2022-23, the Risk Management Committee of Board of Directors of the

Company had conducted 4 (Four) meetings.

The date of the meetings of Risk Management Committee are as follows:

18.05.2022	03.08.2022
03.11.2022	30.01.2023

#### 11.4 Information Technology Strategy Committee of Board of Directors

#### A. Composition

The IT Strategy Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company presently consists of 2 Non-Executive Directors and one Managing Director. The composition of the IT Strategy Committee and attendance of directors at the meetings as on March 31<sup>st</sup>, 2023 is shown below:-

S. No.	Name of Director	Category	No. of Meetings during the tenure of respective directors in FY 2022-23	
			Held	Attended
1.	Shri Rajesh Kumar	Chairman (Non-executive Director)	5	5
2	Shri Jayesh Amichand Shah	Member (Non- Executive Director)	5	4
3	Shri Karra Visweswar Rao	Member (Managing Director)	3	3

S. No.	Name of Director	Category	No. of Meetings during the tenure of respective directors in FY 2022-23	
			Held	Attended
4	Smt S Karpagam	Member (Managing Director)	2	2

#### B. The number of meetings held and dates

During the financial year 2022-23, the IT Strategy Committee of Board of Directors of the Company had conducted 5 (Five) meetings:

The date of the meetings of are as follows:

18.05.2022	03.08.2022	30.08.2022	
03.11.20		30.01.2023	

### 11.5 Share Transfer Committee

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#### A. Composition

The Share Transfer Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company presently consists of 2 members. The composition of the Share Transfer Committee and attendance of directors at the meetings as on March 31<sup>s1</sup>, 2023 is shown below:-

S. No.	Name of Director	Category	tenure	etings during the of respective 1 FY 2022-23	
			Held	Attended	
1,	Shri K V Rao	Chairman (Managing Director)	1	1	

S. No.	Name of Director	Category	No. of Meetings during the tenure of respective directors in FY 2022-23	
			Held	Attended
2	Shri Alan Savio Pacheco	Member (Nominee Director)	1	1
3	Smt S Karpagam	Chairman (Managing Director)		•

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During the financial year 2022-23, the Share Transfer Committee of Board of Directors of the Company had conducted one meeting (06.05.2022).

#### 11.6 Other Committees

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The Company also has committees such as Internal Risk Committee, Internal Technology Committee and Share Allotment Committee

#### 11.7 General Meetings held during the Financial Year 2022-23.

The General Meetings of the company are held during the financial year are as under:

General Meeting	27th Annual General Meeting	
Venue	Through Video Conferencing	
Date and Day of meeting	Thursday, September 29 2022	

The above mentioned General Meeting did not pass any special resolutions.

#### 12. Annual Return

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the copy of the annual return in prescribed format is placed on the website of the company and the web-link of such annual return is provided below:

URL: https://ifinltd.in/Aboutus/Financials

#### 13. Directors' Responsibility Statement

To the best of our knowledge and belief and according to the information and explanations obtained

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by us, your Directors make the following statements in terms of Section 134 (3) (c) of the Companies Act, 2013:

- a) in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards had been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- b) the directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company at the end of the financial year 2022-23 and of the profit and loss of the company for that period;
- c) the directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d) the directors had prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis; and
- e) the directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

### 14. <u>Statement on declaration given by independent directors under sub-section (6) of Section 149 of</u> the Companies Act, 2013.

As on March 31, 2023, there are no Independent Directors on the Board of your Company.

#### 15. Policy on Directors' Appointment and Remuncration and other details.

The Company's policy on directors' appointment and remuneration including criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes, independence of a director and other matters provided under subsection (3) of section 178 is made available through the following web:

URL: https://ifinltd.in/Privacy-Policy

#### 16. Auditors

M/s. S Venkatram & Co, LLP, Chartered Accountants, (Firm Reg. No. 004656S) was appointed by the Comptroller & Auditor General of India (C&AG) as Statutory Auditor of your Company for FY 2022-23. C&AG shall appoint Statutory Auditors for the Financial Year 2023-24.



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#### 17. Explanations/ Comments on the report of Comptroller & Auditor General of India

The Comptroller and Auditor General of India (CAG) report on the accounts for the year ended 31st March, 2023 is attached Annexure-II to this report.

#### 18. Particulars of loans, guarantees or investments under Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013

Details of loans, guarantees and investments covered under the provisions of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 form part of the notes to the financial statement.

#### 19. Related Party Transactions

All transactions entered by the Company with Related Parties were in the ordinary course of business and at Arm's Length pricing basis. The transactions entered with the holding, subsidiaries and other group company is as follows:

Sr. No.	Name (s) of the related party & nature of relationship	Nature of contracts/ Arrangements/ transaction	Duration of the contracts/ arrangements/ transaction	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transaction including the value, if any
1	1 IFC1 Limited- Holding Company	Brokerage	As per omnibus approval for FY 2022-23	Ordinary course of business
		DP Income received	As per omnibus approval for FY 2022-23	Ordinary course of business
		Reimbursement of MD Salary paid by IFCI Limited	As per terms of deputation	Ordinary course of business
		Rent	As per omnibus approval for FY 2022-23	Ordinary course of business
		Deputation salary received	As per omnibus approval for FY 2022-23	Ordinary course of business
2	IFIN Securities Finance Limited – Subsidiary company	Reimbursement of office expenses received	As per omnibus approval for FY 2022-23	Ordinary course of Business
		Brokerage Income	As per omnibus approval for FY 2022-23	Ordinary course of business
_		Commission income	As per the terms	Ordinary course of
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			of agreement	Business	
		Sharing of manpower	As per omnibus approval for FY 2022-23/ as per terms of deputation	Ordinary course business	
		Short Term Borrowings	As per omnibus approval for FY 2022-23	Ordinary cours business	e of
3	IFIN Commodities Limited – subsidiary company	Reimbursement of office expenses received	Ongoing basis	Ordinary cours business	e ol
		Sharing of manpower	Ongoing basis/ as per terms of deputation	Ordinary cours business	e of
4	IFIN Credit Limited – Subsidiary Company	Reimbursement of office expenses received	As per omnibus approval for FY 2022-23	Ordinary cours business	e of
5	IFCI Factors Limited- Fellow subsidiary Company	Reimbursement of expenses	As per omnibus approval for FY 2022-23	Ordinary cours business	e of
		DP Income received	As per omnibus approval for FY 2022-23	Ordinary cours business	e of
6	IFCI Venture Capital Fund Limited- Fellow subsidiary Company	Brokerage	As per omnibus approval for FY 2022-23	Ordinary cours business	e of
	9999 - 2009 CU 1999 - 2007 CU 2	DP Income received	As per omnibus approval for FY 2022-23	Ordinary cours business	e of
7	Stock Holding Corporation of India Limited	Transaction charges	As per omnibus approval for FY 2022-23	Ordinary cours business	e o
		MD Salary	As per terms of deputation	Ordinary cours business	e o

There were no materially significant transactions with Related Parties during the financial year 2022-23 which were in conflict with the interest of the Company.

The particulars of Contracts or Arrangement with related parties are given in notes to the financial statement. Information on transactions with related parties pursuant to Section 134(3)(h) of the Act read with rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 are given in **Annexure-III** in Form AOC-2.



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The Company has formulated a policy on materiality of related party transactions and on Dealing with related party transactions duly approved by the Board. The policy is available on the website of the company at: https://www.ifinltd.in/Privacy-Policy

# 20. The details relating to deposits, covered under chapter V of the Act

During the Financial Year 2022-23, your Company did not accept any deposits within the meaning of provisions of chapter V – Acceptance of Deposits by Companies of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rules thereunder.

# 21. Details of Frauds

There is no fraud as reported by Auditors during the year under review.

# 22. Material changes and commitments

There were no material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the company between the end of the financial year i.e. March 31, 2023 and the date of the report.

# 23. <u>Conservation of energy, technology absorption and foreign exchange earnings and outgo &</u> <u>expenditure on research and development</u>

In view of the nature of activities which are being carried on by the Company, Section 134(3) (m) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8 (3) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, conservation of energy and technology absorption does not apply to the Company.

However, the Company has taken measures to conserve energy by having energy efficient electronic equipment. As regards absorption of technology, your Company has installed computer systems, software packages and other office equipment to increase its organizational efficiency, maximize Productivity and to gain competitive advantage.

Your Company has neither incurred any expenditure nor earned any income in foreign exchange. Further, your Company has not incurred any expenditure on Research and Development.

# 24. Risk Management

The Company has formulated and put in place Risk Management and Surveillance Policy in order to

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mitigate risk related to the business of the Company. Surveillance and risk monitoring of the client trading limit are very crucial part of trading system. Effective surveillance can achieve investor protection, market integrity and safe guard of securities market and trading member. The factors considered for designing exposure policy include Client Margin, Approved Collateral Stocks, Volatility of the market, prevailing market practice, etc. The Risk Management team of the Company takes effective measures in order to protect the interest of the Company and investors as per the policy of the Company.

The Company has also constituted Internal Risk Committee and Risk management committee at Board Level to monitor and mitigate the risk and safe guard the interest of the company.

# 25. Internal Financial Control

The Company has put in place adequate Internal Financial Control commensurate with the size of the Company and nature of its business.

The Company has also appointed M/s. IV Associates, Chartered Accountants, as Internal Auditors to conduct internal audit of the functions and the activities of the Company. The findings and recommendations of the Internal Auditors are reviewed by the Audit Committee of the Board on a periodical basis and necessary corrective actions are being undertaken.

The Company has installed necessary software(s) for maintaining accuracy and completeness of accounting records and timely preparation of reliable financial information.

# 26. Vigil Mechanism/ Whistle Blower Policy

Pursuant to Section 177(9) & Section 177(10) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014, the Company has voluntarily established a vigil mechanism which is overseen through the Board. Adequate safeguards against victimization of employees and directors who express their concerns, forms part of the mechanism.

The Company has adopted Whistle Blower Policy/ Vigil Mechanism for its director(s) and employee(s) to report to the management their concerns about unethical behavior, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the Company's code of conduct or ethics policy.





Your Company hereby affirms that no Director/ employee have been denied access to the Chairman of the Board of Directors and that no complaints were received during the year.

# 27. Anti - Sexual Harassment Policy

The Company has in place Anti Sexual Harassment Policy in line with the requirements of Prevention of Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition & Redressal) Act, 2013. An internal Complaints Committee has been set up for redressal of complaints and that all employees (permanent, contractual, temporary, trainees) are covered under this policy.

During the year under review, the company has not received any complaint pursuant to the provisions of Sexual Harassment of Women at workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013.

# 28. Formal Annual Evaluation of Board, Committees and Directors

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee of Board of Directors has reviewed the performance of Board and its committees taking into consideration the contributions made by the directors/ members of the committee.

Subsequently, the Board has made formal annual evaluation of its own performance, and that of its committees and individual directors taking into consideration the evaluation criteria as set in the Nomination and Remuneration Policy of the Company.

Since, there was no Independent Director on the Board of the Company during the financial year 2022-23 hence, no Meeting of the Independent Directors could be held. As per notification dated June 05, 2015 for the induction of Independent Director on the Board of a Government Company, opinion from concerned Ministry or parent Department of the Central Government, which is administratively in charge of the Company or as the case may be, the State Government, is required that the person intending to act as Independent Director shall be a person of integrity and possess relevant expertise and experience. Accordingly, in view of the above communication regarding appointment of requisite number of Independent Directors have been sent to the concerned authorities and Parent Company.

# 29. <u>Significant and Material Orders passed by the Regulators or Courts or Tribunals impacting the</u> <u>Going Concern status and company's operations in future</u>

There are no significant and material orders passed by the regulators or courts or Tribunals which would impact the going concern status of the Company.



30. Details of employees under Section 197 read with Sub rule 5 (2) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.

The company has no employee in respect of whom the information required under Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5 (2) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, as amended, is required to be given.

The Board further places on record its appreciation of the services of all the employees of the Company.

As per Notification dated June 5, 2015, issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, the Government companies are exempted to comply with the provisions of Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rules made thereunder. Your company being a Government Company is exempted to include the requisite information as a part of Director's Report.

# 31. Application made or any proceeding pending under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016.

The Company has neither made any application nor are any proceedings pending under The Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 during the year under review. Therefore, there are no details required to be disclosed, as the said clause is not applicable as on year ended 31.03.2023.

# 32. <u>The details of difference between amount of the Valuation done at the time of one time</u> settlement and the valuation done while taking loan from the Banks or Financial Institution along with the reasons thereof.

The Company has not availed any one time settlement facility, during the year under review, therefore providing of details with respect to difference in the amount of valuation done at the time of one time Settlement and the Valuation done while taking loan from the Banks or Financial Institution does not apply to the company.

# 33. Acknowledgement

The Board of Directors express their gratitude for the co-operation, guidance and support received from the IFCI Limited, Clients of the Company, Reserve Bank of India, Commercial Banks,



Regulators, Statutory Authorities, Securities and Exchange Board of India, National Stock Exchange, Bombay Stock Exchange, NSDL, CDSL, LIC of India and Insurance partners and its clients and other stakeholders of the Company.

> By Order of the Board For IFIN Financial Services Limited

S. Icepepe

S Karpagam<sup>'</sup> Managing Director (DIN: 09755388)

Sanjay Pote Director (DIN: 08085505)

Place: Chennai Date:05.09.2023 28th Annual Report - 2022-23



## Annexure - I

# Form AOC-1

(Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

<u>Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of subsidiarics/associate</u> <u>companies/joint ventures</u>

# Part "A": Subsidiaries

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(Information in respect of each subsidiary to be presented with amounts in Rs.)

S. No.	Particulars	Details	Details	Details
1.	Name of the subsidiary	IFIN Securities Finance Limited	IFIN Commodities Limited	IFIN Credit Limited
2.	Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding company's reporting period	Reporting Period same as holding company's	Reporting Period same as holding company's	Reporting Period same as holding company's
3.	Reporting currency and Exchange rate as on the last date of the relevant Financial year in the case of foreign subsidiaries	Nil	Nil	Nil
4.	Share capital	30,01,00,000	5,00,00,000	2,50,00,000
5.	Reserves & surplus	(65,71,598)	(1,57,21,160)	(51,47,879)
6.	Total assets	29,49,04,675	6,07,20,353	1,99,02,368
7.	Total Liabilities	13,76,273	2,64,41,513	50,247
8.	Investments	2,54,00,011	Nil	Nil
9.	Turnover	1,08,79,601	33,00,983	P.=
10.	Profit before taxation	32,90,750	(65,80,367)	80,490
11.	Provision for taxation	(6,12,285)	0	9,126
12.	Profit after taxation	39,03,035	(65,80,367)	71,364





13,	Total Comprehensive Income	38,81,434	(70,28,428)	71,364
14.	Proposed Dividend	Nil	Nil	Nil
15.	% of shareholding	100%	100%	100%

Notes: The following information shall be furnished at the end of the statement:

1. Names of subsidiaries which are yet to commence operations: Nil

2. Names of subsidiaries which have been liquidated or sold during the year: Nil

# Part "B": Associates and Joint Ventures

# Statement pursuant to Section 129 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 related to Associate Companies and Joint Ventures

Name of associates/Joint Ventures	Nil
Latest audited Balance Sheet Date	Not Applicable
Shares of Associate/Joint Ventures held by the company on the year end	Not Applicable
No.	Not Applicable
Amount of Investment in Associates/Joint Venture	Not Applicable
Extend of Holding%	Not Applicable
Description of how there is significant influence	Not Applicable
Reason why the associate/joint venture is not consolidated	Not Applicable
Net worth attributable to shareholding as per latest audited Balance Sheet	Not Applicable
Profit/Loss for the year	Not Applicable
Considered in Consolidation	Not Applicable
Not Considered in Consolidation	Not Applicable

1. Names of associates or joint ventures which are yet to commence operations: Nil

2. Names of associates or joint ventures which have been liquidated or sold during the year: Nil

# FOR IFCI FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED

A V Pushparaj

S Karpagam'

Managing Director

JHOP Had. T.

Sanjay Pote Director

JM Sathyavathi Company Secretary

**Chief Financial Officer** 

Date: 05.09.2023 Place: Chennai

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Annexure-II

COMMENTS OF THE COMPTROLLER AND AUDITOR GENERAL OF INDIA UNDER SECTION 143(6) (b) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF IFCI FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED, CHENNAI FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023.

The preparation of financial statements of IFCI Financial Services Limited, Chennai for the year ended 31 March 2023 in accordance with the financial reporting frame work prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 (Act) is the responsibility of the management of the company. The statutory auditors appointed by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India under section 139 (5) of the Act are responsible for expressing opinion on the financial statements under section 143 of the Act based on independent audit in accordance with the standards on auditing prescribed under section 143 (10) of the Act. This is stated to have been done by them vide their Audit Report dated 12 May 2023.

I, on behalf of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India, have decided not to conduct the supplementary audit of the financial statements of IFCI Financial Services Limited, Chennai for the year ended 31 March 2023 under section 143 (6) (a) of the Act.

> For and on behalf of the Comptroller & Auditor General of India

S. Velliangiri) (S. Velliangiri) Principal Director of Commercial Audit

Place: Chennai Date: 01.08.2023 28<sup>th</sup> Annual Report – 2022-23

IEII



Annexure III

# FORM NO. AOC -2

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

Form for Disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transaction under third proviso thereto.

1. Details of material contracts or arrangements or material transactions not at Arm's length basis.

S. No.	Particulars Particulars	1
a)	Name (s) of the related party & nature of relationship	Details
b)		Nit
10X	Nature of contracts/arrangements/transaction	Nil
c)	Duration of the contracts/arrangements/transaction	Nil
d)	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transaction including the value, if any	Nil
e)	Justification for entering into such contracts or arrangements or transactions'	Nil
0	Date of approval by the Board	NUL
3)	Amount paid as advances, if any	Nil
1)		Nil
	Date on which the special resolution was passed in General meeting as required under first proviso to section 188	Nil

3. Details of all the transactions at Arm's length basis are as follows:

Sr. No.	Name (s) of the related party & nature of relationship	Nature of contracts/ Arrangements/ transaction	Duration of the contracts/ arrangements/ transaction	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transaction including the value, if any	approval by	Amount paid as advances, if any
1	IFCI Limited- Holding Company	Brokerage	As per ominbus approval for FY 2022-232	Ordinary course of business	19.05.2022 and 10.03.2023	Nil
		DP Income received	As per omnibus	Ordinary course of business	19.05.2022 and	Nil



-		1	approval for		10.03.2023	1
		Reimburseme nt of MD Salary paid by	FY 2022-23 As per terms	Ordinary course of business	19.05.2022	Nil
		IFCI Limited Rent	As per omnibus approval for FY 2022-23	Ordinary course of business	19.05.2022	Nil
		Deputation salary received	As per omnibus approval for FY 2022-23	Ordinary course of business	19.05.2022	Nil
2	IFIN Securities Finance Limited – Subsidiary company	Reimburseme nt of office expenses received	As per	Ordinary course of Business	19.05.2022	Nil
		Brokerage Income	As per omnibus approval for FY 2022-23	Ordinary course of business	19.05.2022	Nil
		Sharing of manpower	As per omnibus approval for FY 2022-23/ as per terms of deputation	Ordinary course of business	19.05.2022	Nil
		Short Term Borrowings	As per omnibus approval for FY 2022-23	Ordinary course of business	19.05.2022	Nil
3	IFIN Commodities Limited – subsidiary company	Rent and Reimburseme nt of office expenses received	As per omnibus approval for FY 2022-23	Ordinary course of business	19.05.2022	Nil
		Sharing of manpower	As per omnibus approval for FY 2022-23/ as per terms of deputation	Ordinary course of business	19.05.2022	Nil
4	IFIN Credit Limited -	Rcimburseme nt of office	As per omnibus	Ordinary course of business	19.05.2022	Nil

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	Subsidiary Company	expenses received	approval for FY 2022-23			
5	IFCI Factors Limited- Fellow subsidiary	Income	As per omnibus approval for FY 2022-23	Ordinary course of business	19.05.2022 and 10.03.2023	Nil
	Company	DP Income received	As per omnibus approval for FY 2022-23	Ordinary course of business	19.05.2022 and 10.03.2023	Nil
6	IFCI Venture Capital Fund Limited- Fellow	Brokerage	As per omnibus approval for FY 2022-23	Ordinary course of business	19.05.2022 and 10.03.2023	Nil
	subsidiary Company	DP Income received	As per omnibus approval for FY 2022-23	Ordinary course of business	19.05.2022 and 10.03.2023	Nil
7	Stock Holding Corporation of India	Transaction charges	Asper	Ordinary course of business	19.05.2022	Nil
_	Limited	MD Salary	As per terms of deputation	Ī	04.10.2022	

By Order of the Board

For IFCI Financial Services Limited

S. Iceperc. S Karpagam

Sanjay Pote

Managing Director (DIN: 09755388)

Director (DIN: 08085505 )

Date: 05.09.2023

Place: Chennai

218, T.T.K. Road, Alwarpet, Chennai – 600 018. Ph. No.: 2499 21 55 / 56 / 57 E.mail : admin@svco.in

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

## TO THE MEMBERS OF M/S IFCI FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED

Report on the Standalone Financial Statements

### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Standalone Financial Statements of M/S IFCI FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2023, and the statement of Profit and Loss, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the Standalone Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "Standalone Financial Statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standard prescribed under section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended, ("Ind AS") and accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2023, and the *loss*, total Comprehensive Income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

## **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the Standalone Financial Statements.



### **Key Audit Matters**

This Company is an unlisted public sector company (where the shareholding of the entities owned by the Government of India is more than 51%). We have been informed by the management that the transactions of the Company are not: (a) significant as compared to the size of operations of its Holding Company; (b) the transactions of the Company are not complex; and (c) of such nature to be of public interest. In view of the above, we are not mentioning any Key Audit Matters.

## Information Other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report but does not include the Standalone Financial Statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the Standalone Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Standalone Financial Statements, or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Responsibility of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Standalone Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance (including other comprehensive income), changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for





preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities: selection and application of appropriate implementation and maintenance of accounting policies; making judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Standalone Financial Statements, Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Standalone Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Standalone Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we
  are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has internal financial
  controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements in place and the operating effectiveness
  of such controls.





- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Standalone Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure, and content of the Standalone Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Standalone Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

## **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the "Annexure 1" a statement on the matters specified in the paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. We are enclosing our report in terms of section 143(5) of the Act, on the basis of such checks of the books and records of the company as we considered appropriate and according to the information and explanation given to us, in "Annexure 2" on the directions issued by the Comptroller and Auditors General of India.
- 3. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.





- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including other comprehensive Income, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- e) We have been informed that the provisions of the section 164(2) of the Act in respect of the disqualification of directors are not applicable to the Company, being a Government Company in terms of notification no. G.S.R. 463(E) dated June 5, 2015 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Government of India.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the Internal Financial Controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure 3". Our Report expressed an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements.
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its Standalone Financial Statements – Refer Note 29 of the Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements.
  - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses
  - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- iv.
- (a) The Board of Directors of the Company have represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;





- (b) The Board of Directors of the Company have represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been received by the company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
- (c) Based on such audit procedures that were considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations made by the Board of Directors of the Company under sub-clause (a) and (b) hereinabove contain any material misstatement.
- v. No dividend has been declared or paid during the year by the Company.
- 4. With respect to the matter to be included in the Auditors' Report under Section 197(16) of the Act, in our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the provisions of section 197 of the Act are not applicable as the Company is a Government Company.



For S. Venkatram & Co LLP Chartered Accountants FRN. No. 004656S/S200095

R. Vaidyanathan Partner M.No. 018953 UDIN:23018953BURIME8486

Place: Chennai Date: 12<sup>th</sup> May 2023



## ANNEXURE "1" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

# REPORT ON THE COMPANY (AUDITOR'S REPORT) ORDER, 2020 ("THE ORDER"), UNDER CLAUSE (i) OF SUB-SECTION (11) OF SECTION 143 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 (the ACT)

(Referred to in Paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date to the members of IFCI FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED on the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2023)

- i. In respect of Property, Plant and Equipment:
  - a)
- A. The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.
- B. The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars and details of Intangible Assets.
- b) Property, Plant and Equipment have been physically verified by the management at reasonable intervals which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
- c) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company does not own any immovable properties. Therefore, the provisions of sub clause (c) of clause (i) of Paragraph 3 of CARO 2020 are not applicable
- d) The Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment or Intangible Assets or both during the year.
- e) As per explanations provided to us, there are no proceedings initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988. Therefore, the provisions of sub clause (e) of clause (i) of Paragraph 3 of CARO 2020 are not applicable.

# ii. <u>In respect of Inventories:</u>

 a) The Company is in the service industry and consequently do not hold any inventory. Therefore, the provisions of sub clause (a) of clause (ii) of Paragraph 3 of CARO 2020 are not applicable



The Company has not been sanctioned any working capital limits in excess of five errore rupees, in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets. Therefore, the provisions of sub clause (b) of clause (ii) of Paragraph 3 of CARO 2020 are not applicable.

- iii. The Company during the current year has not provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. Therefore, the provisions of sub clause (a), (c) to (f) of clause (iii) of Paragraph 3 of CARO 2020 are not applicable. With regard to the investment made by the Company, in our opinion and according to the intimation and explanations given to us the said investments are not prejudicial to the interest of the Company.
- iv. In our opinion the Company has complied with the provisions of section 186 of the Act, with respect to making investments. The Company has not given any loan or guarantee or provided any security to any party covered under Section 185 of the Act.
- In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposit from the public within the meaning of section 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act and the rules framed there under, wherever applicable. Therefore, the provisions of clause (v) of Paragraph 3 of the CARO 2020 are not applicable.
- vi. The Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 for any of the services rendered by the Company. Therefore, the provisions of clause (vi) of Paragraph 3 of CARO 2020 are not applicable.
- vii. In respect of statutory dues:
  - a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the books of accounts, the Company has been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Services Tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Duty of Customs, Duty of Excise, Value Added Tax, cess and any other material statutory dues. Further, there were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of the aforesaid statutory dues in arrears as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2023 for a period of more than six months.
  - b) According to the information and explanations given to us and as per the books of accounts there are no dues of Income Tax or Sales Tax or Service Tax or Duty of Customs or Duty of Excise or Value Added Tax or Goods and Services Tax that have not been deposited as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2023 with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute except as stated below:



SI. No	Name of the Statute	Nature of Dues	Amounts Involved (Rs.)	Period to which the amount relates (Financial Year)	Forum where disputed is pending
1			3,94,229	2011-12	
2	Income Tax	Income Tax	1,28,55,235	2012-13	Commissioner
3	Act, 1961		5,64,346	2014-15	of Income Tax
4			5,22,985	2015-16	(Appeals)
5			12,97,843	2017-18	
6	Income Tax Act, 1961	TDS	1,02,017	Various years	Demand as per Traces

- viii. As per the explanations provided to us, there were no transactions which are not recorded in the books of account that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.
  - ix. With respect of Repayment of loans and other borrowings:
    - a) The Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
    - b) The Company has not been declared as willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.
    - c) The Company has not obtained any Term Loans.
    - d) Based on our examination of the books of the Company, no funds were raised on short term basis which have been utilized for long term purposes.
    - e) The Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates, or joint ventures.
    - f) The Company has not raised any loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures, or associate companies.

Therefore, the provisions of sub clause (a) to (f) of clause (ix) of Paragraph 3 of CARO 2020 are not applicable

- x. With respect to Public Offers and allotment of shares:
  - a) The Company has not raised any moneys by way of Initial Public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments).
  - b) The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partially, or optionally convertible) during the year.



Therefore, the provisions of sub clause (a) & (b) of clause (x) of Paragraph 3 of CARO 2020 are not applicable.

- xi. With respect to Fraud:
  - a) No material fraud by the Company or any fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.
  - b) There are no reports filed under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.

c) There were no whistle-blower complaints received during the year by the Company. Therefore, the provisions of sub clause (a) to (c) of clause (xi) of Paragraph 3 of CARO 2020 are not applicable

- xii. In our opinion, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Hence, reporting under sub clause (a) to(c) of clause (xii) of Paragraph 3 of CARO 2020 is not applicable to the Company.
- xiii. In our opinion, the Company is in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, where applicable, for all transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in Note 31 to the standalone financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv. Since neither the paid up share capital is greater than rupees fifty crores during the previous financial year nor the turnover is greater than rupees two hundred crores during previous financial year nor outstanding loans/borrowings from banks/public financial institutions is greater or equal to one hundred crore rupees at any time during the previous financial year nor outstanding deposits is greater or equal to twenty five crore rupees at any time during the previous financial year, the Company is not required have an internal audit system which commensurate with the size and nature of its business. Therefore, reporting under sub clause (a) & (b) of clause (xiv) of Paragraph 3 of CARO 2020 is not required.
- xv. The Company has not entered in any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with them. Therefore, reporting under clause (xv) of Paragraph 3 of CARO 2020 is not required.
- xvi. The Company is not a Non-Banking Finance Company; and is not required to register under section 45-IA of Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Therefore, the reporting of sub clause (a) to (d) of clause (xvi) of Paragraph 3 of CARO 2020 are not applicable.



- xvii. The Company has incurred a cash loss of Rs. 1.35.75.456 during the financial year. However, the Company has not incurred any cash losses during the immediately preceding financial year.
- xviii. There has not been any change in Statutory Auditors during the year. Therefore, reporting under clause (xviii) of Paragraph 3 of CARO 2020 is not required.
- xix. On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the standalone financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- xx. Since the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 is not applicable to the Company, the reporting under sub clause (a) and (b) of clause (xx) of Paragraph 3 of the CARO 2020 are not applicable.
- xxi. Since the Company is preparing consolidated financial statement, the reporting of clause (xxi) of Paragraph 3 of the CARO 2020 are done in the independent auditors report on consolidated financial statements.



Place: Chennai Date: 12<sup>th</sup> May 2023 For S. Venkatram & Co LLP Chartered Accountants FRN. No. 004656S/S200095

-V-Rollar

R. Vaidyanathan Partner M.No. 018953 UDIN:230184538649J6E8486

## ANNEXURE "2" to INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

# REPORT ON THE DIRECTIONS ISSUED BY THE COMPTROLLER AND AUDITOR GENERAL OF INDIA UNDER SECTION 143(5) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

(Referred to in Paragraph 2 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date to the members of IFCI FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED on the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2023)

S.No.	GENERAL DIRECTIONS	AUDITOR'S COMMENT
Ι.	Whether the company has system in place to process all the accounting transactions through IT system? If yes, the implications of processing of accounting transactions outside IT system on the integrity of the accounts along with the financial implications, if any, may be stated.	The Company has a system in place to process all the accounting transactions through its IT systems with the support of accounting software – LIDHA DIDHA (LD) and Tally accounting software. The main activity is accounting for brokerage income earned from clients trading in equities and derivatives which are updated on a daily basis based on the trades carried through the exchange with the support of file / data shared by the exchanges. In respect of payroll related data, based on the files received from payroll department entries are uploaded periodically / monthly in the respective ledger accounts in the accounting software. Other administrative and routine entries are passed through the accounting software with appropriate menu-based operations. Based on the verification carried out by us during the course of our audit we have not come across any discrepancies in processing of accounting transactions outside the IT systems which has a significant implications on the integrity of accounts.



2.	Whether there is any restructuring of any existing loan or cases of waiver / write off of debts / loans / interest, etc. made by a lender to the company due to company's inability to repay the loan? If yes, the financial impact may be stated.	As per the information and explanations given to us the Company has not made any borrowings where there was any restricting of loans or waiver of loans.
3.	Whether funds received / receivable for specific schemes from Central / State Government or its agencies were properly accounted for / utilized as per its terms and conditions? List the cases of deviation.	As per the information and explanations given to us the Company has neither received any funds nor is receivable for specific schemes from Central / State Government or its agencies.



For S. Venkatram & Co LLP Chartered Accountants FRN. No. 0046568/S200095

Span.

R. Vaidyanathan Partner M.No. 018953 UDIN: 23018953B663J6E8486

Place: Chennai Date: 12<sup>th</sup> May 2023



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## **ANNEXURE "3" to INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

# REPORT ON THE INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS with reference to STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS UNDER CLAUSE (i) OF SUBSECTION 3 OF SECTION 143 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 ("the Act")

(Referred to Point f in Paragraph 3 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date to the members of IFCI FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED on the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2023.)

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements of **IFCI FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED** as of 31<sup>st</sup> March 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended on that date.

## Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements based on the criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of Internal Control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Controls over Financial Reporting issued by Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

## Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act and the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note"), to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate

ATRAM No 218 internal financial controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system with reference to Standalone Financial Statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements includes obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system with reference to Standalone Financial Statements.

## Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements

A company's internal financial control with reference to Standalone Financial Statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Standalone Financial Statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control with reference to Standalone Financial Statements includes those policies and procedures that:

- Pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company.
- (2) Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Standalone Financial Statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and
- (3) Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

# Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls,

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material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to Standalone Financial Statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

## Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system with reference to Standalone Financial Statements and such internal financial controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements were operating effectively as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2023, based on the internal controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.



Place: Chennai Date:12<sup>th</sup> May 2023 For S. Venkatram & Co LLP Chartered Accountants FRN. No. 0046568/S200095

R. Vaidyanathan

R. Valyyanathan Partner M.No. 018953 UDIN: 230 18953B69 JGE8486

## IFCI Financial Services Limited

Balance Sleet as at March 31, 2023 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

	Note	March 31, 2023	March 31, 202
ASSETS			
L Non-Current assets			
(a) Property, Plant and Equipment	2	73,03,963	68,33,74
(b) Other Intangible Assets	3	26,39,348	29,34,75.
(c) Financial Assets			
- Investments	4	36,14,54,063	38,52,23,063
- Other Financial Assets	5	1,24,85,912	11,92,08,97;
(d) Other Non-Current Assets	6	3,77,29,808	4,03,15,631
Total Non-Current Assets		42,16,13,094	55,45,16,163
2. Current assets			
(a) Financial Assets			
- Investments	7		54,830
- Trade Receivables	8	1,77,64,647	4,99,43,512
- Cash and Cash equivalents	9	8,24,24,524	10.23.13.097
- Bank balances other than above	10	17.69.31.303	8,70,19,081
- Other Financial Assets	5	13,41,27,301	19,64,00,947
(b) Other Current Assets	11	2,10,18,058	1,47,78,382
Total Current Assets		43,22,65,833	45,05,09,849
Total Assets		85,38,78,927	1,00,50,26,012
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
(a) Equity Share Capital	12	41,53,37,090	41,53,37,090
(b) Other Equity	1.2	24.88,70,226	29,18,06,683
Fotal Equity		66,42,07,316	70,71,43,773
Liabilities			
I. Non-Current Liabilities			
a) Financial Liabilities			
- Other Financial Liability	13	37,14,106	39,43,726
b) Provisions	16	72,17,823	65,07,738
c) Deferred Tax Liabilities (ner)			-
Fotal Non-Current Liabilities		1,09,31,989	1,04,51,464
. Current Liabilities			
a) Financial Liabilities			
- Trade Payables	14		
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises			
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small			
enterprises		16,81,75,666	27,58,25,994
- Other Financial Liabilities	13	17,21,596	13,19,076
b) Other Current Liabilities	15	82,66,180	95,76,817
z) Provisions	16	5,76,180	7,08,887
'otal Current Liabilities		17,87,39,622	28,74.30,774
otal Equity and Liabilities		85,38,78,927	1,00,50,26,012

As per our attached Report of even date For S. VENKATRAM & CO. LLP **Chartered** Accountants Firm Regd No.0946565/ S200095 N

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No.218, TTK Road,

Alwarpet,

Chennai-18

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R. Vaidyanathan Partner

M.No: 018953

Place : Chennai Date: May 12, 2023 for and on behalf of the Board of Directors of IFCI Financial Services Limited CIN: U74899DL1995GO1061034

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S Karpagari 1 Managing Director DIN: 09755388

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PragramShree Company Secretary M.No : A51395

Place: Chennai Date: May 12, 2023

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Atul Saxena Noutince Director DIN: 02698585

A V Puthparaj Chief Financial Officer

#### **IFCI Financial Services Limited**

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stared)

	Notes	March 31, 2023	March 31, 202
Revenue from Operation	17	13,55,74,506	16,85,39,967
Other Income	18	2,38,05,652	4,01,34,981
Total Income		15,93,80,158	20,86,74,948
Expenses			
Operational Expense	19	4,79,47,839	6,19,22,806
Employee Benefit Expenses	20	7,44,86,406	7,53,54,279
Finance Costs	21	51,480	9,67,038
Depreciation and Amortisation Expense	22	16,52,564	9,56,773
Other Expenses	23	4,57,62,334	4,36,66,069
Impairment on Financial Instruments (including Bad Debts written off)	24	39,39,437	1,50,98,119
Impairment of Investment in Subsidiary Companies	4	2,37,69,000	-
Total Expenses		19,76,09,060	19,79,75,084
Profit/(Loss) before exceptional item and Tax		(3,82,28,902)	1,06,99,864
Profit/(Loss) before Income Tax Expense		(3,82,28,902)	1,06,99,864
Current Tax			
Deferred Tax			
Income Tax Expense			
Profit(Loss) after Tax		(3,82,28,902)	1,06,99,864
Other Comprehensive Income			
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
Remeasurements of Defined Benefit Liability (Asset)		(12.02.555)	00 14 000
income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		(47,07,555)	28,14,083
Net other comprehensive income not to be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss		(47,07,555)	28,14,083
tems that will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
Other Comprehensive Income for the year, net of income tax expense	-	(47,07,555)	-
Total Comprehensive Income		(4,29,36,457)	28,14,083 1,35,13,947
Carnings per Share	13.95		
Basic and diluted earnings per share (in ₹)	25	(0.92)	0.26
The Significant accounting policies and Notes to Accounts are an integral part of these final	ncial statements		

As per our attached Report of even date For S. VENKATRAM & CO. LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Regd No.004656S/ S200095

Vro R. Vantyanathan Partner M.No: 018953



Place : Chennai Date: May 12, 2023 for and on behalf of the Board of Directors of IFCI Financial Services Limited CIN: U74899DL 1995GO1064034

S. Icop S Karpagam Managing Director DIN: 09755388

full Pragator Shree Company Secretary

M.No: A51395

Place: Chennai Date: May 12, 2023

no Atul Saxena Nominee Director

DIN: 02698585

V Pushparaj Chief Financial Officer

**IFCI** Financial Services Limited Cash flow statement for the year ended March 31, 2023 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

		March 31, 2023	March 31, 202
Cash flow from operating activities			
Net Profit / (Loss) before Tax		(3,82,28,902)	1,06,99,864
Adjustments for:-			
Depreciation		16,52,564	9,66,77
Finance Costs		51,480	9,67,031
Fair value change in Investment		51,400	(1,85)
Net Gain on Sale of Investments		(2,092)	[1,0.5.
Interest income		(90.12.955)	(85,19,73)
Impairment of Receivables		39,39,437	(37,84,13
Impairment of Investment		2,37,69,000	(37,04,13
Remeasurements of Defined Benefit Liability		(47,07,555)	28,14,08
Profit on Sale of Fixed assets		(47,07,555)	
Loss on scrapped asset			(1,12,493
Loss on scrapped asset Operating Cash Flow before Working Capital Changes		(2.26.20.022)	20.20.64
		(2,25,39,023)	30,29,54
Adjustments for:		2.02.24.400	100 51 50
(Increase) / Decrease in Trade Receivables		2,82,39,428	(90,51,78
(Increase) / Decrease in Other current Assets		(62,39,676)	(52,95,53
Increase / (Decrease) in Trade Payable		(10,76,50,328)	3,16,91,974
Increase / (Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities		(13,10,637)	66,09,903
Increase / (Decrease) in Provisions		5,77,378	(16.98,19)
(Increase) / Decrease in Financial Asset		7,01,81,372	(3,00,38,72)
Increase / (Decrease) in Financial Liability	1211	1,72,960	(6,86,479
Cash generated from Operating Activities		(3,85,68,527)	(54,39,29)
Income Taxes Paid (Net of Refunds)		(15,15,236)	(19,66,93:
Net Cash from Operating Activities	(A)	(4,00,83,763)	(74,06,228
Cash Flow from Investing Activities			
Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment		(18,27,377)	(47,44,140
Purchase of Intangible Assets			(15,56,840
Sale of Fixed Assets		2	1,15,79
(Increase) / Decrease in Fixed Deposits		89,03,111	69,02,714
Sale of Current Investment		56,922	((
Gratuity Fund Asset		41.01.059	(20,43,874
Interest received		90,12,955	85,19,732
Net Cash used in Investing Activities	(B)	2,02,46,670	71,93,387
Contraction and the second	(2)	2,02, 10,070	110000
Cash flow from Financing Activities			
Receipt of short-term borrowings			7,00,00,000
Repayment of short-term borrowings			(7,00,00,000
Interest Expense		(51,480)	(9,67,038
Net Cash from Financing Activities	(C)	(51,480)	(9,67,038
Net Increase/ (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	$(\mathbf{A} + \mathbf{B} + \mathbf{C})$	(1,98,88,573)	(11,79,879
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year	Carrier 1991	10,23,13,097	10,34,92,97
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year		8,24,24,524	10,23,13,09
	50 C23		
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents as per the Cash Flow Statement		0.0110.017	10.33.13.55
Balance with Banks in Current Accounts		8,24,19,237	10,23,12,759
Cash on Hand		5,287	335
	5211731	8,24,24,524	10,23,13,097

As per our attached Report of even date For S. VENKATRAM & CO. LLP **Chartered Accountants** Firm Regd No.004656S/ S200095

No R. Vaidyanathan Partner

M.No: 018953

TRAME No.218. TTK Road, Alwarpet, Chennai-18 Pred Accou

Place : Chennai Date: May 12, 2023 for and on behalf of the Board of Directors of IFCI Financial Services Limited CIN: U74899DL1995GOI064034

S.K. S Karpagam Managing Director

DIN: 09755388

120gyand Pragyan Shree **Company Secretary** M.No : A51395

Place: Chennai Date: May 12, 2023

Atul Saxena Nominee Director

DIN: 02698585

A V Pushparaj

Chief Financial Officer

Statements of Changes in Equity for the year ended March 31, 2023 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated) IFCI Financial Services Limited

Restated ba ance at the beginning of the reporting period, April 01, 2021 Balance at the beginning of the reporting period, April 01, 2021 Changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors Other Comprehensive Income (net of tax) Balance as at March 31, 2022 Profit or Loss for the period

Clanges in :quity share capital due to prior period errors Restarce balance at the beginning of the reporting period. April 01, 2022 Balance at the beginning of the reporting period, April 01, 2022 Other Comprehensive Income (net of tax) Balance as at March 31, 2023 Profit or Loss for the period

**Reserves and Surplus** 

Equity Share capital	Securities Premium Reserve	General Reserve	Amalgamation Reserve	Retained Earnings	Total
41,53,37,090	45.16,43,790	91,79,620	01,63,970	(19.22.94.644)	968 96 98 69
1					Note that would be have a
41,53,37,090	45,16,43,790	91,79,620	97,63.970	(19.22.94.644)	69.36.29.826
*	•	,		1.06,99,864	1,06,99,864
41,53,37,090	45,16,43,790	91,79,620	97,63.970	(17,87,80,697)	70,43,29,690
41,53,37,090	45,16,43,790	91,79,620	97,63,970	(17,87,80,697)	70,43,29,690
41,53,37,090	45,16,43,790	91,79,620	97,63,970	(17,87,80,697) (3,82,28,902)	70,71,43,772.99 (3,82,28,902)
41,53,37,090	45,16,43,790	91,79,620	97,63,970	(222,17,17,154)	(47,07,555)

The Significant accounting policies and Notes to Accounts are an integral part of these financial statements

As per our attached Report of even date For S. VENKATRAM & CO. LLP Firm Regd No.004656S/ S200095 Charlered Accountants

may row N, R. Vadyanithan

M.No: 018953 Partner



Date: May [2, 2023 Place : Chennai

for and on behalf of the Board of Directors of **IFCI Financial Services Limited** CIN: U74899DL1995GOI064034

Inel S Karpagam -Managing Director DIN: 09755388 à S. It

Company Secretary (Amohbors) ragsan Shree

M.No: A51395 Place: Chennai

Date: May 12, 2023

Nominee Director we Atul Saxena

DIN: 02698585

A V Pushparaj Chief Financial Officer

## **IFCI Financial Services Limited**

Notes to the financial statements

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

#### 1 Significant Accounting Policies

#### A Reporting Entity

IFCI Financial Services Limited (IFIN) was incorporated on June 04, 1995, by IFCI Ltd., to provide a wide range of financial products and services to investors, institutional and retail. IFIN is primarily involved in Steck Broking, Investment Banking, Mutual Fund Distribution & Advisory Services, Depository Participant Services, Insurance Products Distribution and the like. The Company is a SEBI registered Stock Broker of National Stock Exchange of India Ltd (NSE), Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE) and Multi Commedity Stock Exchange (MCX-SX) and a Depository Participant with National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) and Central Depository Services Limited (CDSL) and is primarily engaged in the business of providing securities market related transaction services. The Company is also a registered Merchant Bauker Category I

#### **B** Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

This note provides a list of the significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### a) Basis of Preparation

#### (i) Statement of Compliance

The Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2023 have been prepared by the Company in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with relevant rules of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015.

For periods up to and including the year ended March 31, 2018, the Company presented its financial statements on accrual basis under historical cost convention, and conform in all material aspects to the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in India ('Indian GAAP' or 'previous GAAP') which encompasses applicable accounting standards relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

The financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023 are the fifth financial statements of the Company prepared under Ind AS and the date of transition to the Ind AS was April 1,2017.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on May 12, 2023.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with historical cost basis, except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values, as explained in the accounting policies.

### (ii) Functional and Presentation Currency

These financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees  $(\bar{s})$ , which is the Company's functional and presentation currency. All amounts are rounded off to the nearest two decimal, except when otherwise indicated.

### (iii) Use of Estimates and Judgment

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions. These estimates, judgments and assumptions affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Accounting estimates could change from period to period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as management becomes aware of changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Changes in estimates are reflected in the financial statements in the period in which changes are made and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised prospectively.

### (iv) Cash Flow Statement

Cash flow statement is prepared in accordance with the indirect method prescribed in Ind AS 7 'Statement of Cash Flows'

Cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value

#### (v) Measurement of Fair Values

A number of the Company's accounting policies and disclosures require the measurement of fair values, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities.

Fair values are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows. - Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

- Level 3; inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company uses observable market data as far as possible. If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

The Company recognises transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.



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## IFCI Financial Services Limited

Notes to the financial statements (All amounts are in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

## b) Financial Instruments

## (i) Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

A financial asset or financial liability is initially measured at fair value except for trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component, which are measured at transaction price. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL)) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition.

## (ii) Classification and Subsequent Measurement

Financial Assets

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified and measured at

- Amortised Cost;

- FVOCI: or

- FVTPL

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition, except if and in the period the Company changes its business model for managing financial assets.

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and

- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

All financial assets not classified as measured at amortised cost or FVOCI as described above are measured at FVTPL. This includes all derivative financial assets. On initial recognition, the Company may irrevocably designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortised cost or at FVOCI as at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

Financial Assets: Subsequent measurement and gains and losses

Financial assets at FVTPL	These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gams and losses, including any interest or dividend income, are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss.
Financial assets at amortised cost	These assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The amortised cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss. Any gain or loss or derecognition is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss.
FYOCI	These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income under the effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in Statemen of Profit and Loss. Other net gains and losses are recognised in OCI and are not reclassified to profit or loss.

Financial Liabilities: Classification, subsequent measurement and gains and losses

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortised cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held-fortrading, or it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss. Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognised in Statement of Profit or Loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is also recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### (iii) Derecognition

Financial Assets

The Company derecognises a financial asset when :

- the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or

- the company transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and does not retain control of the financial asset.

If the Company enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognised on its balance sheet, but retains either all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred assets, the transferred assets are not derecognised.

## Financial Liabilities

The Company derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expired.

The Company also derecognises a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows under the modified terms are substantially different. In this case, a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognised at fair value. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished and the new financial liability with modified terms is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss.



#### **IFCI Financial Services Limited**

#### Notes to the financial statements

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

#### (iv) Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the balance sheet when, and only when, the Company currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### c) Investments

Investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates are accounted for at cost in the financial statements and the same are tested for impairment in case of any indication of impairment.

#### Other Investments:

All equity investments in scope of Ind AS 109 (i.e. other than equity investments in subsidiaries / associates / joint ventures) are measured at FVTPL.

Subsequently, these are measured at fair value and changes therein, are recognised in profit and loss account. However on initial recognition of an equity instrument that is not held for trading, the Company may increably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value in OCI. This election is made on an investment by investment basis.

#### d) Property, Plant and Equipment

#### (i) Recognition and Measurement

Property, Plant and Equipment are stated at cost (cost is inclusive of inward freight, duties and taxes and incidental expenses related to acquisition including applicable borrowing costs for qualifying assets) and is net of accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any.

Cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates, any directly attributable cost of bringing the item to its working condition for its intended use and estimated costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, then they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### (ii) Subsequent Expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company.

#### (iii) Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated on cost of items of property, plant and equipment less their estimated residual values over their estimated useful lives using straight-line method and is generally recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Residual value in respect of assets is considered as 5% of the cost for computing depreciation.

The estimated useful lives of items of property, plant and equipment for the current and comparative periods are as follows:

Asset	Useful life (in years)
Computer equipment's and accessories	3
Servers	6
Office equipment's	5
Motor Vehicles	10
Furniture and fittings	10

Depreciation on additions (disposals) is provided on a pro-rata basis i.e. from (up to) the month in which asset is disposed of,

#### (iv) Derecognition

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### c) Other Intangible Assets

#### (i) Recognition and Measurement

Other intangible assets are initially measured at cost. Such intangibles are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

#### (ii) Subsequent Expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates. All other expenditure on internally generated intangibles is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss as incurred.


(All amounts are in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

#### (iii) Amortization

Amortisation is calculated to write off the cost of intangible assets over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method, and is included in depreciation and amortisation in Statement of Profit and Loss.

The estimated useful lives are as follows:	Useful life (in years)
Assets	6
Computer Software	5
Non compete fees	,

Amortisation method, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at the end of each financial year, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

#### f) Impairment

## (i) Impairment of Financial Instruments

The Company recognizes loss allowances for expected credit losses on financial assets measured at amortized cost and FVOCI. At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether financial assets carried at amortized cost are credit - impaired. A financial asset is 'credit - impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

Impairment loss is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive (i.e. all cash shortfalls). The Company estimates each flows by considering all contractual terms of the financial instrument through the expected life of that financial instrument.

The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on trade receivables which do not contain a significant financing component. The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime impairment pattern at each balance sheet date, right from its initial recognition.

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortized cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets. The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off (either partially or in full) to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Company determines that the debtor does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write-off. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities in order to comply with the Company's procedures for recovery of amounts due.

## (ii) Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated and an impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or Cash Generating Unit (CGU) exceeds its estimated recoverable amount in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

The Company's non-financial assets and deferred tax assets, are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. For impairment testing, assets that do not generate independent cash inflows are grouped together into CGUs. Each CGU represents the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or CGUs. Impairment loss recognised in respect of a CGU is allocated to reduce the carrying amounts of the assets of the CGU (or group of CGUs) on a pro rata basis.

In respect of assets for which impairment loss has been recognised in prior periods, the Company reviews at each reporting date whether there is any indication that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. Such a reversal is made only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

## g) Employee Benefits

## (i) Short-term Employee Benefits

Short-term employee benefit obligations are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid e.g., under short-term cash bonus, if the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee, and the amount of obligation can be estimated reliably.

#### (ii) Provident Fund

Employees receive benefits from a provident fund, which is a defined contribution plan. Both the employee and the Company make monthly contributions to the Regional Provident Fund equal to a specified percentage of the covered employee's salary. The Company recognizes contribution payable to the provident fund scheme as an expenditure, when an employee renders the related service. The Company has no further obligations under the plan beyond its monthly contributions. The contributions are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss of the year when the contributions to the respective funds are due and there are no other obligations other than the contribution payable.

#### (iii) Gratuity

The Company provides for gratuity in accordance with the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972, a defined benefit retirement plan (the Plan) covering all employees. The plan, subject to the provisions of the above Act, provides a lump sum payment to eligible employees at retirement, death, incapacitation or termination of employment, of an amount based on the respective employee's salary and the tenure of employment. The gratuity Scheme is operated through Group gratuity Scheme of LIC. Gratuity liability is accrued and provided for on the basis of an actuarial valuation on projected unit credit method made at the end of each financial period. Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability, which comprise actuarial gains and losses, the return on plan assets (excluding interest) and the effect of the asset ceiling (if any, excluding interest), are recognised in OCI.



Notes to the financial statements (All amounts are in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

#### (iv) Compensated Absences

The policy provides for that an employee is entitled to 24 days of earned leave per year and maximum of 30 days leave subject to availability of Annual Leave standing to the credit of the employee at any time during the year will be paid as leave salary calculated on the Gross component. The expenses on account thus arising are recognized in the profit and loss account.

Provision for long-term compensated absences is accrued and provided for on the basis of actuarial valuation made at the end of each financial period. The actuarial valuation is done as per projected unit credit method. Short-term encashment of accumulated leave balances are accounted for in the year in which the leave balances are credited to employees on actual basis.

## h) Provisions (other than for employee benefits) and Contingent Liabilities

A provision is recognised if, as a result of a past event, the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows (representing the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the balance sheet date) at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as finance cost. Expected future operating losses are not provided for.

#### **Contingent Liabilities**

Contingent liabilities are recognized only when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, due to occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events, not wholly within the control of the Company, or where any present obligation cannot be measured in terms of future outflow of resources, or where a reliable estimate of the obligation cannot be made. Obligations are assessed on an ongoing basis and only those having a largely probable outflow of resources are provided for.

#### i) Revenue Recognition

(i) Brokerage income is recognized on the trade date of the transaction upon confirmation of the transactions by the exchanges.

(ii) Loan Syndication Fees are recognised when the right to receive the income is established.

(iii) Depository Services incomes are recognised on the basis of agreements entered into with clients and when the right to receive the income is established.

(iv) Insurance Commission from Agency business is booked upon actual receipt of commission from the principal.

(v) Commission from selling of mutual funds is accounted on receipt basis.

(vi) Recovery from bad debts written off is recognised as income on the basis of actual realisation from customers.

(vii) Dividends declared by the respective Companies till the close of the accounting period are accounted for as income when the right to receive the dividend is established.

(viii) Interest income from financial assets is recognised on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the rate applicable.

(ix) All other income are recognized on an accrual basis, when there is no uncertainty in the ultimate realization/ collection.

#### j) Leases

The Company has applied Ind AS 116 (as notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs on 30th March 2019) that is effective for annual periods that begin on or after 01st April 2019. Ind AS 116 'Leases' replaces Ind AS 17 'Leases. The new Standard has been applied by the Company using the modified retrospective approach, with the cumulative effect of adopting Ind AS 116 being recognized in equity as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings for the current period. Prior periods have not been restated.

All leases are accounted for by recognizing a right-of-use asset and a lease liability except for

a. Leases of low value assets; and

b. Leases with a duration of 12 months or less

Lease liabilities are measured at the present value of the contractual payments due to the lessor over the lease term, with the discount rate determined by reference to the rate inherent in the lease unless (as is typically the case) this is not readily determinable, in which case the Company's incremental borrowing rate on commencement of the lease is used

The right-of use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

#### k) Income Tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. It is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination or to an item recognised directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

#### (i) Current Tax

Current tax comprises the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. The amount of current tax reflects the best estimate of the tax amount expected to be paid or received after considering the uncertainty, if any, related to income taxes. It is measured using tax rates (and tax laws) enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset only if there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts, and it is intended to realise the asset and settle the liability on a net basis or simultaneously.



#### Notes to the financial statements

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

#### (ii) Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the corresponding amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is also recognised in respect of carried forward tax losses and tax credits. Deferred tax is not recognised for temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss at the time of the transaction.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used. The existence of unused tax losses is strong evidence that future taxable profit may not be available. Therefore, in case of a history of recent losses, the Company recognises a deferred tax asset only to the extent that it has sufficient taxable temporary differences or there is convincing other evidence that sufficient taxable profit will be available against which such deferred tax asset can be realised. Deferred tax assets - unrecognised or recognised, are reviewed at each reporting date and are recognised/ reduced to the extent that it is probable/ no longer probable respectively that the related tax benefit will be realised.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

The measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity, or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realised simultaneously.

#### Earnings per Share D

## (i) Basic earnings per share

- Basic carnings per share is calculated by dividing:
- the profit attributable to owners of the Company
- by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the financial year, excluding treasury shares

#### (ii) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account:

- the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential equity shares, and

- the weighted average number of additional equity shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

## m) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent comprise of cash on hand and at banks including short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Other bank deposits which are not in the nature of cash and cash equivalents with a maturity period of more than three months are classified as bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents.

## n) Bank balances other than Cash and Cash equivalents

Other bank deposits which are not in the nature of eash and eash equivalents with a maturity period of more than three months are classified as bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents.

Fixed Deposits with amaturity period of more than 12 Months are classified under Other financial asset (Non current)



onciliation of Carrying Amount	Computer Equipments and Accessories	Furniture & Fixtures	Office Equipments	Total
ss Carrying Amount				
ance as at April 1, 2021	3,93,14,177	56,77,766	1,20,04,643	5,69,96,586
litions	45,82,211	1,61,929		47,44,140
oosals	(1,54,427)	(75,128)	(68,295)	(2.97,850)
ance as at March 31, 2022	4,37,41,961	57,64,567	1,19,36,349	6,14,42,876
litions	18,27,377	4		18,27,377
posals	•		•	
ance as at March 31, 2023	4,55,69,338	57,64,567	1,19,36,349	6,32,70,253
umulated Depreciation and Impairment Losses				
	3,78,07,982	54,44,719	1,07,92,078	5,40,44,779
reciation	6,34,665	10,322	2,13,918	8,58,905
posals	(1,54,427)	(73,128)	(66,997)	(2,94,552)
ance as at March 31, 2022	3,82,88,219	53,81,913	1,09,38,999	5,46,09,132
sreciation	11,34,136	6,940	2,16,083	13,57,159
posals	•	1	3	•
ance as at March 31, 2023	3,94,22,356	53,88,854	1,11,55,081	5,59,66,291
rrying Amounts (net)				
March 31, 2023	61,46,982	3,75,713	7,81,267	73,03,963
March 31, 2022	54,53,741	3,82,653	9,97,350	68,33,744
			No 218. O	XX
			Chennal 19 19	

Notes to the financial statements (All amounts are in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated) **IFCI Financial Services Limited** 

2 Property, Plant and Equipment

Recon

Gross Balanc Additi Dispos Balan Additi Dispos Balan

Accur Balanc Depred Dispos Balan Depred Dispos Balan

Carry At M: At M:

Notes to the financial statements (All amounts are in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

## **3** Other Intangible Assets

4

Reconciliation of Carrying Amount	-	Computer Software	Others - Non compete fees	Total
Gross Carrying Amount				
Balance as at April 1, 2021		3,29,31,175	1,00,00,000	4,29,31,175
Additions		15,56,840	-	15,56,840
Balance as at March 31, 2022	-	3,44,88,015	1,00,00,000	4,44,88,015
Additions	-	-	-	
Balance as at March 31, 2023		3,44,88,015	1,00,00,000	4,44,88,015
Accumulated Amortisation and Impairment Losses				
Balance as at April 1, 2021		3,14,45,393	1,00,00,000	4,14,45,393
Amortisation for the year	-	1,07,868		1,07,868
Balance as at March 31, 2022		3,15,53,262	1,00,00,000	4,15,53,262
Amortisation for the year		2,95,405	-	2,95,405
Balance as at March 31, 2023	-	3,18,48,667	1,00,00,000	4,18,48,667
Carrying Amounts (net)				
As at March 31, 2023		26,39,348	-	26,39,348
As at March 31, 2022		29,34,753	-	29,34,753
Investment - Non-Current	Units	As nt March 31, 2023	Units	As at March 31, 2022
-	Units	March Jr, www.	Carto	
Investment measured at cost In Equity Shares of Subsidiary Companies				
Unquoted, fully paid up				
IFIN Commodities Limited (Face Value ₹ 10/-)	50,00,000	5,00,00,000	50,00,000	5,00,00,000
IFIN Credit Limited (Face Value ₹ 10/-)	25,00,000	2,79,00,000	25,00,000	2,79,00,000
IFIN Securities Finance Limited (Face Value ₹ 100/-)	30,01,000	30,73,23,063	30,01,000	30,73,23,063
Less: Allowance for Impairment*		(2,37,69,000)		858
Total		36,14,54,063	-	38,52,23,063

\* During the year ended 31st March 2023 the Company has reviewed the test of impairment for investment in Subsidiary Companies and accordingly created an allowance for Impairment in respect of IFIN Commodities Limited amounting to ₹1,57,21,000/- and IFIN Credit Limited amounting to ₹1,57,21,000/- and IFIN Credit Limited amounting to ₹8,000/-.



IFCI Finantial Services Limited Notes to the financial statements (All amounts are in Indian Rupees, wiless otherwise stated)

	As at	Asat
5 Other Financial Assets	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Security Deposits	13.77.12.301	20,78,93,673
Bank deposit accounts (more than 12 months maturity)	48,72,412	10,36,87,745
Rent advances	40,28,300	40,28,300
	14,66,13,213	31,56,09,918
Current *	13,41,27,301	19,64,00,947
Non-Current**	1,24,85,912	11,92,08,972

\* Depasti amounting to ₹ 13,40,50,173 (Previous year - ₹ 15,17,18,173) represents margin money maintained with Exchange

\*\* Non-Current deposit includes fixed deposits aggregating so 7 48,72,412 (Previous Year - 7 10.36,87,745) against which tion has been marked by the banks for meeting the margin and base minimum capital requirements with NSE & RSE for trading in verious portfolios.

6	Other Nan-Current Assets Balance with IT Authorities	3.77.29.808	3,62,14,572
	Fair Value of Plan Asset - Gratuity fund	-	41,01,059
		3,77,29,808	4,03,15,631
7	Investment - Current		
	Investments measured at Fair Value through Profit and Loss (FVTPL)		
	- In Equity Instrument	14	
	- In Mutual Funds*	*	50,509
			50,509
	Less:		
	Increase/Decrease in Fair Value	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4,321
	Total of Investments measured at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss		54,830
	* Investment in Adiwa Birla Sun Life Liquid Fund, NIL (Freesous year 159.795 Units) of Face Value ₹ 100/-	-	
8	Trade Receivables		
	Considered Good Secured		
	Cansidered Good Unsecured	1,77,64,047	4,99,43,512
	Receivables which have significant increase in Credit Risk	6.72,42,637	6,33,03,200
	Credit Impaired	**************************************	
	Less:		
	Allowance for Expected Credit Laze	(6,73,42,637)	(6,33,03,200)
	Net Trade Receivables	1,77,64,647	4,99,43,512

The Company's exposure to credit and currency risks, and loss allowance related to trade receivables are disclosed in Note 27

Trade Receivables ageing schedule 8.1 - Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment as at 31st March 2023:

Particulars	Less than 6 months	6 months-1 Year	1-2 Year	2-3 Year	More than 3 year	Total
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables - Considered good	1,77.36.095	5,279	14.534	*	8,740	1.77.64,647
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - Which have significant increased in credit risk	9,00.220	13,58,753	33,67,385	2,15,133	1,66,45,165	2.24,86,657
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - Credit impaired					-	2
(iv) Disputed Trade receivables -considered good			*			
(v)Disputed Trade Receivables -which have significant increased in credit risk		1915	1		4,47,55,981	4,47,55,981
(vi)Disputed Trade Receivables - Credit impaired						
Total	1,8636,315	13,64,032	33,81,918	2,15,133	6,14,09,885	8,50,07,284,31
Less: Loss Allowance					and the second	(6,72,42,637)
Net Trade Receivables						1,77,64,647

Particulars	Less than 6 months	6 months-1 Year	1-2 Year	2-3 Year	More than 3 year	Total
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables - Considered good	4,66,85,579	31,19,193		*	1,38,740	4,99,43,512
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - Which have significant increased in credit risk	3,45,936	7,48,170	6,32,900	4,28,603	1,63,91,609	1,85,47,220
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - Credit impaired	÷		(a)	041	×	
(iv) Disputed Trade receivables -considered good		162	521	2		52 C
(v)Disputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increased in credit risk		1	1	*	4,47,55,981	4,47,55,981
(vi)Disputed Trade Receivables - Credit impaired				1	-	4
Fotal	4,70,31,515	38,67,362	6,32,900	4,28,605	6,12,86,329	11.32,46,711.83
Less: Loss Allowance						(6,33,03,200)
Net Trade Receivables						4,99,43,512



XT

IFCI Financial Services Limited Notes to the financial tratements All amounts are in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)	Asat March 31, 2623	As at March 31, 2022
9 Cash and Bank Balances		
Cash and Cash Equivalents Balance with banks in current accounts	8,24,19,237 5,287	10,23,12,759 338
Cash on Hand	8.24.24.524	10,23,13,097
10 Bank balances other than Cash and Cash equivalents		
a statistical descention of the second se	17,69,31,303	8,45,19,081
Bank deposit accounts (more than 3 months but less than 12 months maturity) *	20	25,00,000
Balances with banks held as margin money	17,69,31,303	8,70,19,081

\* Bank deposit accounts included fixed deposits with banks aggregating to ₹ 15.63.94.459/- against which lien has been marked by the banks for meeting the margin and base minimum capital requirements with SHCIL, NSCCL, NCL\_MSETL & NSE for trading in various postfolios.

11 Other Current Assets

Employee Advances	26.62.957	1,47,78,382
Balance with Revenue Authorities	2,36,100	5,09,500
Prepaid Expenses	12.21,669	17,99,683
Interest accrued on Deposits	55.76,934	60,69,054
	1,13,20,398	64,00,145

\* Other advances includes a sum of Rs. 25,00,000/- paid to NSE which will be moved to Security deposits under note 5 Other Financial Assets upon confirmation of deposit.









3,809 94.7	3,93,63	94.78%	3.93,63,809
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Shares held by promoters at the end of the year

**IFCI** Limited and Nominees

% holding Number of shares

Particulars of shareholders holding more than 5% shares of a class of shares

equity shares held.

As at 31 March 2022 As at 31 March 2023

% holding

Number of shares

IFCI Limited and Nominees \* \* Holding Company

50,000,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each

12 Equity Share Capital

Authorised

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

IFCI Financial Services Limited Notes to the financial statements

Issued, subscribed and paid-up

41,533,709 equity shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid up

Reconciliation of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period

31 March 2022	50,00,00,000	41,53,37,090	41,53,37,090
31 March 2023	50,00,00,000	41,53,37,090	41,53,37,090
3			

Asat

31 March 2023 Asat

AS at 31 March 2	0123	As at 31 March 2023	2
Number	Amount	Number	Amount

41,53,37,090	•	41 53 37 000
4,15,33,709		4.15.33.709
41,53,37,090	•	41.53.37.090
4,15,33,709		4,15,33,709

41,53,37,090 4,15,33,709 41,53,37	41,53,37,090	4,15,33,709
		1
41,53,37,090 4,15,33,709 41,53,37	41,53,37,090	4,15,33,709

41.53.37,090	4,15,33,709	41,53,37,090	4,15,33,709
41,53,37,090	4,15,33,709	41,53,37,090	4,15,33,709

The Company has a single class of equity shares. Accordingly, all equity shares rank equally with regard to dividends and share in the Company's residual assets on winding up. The equity shares are entitled to receive dividend as declared from time to time. The voting rights of an equity share shareholder on a poll (not on show of hands) are in proportion to his/her/his share of the paid-up equity share capital of the Company. Voting rights cannot be exercised in respect of shares on which any call or other states the paid-up equity share capital of the Company. Voting rights cannot be exercised in respect of shares on which any call or other sums presently payable has not been paid. Failure to pay any amount called up on shares may lead totheir forfeiture.

Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to equity shares

Shares issued during the period As at beginning of the period

Equity shares

At the end of the period

On winding up of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive the residual assets of the Company, remaining after distribution of all preferential amounts, in propertion to the number of

(All amounts are in Indian Ruppes, unless otherwise stated)

	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
13 Other Financial Liabilities		1011
Security deposits collected	37,14,166	39,43,726
Employee Related payables	17,21,596	13,19,076
	54,35,762	52,62,802
Security deposits		
Non-Current	37,14,166	39,43,726
Current	17,21,596	13,19,076
	54,35,762	52,62,802

The Company's exposure to currency and liquidity risks related to the above financial liabilities is disclosed in Note 27.

## 14 Trade and Other Payables

Other Trade Payables	16,81,75,666	27,58,25,994
	16,81,75,666	27,58,25,994

All trade payables are 'Current'.

The Company's exposure to currency and liquidity risks related to trade payables is disclosed in Note 27.

## Trade Payables ageing

14.1 - Outstanding for follo Particulars	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Year	2-3 Year	More than 3 year	Total
MSME		and the second second		(maran Jane)	-
Others	15,92,14,503	26.21.440	36,80,817	26,58,906	16.81,75,660
Disputed dues - MSME	-				-
Disputed dues - Others			÷	-	

Particulars	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Year	2-3 Year	More than 3 year	Total
MSME Others	- 26,59,73,528	21,59,071	- 16,48,718	60,44,677	27,58,25,994
Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed dues - Others		-			-

## 15 Other Current Liabilities

82,66,180	95,76,817
2,06,817	74,839
55,08,941	57,19,275
25,50,422	37,82,703
	25 50 422

\*Expenses payable include expenses towards office maintenance, commission payable to sub brokers and provision for latigation losses.

### 16 Provisions

Provisions for Employee Benefits - Compensated Absences - Gratuity	77,14,416 79,587	72,16,625
Provisions for Taxation		
Provision for Income tax 2022-23		-
	77,94,003	72,16,625
Non-Current	72,17,823	65,07,738
Current	5,76,180	7,08,887
N. MALENIN	77.94.003	72.16.625

For details about the related employee benefit expenses, see Note 20.



## Notes to the financial statements (All amounts are in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

111 a.	mounts are in Indian Rupees, uniess omerwise subery	Period from April 01, 2022 to March 31, 2023	Period from April 01, 2021 to March 31, 2022
17 1	Revenue from Operation		
	Destances On Stock Draking	10,68,55,958	12,99,39,847
	Brokerage On Stock Broking Commission On Mutual Fund	1,06,11,249	1,95,37,741
		80,50,535	1,07,48,931
	Depository Income	32,78,000	11,75,000
	Merchant Banking & Valuation Fees	1,26,600	1,84,350
	Account Opening Charges	99.144	1,91,065
	Commission from Insurance Companies	99.144	36,654
(	Commission From ISFL Sharing	12,90,21,486	16,18,13,588
	Other Operational Income		
	Delayed Payment Interest	65,53,020	67,26,380
10	Denyeu Fayment increase	13,55,74,506	16,85,39,967
18	Other Income		
	Interest Income	90,12,955	85,19,732
	Miscellaneous Income	87,60,364	78,99,274
1.1	Recovery of Deposits written off	27,00,000	-
	Deputation Income	26,00,875	27,73,180
	Rental Income	7,29,365	19,46,196
	Profit on Sale of Investments	2,092	-
	Profit on Sale of Fixed assets		1,12,493
	Net gain on fair value changes		1,852
	Reversal of impairment provision on receivable	-	1,88,82,254
	Reversal of impairment provision on receivable	2,38,05,652	4,01,34,981
19	Operational Expense		
	Commission Paid	3,94,13,007	5,21,32,347
	Information Technology Exp	30,76,422	36,75,803
	Data Feed Charges	22,32,897	20,59,681
		6,52,696	17,18,036
	Fees To Clearing Member	9,64,458	11,94,763
	DP Expenses	12,63,330	10,84,575
	Membership Fee	3,45,028	57,600
	Broking Stamp Expenses	4,79,47,839	6,19,22,806
20	Employee Benefits Expense		
	Salaries, Wages and Bonus	6,68,52,058	6,76,91,131
	Contribution to Provident Fund and Other Funds	39,98,504	43,43,352
		6,18,398	11,27,057
	Gratuity	30,17,446	21,92,739
	Staff Welfare Expense	7,44,86,406	7,53,54,279
21	Finance costs		
	Bank Guarantee Commission Expense		8,84,079
	Bank Charges	28,466	
	Interest on Loan	23,014	21211-100110-000
		51,480	9,67,038
22	Depreciation and Amortisation Expense		
	and the second second second	13,57,159	8,58,905
	Depreciation of Property, Plant and Equipment	2,95,405	
			606,101
	Amortisation of Intangible Assets	16,52,564	and the second se



Notes to the financial statements (All amounts are in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

		Period from April 01, 2022 to March 31, 2023	Period from April 01, 2021 to March 31, 2022
23	Other Expenses		
	Rent	1,72,81,220	1,79,79,329
	Office Maintenance	54,12,355	53,86,760
	Electricity Charges	38,65.595	33,02,618
	Telephone Expenses	37,01,602	33,51,584
	Professional Charges	32,28,441	35,78,798
	Annual Maintenance Charges	32,13,481	41,03,328
	Insurance Expenses	23,39,556	12,45,540
	Fines and Penalties	13,93,922	100 mil
		10,77,500	11,05,000
	Audit Fees	9,15,261	6,59,058
	Travelling & Conveyance Exp	8.68.304	8,42,808
	Printing & Stationery	5,54,220	1,20,396
	Training Expenses	4,44,654	5,16,286
	Other Administrative Expenses	4,14,000	3,84,000
	Sitting Fers	3,22,781	-
	Litigation Losses	2,88,672	4,77,614
	Postage & Telegram	2,59,647	4,19,115
	Repairs & Maintenance	1,12,293	1,54,498
	Rates & Taxes	68.831	39,337
	Advertisement	4,57,62,334	4,36,66,069
	Payments to Auditors		
	As Auditor:-		
	Statutory Audit Fee	6,00,000	6,00,000
	Fees for Limited review (Standalone & Consolidition)	3,15,000	3,15,000
	Tax Audit	55,000	55,000
	Other Service	1,07,500	1,35,000
	Other Service	10,77,500	11,05,000
24	Impairment on financial instrument		
	Bad debts written off		1,50,98,119
	Provision for Impairment on Trade receivable	39,39,437	(•
		39,39,437	1,50,98,119
25	Earnings per share Basic and diluted earnings per share The calculations of basic and diluted earnings per share based on profit attribut equity shares outstanding are as follows:	able to equity shareholders and weigh	ed average number of
	i. Profit attributable to equity shareholders (basic and diluted) Profit for the year, attributable to the equity holders	(3,82,28,902)	1,06,99,86

Profit for the year, attributable to the equity holders (3,82,28,902) 1,06,99,864 ii. Weighted average number of equity shares (basic and diluted) 4,15,33,709 4,15,33,709 Opening balance Additional shares issued during the year Weighted average number of equity shares for the year 4,15,33,709 4,15,33,709 (0.92) 0,26

Basic and Diluted EPS



Notes to the financial statements

(All amounts are in Indian Rupses, unless otherwise stated)

### 26 Employee Benefit Expenses (i) Defined Contribusion Plan

The company has recognised an expense of ₹ 38,41,065/- (Previous year ₹ 41,67,991/-) towards provident fund. ₹ 1,57,439/ (Previous year ₹ 1,75,361/- ) towards other welfare fund:

## (ii) Defined Benefit Plan - Compensated Absonce

The Company has recognized an expense of ₹ 46.20,477 /- during the year ended March 31, 2023 (Previous year ₹ 10,06,882/-) as per actuarial valuation report. The Closing Balance of compensated absence as at March 31, 2023 is ₹ 77.14.416 /- (Previous year ₹ 72.16.525/-).

(iii) Defined Benefit Plan - Granulty The Company has constituted The Employees Group Gratuity Fund under the Group Gratuity Assurance Scheme administered by the Life Insurance Corporation of India. The scheme provides for Lump sum payment to vested employees at retirement, death while in employment or on termination of employment of an amount equivalent to 15 days salary payable for each year of completed service or part thereof in excess of 6 months. Vesting occurs on completion of 5 years of service.

These defined benefit plans expose the Company to actuarial risks, such as longevity risk, interest rate risk and market (investment) risk.

#### A Reconciliation of Amounts in Balance Sheet

For the period from April 01, 2022 to March 31, 2023	For the period from April 01, 2021 to March 31, 2022
1,29,73,363	94,96,052
1,28,93,776	1,35,97,111
79,587	(41,01,059)
79,587	(41,01,059)
	April 01, 2022 to March 31, 2023 1,29,73,363 1,28,93,776 79,587

## B Reconciliation of the present value of Defined Benefit Obligation and Fair value of Plan Assets

The following table shows a reconciliation from the opening balances to the closing balances for the present value of Defined Benefit Obligation and Fair value of Plan Assets and its components.

#### Reconciliation of present value of defined benefit obligation

<u>Reconciliation of present value of defined benefit obligation</u>	For the period from April 01, 2022 to March 31, 2023	For the period from April 01, 2021 to March 31, 2022
Defined Benefit Obligation at the beginning of period	94,96,052	1,15,08,541
Benefits Paid	(25,71,383)	(11.12,346)
Current Service Cost	9,19,826	12,70,031
Interest Cost	6,73,290	7,97,371
Actuarial (gains)/losses recognised in other comprehensive income	44,55,578	(29,67,545)
Balance at the end of the year	1,29,73,363	94,96,052
Defined Benefit Obligation at the end of period	1,29,73,363	94,96,052
Recenciliation of fair value of Plan Asset	For the period from April 01, 2022 to March 31, 2023	For the period from April 01, 2021 to March 31, 2022
200 - A. (1990)	1.35.97.111	1,35,65,726
Fair value of Plan Assets at the beginning of period	9.74.717	9,40,345
Interest Income	11,45,307	3,56,848
Actual Enterprise's Contribution Actual Bonefite Paid	(25,71,383)	(11,12,346)
Actuarial gains/(losses) recognized in other comprehensive income	(2,51,976)	(1,53,462)
Balance at the end of the year	1,28,93,776	1,35,97,111
Fair value of Plan Assets at the end of period	1,28,93,776	1,35,97,111
i. Expense recognised in Profit or Loss	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
	9,19,826	12,70,031
Current Service Cost	6,73,290	7,97,371
Interest Cost	9,74,717)	(9,40,345)
Expected Return on Flun Assets	6,18,399	11,27,057
ii. Remeasurements recognised in other comprehensive income	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Amount recognized in OCI at the beginning of period	(41,32,070)	(13,17,987)
Actuarial loss (gain)/loss on Defined Benefit Obligation	44,55,578	(29,67,545)
Actuarial loss gain/(loss) on Plan asset	(2,51,976)	(1,53,462)
	5 75 484	(41 37 070)

D Defined Benefit Obligation

Actuarial assumptions Principal actuarial assumptions at the reporting date (expressed as weighted averages)

Discount rate Salary Escalation

C



March 31, 2022	March 31, 2023	
7.35%	7.20%	
0% for next year and		
3.00% thereafter	3.00%	

5.75,484



(4),32,070)

Notes to the financial statements (All amounts are in Indian Rupces, unless otherwise stated)

#### 27 Financial instruments - Fair values and risk management

#### A Accounting classifications and fair values

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in fair value hierarchy

March 31, 2023

	Amortised Cost	FVTPL	FVOCI	Total carrying amount
Financial assets				
Trade Receivables	1,77,64,647			1,77,64,647
Cash and Cash equivalents	8,24,24,524	-	-	8,24,24,524
Bank balances other than Cash and Cash equivalents	17,69,31,303			17,69,31,303
Other Financial Assets	14,66,13,213	4		14,66,13,213
lovestments (other than investment in Subsidiary)		2	100	
Total Financial assets	42,37,33,687			42,37,33,687
Financial Induities				
Trade and Other Payables	16.81,75,666			16,81,75,666
Other Financial Liabilities	54,35,762		-	54,35,762
Total Financial liabilities	17,30,11,428			17,36,11,428
March 31, 2022				
	Amortised Con	FVTPL.	FVOCI	Total carrying amount
Financial assets				- 10
	4,99,43,512			4,00,43,512
Trade Receivables	4,99,43,512 10,23,13,097	-	-	4,00,43,512 10,23,13,097
Trade Receivables Cash and Cash equivalents		:	Ę	
Trade Receivables Cash and Cash equivalents Bank balances other than Cash and Cash equivalents	10,23,13.097	:	1	10,23,13,097
Trade Receivables Cash and Cash equivalents Bank balances other than Cash and Cash equivalents Other Financial Assets	10,23,13,097 8,70,19,081	- - 	:	10,23,13,097 8,70,19,081
Trade Receivables Cash and Cash equivalents Bank balances other than Cash and Cash equivalents Other Financial Assets Investmente colour than investment in Subvidiary)	10,23,13,097 8,70,19,081	54,830 54,830		10,23,13,097 8,70,19,081 31,56,09,91\$
Trade Receivables Gash and Cash equivalents Bank balances other than Cash and Cash equivalents Other Financial Assets Investments (other than investment in Subvidiary) Total Financial assets	10,23,13,097 8,70,19,081 31,56,09,918	and the second second second		10,23,13,097 8,70,19,081 31,56,09,918 54,830
Trade Receivables Cash and Cash equivalents Bank bahnees other than Cash and Cash equivalents Other Financial Assets Investments (other thes investment in Subridiary) Total Financial assets Financial liabilities	10,23,13,097 8,70,19,081 31,56,09,918	and the second second second		10,23,13,097 8,70,19,081 31,56,09,918 54,830
Financial assets Trade Receivables Cash and Cash equivalents Bank bahnees other than Cash and Cash equivalents Other Financial Assets Investments (other than investment in Subridiary) Total Financial assets Financial liabilities Trade and Other Payables. Other Financial Liabilities	10,23,13,097 8,70,19,081 31,56,09,918 55,48,85,608	and the second second second		10.23.13.097 8.70,19.081 31.56.09.918 54.830 55.49,40,438

- The fair value of investment (other than in subsidiary) is determined based on Level-1 input i.e the price quoted in active market.

- Por all of the Company's assets and liabilities which are not carried at fair value, disclosure of fair value is not required as the carrying amounts approximates the fair values.

#### B Financial risk management

The Company has exposure to the following risks arising from financial instruments:

- Credit risk (sec (B)(ii));

Liquidity risk (see (B)(iii)); and
 Market risk (see (B)(iv)).

## i. Risk management framework

The Company's Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. The board of directors along with the top management are responsible for developing and monitoring the Company's risk management policies.

The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect clanges in market conditions and the Company's activities. The Company, through its training and management standards and procedures, nims to maintain a disciplined and constructive control environment in which ell employees understand their roles and obligations.

The Company's Beard of Directors oversees how management monitors compliance with the Company's risk management policies and procedures, and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Company.

#### ii. Credit risk

Credit risk refer to the risk of default on its obligation by the counter party resulting in financial loss. Credit risk always managed by the Company by proper approvals. Company's maximum exposure to credit risk is limited to the carrying amount of financial assets recognised at the end of the reporting period, as summarised below:

	Carrying amount March 31, 2023	Carrying amount March 31, 2022
Trade Receivables	1,77,64,647	4,99,43,512
Other Financial Assets	14,66,13,213	31,56,09,918
	16,43,77,861	36,55,53,430

Credit risk on cash and eash equivalents is limited as the Company generally invest in deposits with banks with high credit ratings assigned by the credit rating agencies. Investments primarily include investment in figuid mutual fund units.





(All amounts are in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

#### Trade Receivables

The Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of loss allowance for Trade receivables. It follows a simplified approach wherein an amount equal to lifetime ECL is measured and recognised as loss allowance. Lifetime ECL are the expected credit losses resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial asset. ECL are measured in a manner that they reflect unbiased and probability weighted amounts determined by a range of outcomes, taking into account the time value of money and other reasonable information available as a result of past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

As a practical expedient, the Company uses a provision matrix to measure lifetime ECL on its portfolio of trade receivables. The provision matrix is prepared based on historically observed default rates over the expected life of trade receivables and is adjusted for forward-looking estimates. At each reporting date, the historically observed default rates and changes in the forward-looking estimates are updated. ECL allowance receiption (or reversed) during the period is recognized as income/ expense in the statement of profit and loss. The movement of Allowance for Expected Credit Loss are provided herein under-

Reconciliation of Allowance for Expected Credit Loss:-	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Opening Balance	6,33,03,200	8.21.55,454
Created / (Reversed) during the year	39,39,437	-1,88,82,254
Closing Balance	6,72,42,637	6,33,03,200

#### Other Financial Assets

This balance is primarily constituted by deposit given to Stock exchange in relation to maintain minimum base capital requirement. The Company does not expect any losses from non-performance by these counter-parties,

#### ill. Liquidity risk

March 31, 2023

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

The Company's principal sources of liquidity are eash and cash equivalents, the cash flow that is generated from operations. The Company believes that the working capital is sufficient to meet its current requirements. Accordingly, no liquidity risk is perceived.

As of March 31, 2023, the Company had a working capital of ₹ 25.35.26.211/- including eash and bank balances of ₹ 8.24.24.524/- and Bonk balances other than Cash and Cash equivalents of ₹ 17.69.31.303/-. Further the promoter of the Company have also committed to support the company for their current and future requirements.

The following are the remaining contractual matarities of financial liabilities at the reporting date. The amounts are gross and undisconnect, and include contractual interest payments and exclude the impact of netting agreements.

	Carrying amount	C	ontractual cash flows	
	11-2705-	Total	upto 1 year	more than 1 year
Financial liabilities		Eastle and		
Trade Payables	16.81.75,666	16,81,75,666	16,81,75,666	
Other linancial liabilities	\$4,35,762	54,35,762	-	54,35,762
	17,36,11,428	17,36,11,428	16.81.75.666	54,35,762
March 31, 2022				
	Carrying amount		ontractual cash flows	
		Total	apto 1 year	more than 1 year
Financial liabilities				
Trade Payables	27.58.25,994	27.58,25,994	27,58,25,994	
Other financial liabilities	52,62,802	52,62,802	-	52,62,802
	28,10,88,796	28,10,88,796	27,58,25,994	52,62,802

#### iv. Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices, will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return.

#### C Capital management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the company. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximise the shareholder value. The Company's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. It sets the amount of capital required on the basis of annual business and long-term operating plans which include capital and other strategic investments. The funding requirements are met through support from the Holding Company. The Company monitors capital using a ratio of net debt to equity. For this purpose, net debt is defined as total liabilities, comprising interest-hearing loant and borrowinge, tade payable, financial liabilities and other liabilities less cash and cash equivalents. Equity comprises all components of equity.



(All amounts are in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

#### 28 Income Taxes (IND AS 12) :

Deferred Tax Asset / (Liability) as on March 31, 2023 has been arrived at as follows:

	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
	41,28,773	9,39,247
	1,03,84,275	73,81,762
А	1,45,13,048	83,21,010
	(8,52,484)	(4,91,511)
В	(8,52,484)	(4,91,511)
(A+B)	1,36,60,564	78,29,499
	В	A 41,28,773 1,03,84,275 1,45,13,048 B (8,52,484) B (8,52,484)

According to IND AS-12, Deferred Tax Asset should be recognized only when there is a reasonable certainty supported by convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available. In view of produce, the Company has not recognized Deferred Tax Asset.

#### 29 Contingent liabilities

Contingent liabilities	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
a. Corporate Guarantees (Note (i))	•	3,00,00,000
b. Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts	2,39,35,000	1,35,78,000
e. TDS demand outstanding with TRACES (Note (ii))	1,02,017	1,19,453
d. Disputed Income tax demand* (Note (iii))	1,56,34,638	1,56,34,638
	3,96,71,655	5,93,32,091

#### Note

(1) The company during the previous year ended March 31, 2922 provided a vorporate guarantee of Rs. 5,00,00.00- (sonotioned limit as at the Balance Sheet date is Rs. 3,00,00,000-) to HDFC Bank Limited with respect to bank guarantees provided by them to the exchanges on behalf of its wholly owned substitiary M's. IFIN Commodities Limited.

(ii) The company has the following TDS Demond outstanding with TRACES as a March 31, 2023

Financial Your	Amonut
2022 - 2023	6,355
2021 - 2022	668
2020 - 2021	192
2019 - 2020	84
Prior Years	94,719
	1,02,017

(10) The company has the following Disputed income tax demand as at-March 31, 2023

S.No	Assessment year	Forum where appeal is pending	Amount of demand
1	2011-12	Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals)	3,94,239
2	2012-13	Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals)	1, 28, 55, 235
3	2014-15	Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals)	5,64,346
4	2015-16	Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals)	5.22,985
5	2017-18	Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals)	12,97,813
			1,56,34,638

\* The company is in the process of reconciling the amount of Income-tax demand outstanding with the provisions of tax held in books.

#### 30 Segment Reporting

The company sperates only in India, and only in one segment i.e. stock broking and hence there are no reportable segments as defined in Indian Accounting Standard (IND AS -108) on "Segment Reporting The entire revenue earned by the company is through the aforesaid services.

#### 31 Related parties

#### A Details of related parties and the relationships

Description of relationship - Holding Company	Name of the party IFCI Limited
- Subsidiary Company	<ul> <li>a) IFIN Commodities Limited</li> <li>b) IFIN Credit Limited</li> <li>c) IFIN Securities Finance Limited (Formerly known as Narayan Sriram Investments Private Limited)</li> </ul>
- Fellow Subsidiary Company	a) IFCI Venture Capital Funds Limited b) IFCI Factors Limited c) IFCI Infrastructure Development limited d) Stock Holding Corporation of India Limited
- Key management personnel	Mr. A.V. Pushparat Chief Financial Officer (CFO)



(All amounts are in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise snood)

## B Transactions with key management personnel

	Period ended March 31, 2023	Period ended March 31, 2021
Short-term benefits		- Contraction Color Degament
- Mr. A.V Pushparaj	11,12,173	10,68,023
- Mr. Aby Eapen		2,36,484
- Ms. Pragyan Shree	7,86,712	2,68,855
	18,98,885	15,73,362
Sitting fees paid to Directors		
-Mr Jayesh Amichand Shah	1,92,000	1,92,000
- Mr Rajesh Kumar	2,22,000	1,92,000
	4,14,000	3,84,000

## C Related party transactions other than those with Key Management Personnel

Name of Related party	Nature of Relationship	Nature of Transactions	March 31, 2023	March 31, 202
		Reimbursement of Expenses received - Rent, Software AMC &		
		Employee Cost	12,42,023	26,28,89
		Corporate Guarantee Limit given - HDFC Bank for Credit Facility		3,00,00,00
IFIN Commodities Ltd.	Subsidiary Company	Reimbursement of Festival advance Paid		18,00
		PM Care Fund - Covid 19 Contribution	•	
		Incentive paid	(55,000)	(71,280
		Salary deputation paid	(22,10,573)	(23,40,246
		Reinbursement of Expenses received	72,95,000	\$9,21,25
		Commission Income		36,65
		Salary deputation received	16,64,819	17,67,67
		Incentive received	2,79,200	and the second
		Reimbursement of Employee Insurance		2,58,34
IFIN Securities Finance Limited	Subsidiary Company	Receipt of short term borrowings	2,00,00,000	7,00,00,00
		Fayment of short term borrowings	(2,00,00,000)	(7,60,00,000
		Interest on loan	(23,014)	(54,657
		Reimbursement of Laptop Hire Charges received		
		PM Care Fund - Covid 19 Contribution		
		Salary deputation Paid	(8,35,625)	(9,19,719
		Brokerage	2,20,010	29,56,913
		DP Income received	74,379	1,94,62
		Salary deputation received	9,34,056	10,05,50
FCI Limited	1	Reinbursement of Rent **	2,40,000	
FC1 Limited	Holding Company	Insurance for Deputed Employees paid		
		Reimbursement of MD salary paid by IFCI Ltd	(22,85,743)	(39,76,201)
		Rent	(1,02,89,196)	(1,03,37,196
		Reimbursement of Telephone & Others	(16,835)	(1,00,07,170
		Reinbursement of Expenses received - Rent, Office Maint.	(10,000)	
FIN Credit Ltd.	Subsidiary Company	Employee Cost & Daties and Taxes	5,80,000	5,80,000
	many of the second s	Reimbursement of Expenses-Maintenance & Electricity		68,994
FCI Factors Ltd.	Fellow Subsidiary Company	DP Income received	13,333	73,580
PART I P		Brokerage		79,672
FCI Infrastructure Development limited	Fellow Subsidiary Company	DP Income received	2,000	12,014
FCI Ventures Capital Fund Ltd.	6.1 . B.1	Brokerage	33,175	1,66,684
PLT Ventures Capital Fund Ltd.	Fellow Subaidiary Company	DP Income received	4,000	7,250
		Brokerage on mutual fund		3,699
		MD Salary	(19,44,876)	5,077
Stock Holding Corporation of India Limited	Fellow Subsidiary Company	Transaction Charges	(4,76,810)	(5,16,826)
		Annual maintenance charges	(4,70,010)	8,644

### D Related Party Balances

Name of Related party	Nature of Relationship	Nature of balance	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
IFCI Limited	Holding Company	Receivable/(Payable)	6,25,504	(63,835)
IFIN Commodities Limited	Subsidiary Company	Receivable/(Payable)	(3,710)	
IFIN Securities Finance Limited	Subsidiary Company	Receivable/(Payable)	3,599	-
IFCI Venture Capital Funds Limited	Fellow Subsidiary Company	Receivable/(Payable)	(39,840)	8,555
IFCI Factors Limited	Fellow Subsidiary Company	Receivable/(Payable)	14,553	
IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited	Fellow Subsidiary Company	Receivable/(Payable)	(50,755)	2
Stock Holding Corporation of India Limited	Fellow Subsidiary Company	Receivable/(Payable)	5,66,24,787	15,07,10,718

32 The Company when applying ind AS 116 to leases previously classified as operating leases, has used practical expedients for not recognising right-of-use assets and liabilities for leases of low value assets. As the leases of the Company are short term leases, the Company has charged the lease expense as a period cost in the Statement of Profit & Loss Account.

33 According to information available with the Management, on the basis of intimation received from suppliers regarding their status under the Miero, Medium and Small Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED Act), the company has no amounts due to Miero, Medium and Small Enterprises under the said act as at March 31, 2023.

SI. No	Particulars March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	0
(a)	The principal unount remaining unpaid at the end of the period	•	
(b)	The delayed payments of principal amount paid beyond the appointed date during the year		
(c)	Interest actually paid under Section 16 of MSMED Act		
(d)	Normal Interest due and payable during the year, for delayed payments, as per the agreed terms		
(e)	Total interest accrued during the year and remaining unpaid		-
This infor	mation has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company of TTK Road, Atwarpet, Chennai-18	Xt	

Notes to the financial statements

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

34 Previous year figures have been regrouped wherever necessary to confirm to the current year classification.

- 35 The Schedule III- Divison II mandates to round off the figures to the nearest hundreds, thousands, lakhs or millions, or decimals thereo depending on the Total Income of the Company. However, the Company has opted to round off the figures to nearest rupess in the view better presentation and understaing of the users of the Financial Statements
- 36 Third Party balances are subject to confirmations and reconciliations if any.
- 37 Other Notes

s) The Company does not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Group for holding any Benami property.

b) The Company has not been sauchoned working capital limits in excess of five core rupces, in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets.

c) The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.

d) Considering the information available with the Company, the Company does not have any transactions with companies strack off.

c) There are no Scheme of Arrangements approved by the Competent Authority in terms of sections 730 to 237 of the Companies Act, 2013 during the year.

f) The company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds (either borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) to any other person(s) or entity(ica), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Intermediary shall (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Intermediary shall (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any mainer whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries

g) The company has also not received any find from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing ar otherwise) that the company shall (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

h) The Company do not have any transaction which are not recorded in the books of accounts that has been sumendered or disclosed as income in the tax assessments under the Incame Tax Act, 1961 during any of the years.

i) The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.

Financi	Financial Ratios :		As at 31st March 2023		As at 31st March 2022	
S.No	Particulars	Components	Fig. in ₹	Ratio	Fig. in <b>t</b>	Ratio
t	Current Ratio : Current Asset Current Liabilities	Financial Assets + Other Current Assets Financial Liabilities + Other Current Liabilides + Provisions	43,22,65,833 17,87,39,622	2.42	45,05,09,849 28,74,30,774	1.57
2	Return on Equity Ratio : Net Profit after Taxes Average Shareholder's Equity	Profit (Loss) for the year after taxes Equity share capital + Other Equity	(3,82,28,902) 68,56,75,544	-5.58%	1.05.99,864 70,03,86,799	1.53%
3	Trade Receivables Turnover Ratio : Net Credit Sales Average Accounts receivable	Revenue from Operations Average Trade receivables	13.55.74.506 3,38,54,079	4.00	)6,85,39,967 4,35,25,552	3.87
4	Trade Payables Turnover Ratio : Net Credit Purchases (Operating Cost) Average Accounts payable	Operational expense Average Trade Payables	4,79,47,839 22,20,00,830	0.22	6.19.22.806 25,61.83,166	0.24
5	Net Capital Turnover Ratio : Net Sales Working Capital	Revenue from Operations Current Assets - Current Liabilities	13,55,74,506 25,35,26,211	0,53	16,85,39,957 16,30,79,074	1.03
6	Net Profit Ratio : Net Profit Net Sales	Profit (Loss) for the year after taxes Revenue from Operations	(3,82,28,902) 13,55,74,506	-28.20%	1,66,90,864 16,85,39,967	6.35%
7	Return on Capital Employed ; Earnings Before laterest and Taxes Capital Employed	Profit/(Loss) before Interest and Tax Equity share capital + Other Equity + Current and Non Current Borrowings	(3,82,05,888) 66,42,07,316	-5.75%	1,67,54,521 70,71,43,773	1.52%
8	Return on Investment : Net Profit after Taxes Assets	Profit (Loss) for the year after toxes Total Assets - Current Liabilities	(3,82,28,902) 67,51,39,305	-5.66%	1,06,99,864 71,75,95,237	1.49%

Note:

1. The variance in the aforesaid financial ratios as compared to the previous year is due to loss incurred and decrease in revenue in the current year of the Company.

2. The Debt-Equity Ratio, Debt Service Coverage Ratio and Inventory turnover ratio are not applicable to the Company.

The Significant accounting policies and Notes to Accounts are an integral part of these financial statements

## As per our attached Report of even date

# For S. VENKATRAM & CO. LLP

Chartered Accountants Firm Regd No.0046568/ \$200095

R. Valdyanathan TRAM Partner M.No: 018953 No.218. TTK Road, Alwarpet, Chennai-18 ed Acc

Place : Chennai Date: May 12, 2023 for and on behalf of the Board of Directors of **IFCI** Financial Services Limited CIN: U74899DL1995GO1064034

Skep S Karpagam Managing Directo

al Pragrah Shree

Company Secretary M.No: A51395

Place: Chennai Dates May 12, 2023



Nominee Director DIN: 02698585



218. T.T.K. Road. Alwarpet. Chennai – 600 018. Ph. No.: 2499 21 55 / 56 / 57 E.mail : admin@sveo.in

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

## TO THE MEMBERS OF M/S IFCI FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED

## Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

## Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements of M/s. IFCI Financial Services Limited (hereinafter referred to as the "Holding Company") and its Subsidiaries (Holding Company and its Subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group"), which comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2023, and the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the Consolidated Financial Statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Consolidated Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2023, of consolidated *loss*, consolidated changes in equity and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended.

## **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the *Code of Ethics* issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with



the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements.

## **Key Audit Matters**

The companies comprising of the Group are unlisted public sector entities (where the ultimate shareholding of the entities owned by the Government of India is more than 51%). We have been informed by the management that the transactions of the Group are not: (a) significant as compared to the size of operations of its Ultimate Holding Company; (b) the transactions of the Company are not complex; and (c) of such nature to be of public interest. In view of the above, we are not mentioning any Key Audit Matters.

Information Other than the Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, but does not include the Consolidated Financial Statements and our auditor's report thereon. -

Our opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Consolidated Financial Statements, or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.



# Responsibility of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these Consolidated Financial Statements in term of the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance including other comprehensive income, Consolidated Changes in Equity and Consolidated Cash flows of the Group in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements by the Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the Consolidated Financial Statements, the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are also responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Group.



## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Consolidated Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Consolidated Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Holding Company and its Subsidiary Companies which are companies incorporated in India, has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Consolidated Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.



- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Consolidated Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Consolidated Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities
  or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the Consolidated Financial
  Statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of
  the financial statements of such entities included in the Consolidated Financial Statements of
  which we are the independent auditors. For the other entities included in the Consolidated
  Financial Statements, which have been audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain
  responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them.
  We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

## Other Matters

We did not audit the financial statements of 3 Subsidiaries whose financial statements reflect total assets of  $\gtrless$  37,55,27,396/- as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2023, total revenues (including other income) of  $\gtrless$  2,91,48,122/- and net cash outflows amounting to  $\gtrless$  (52,20,332)/- for the year ended on that date, as considered in the Consolidated Financial Statements. These financial statements have been audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us by the Management and our opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these Subsidiaries, and our report in terms of sub-section (3) of Section 143 of the Act, in so far as it relates to the aforesaid Subsidiaries is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.



Our opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements, and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below, is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and the reports of the other auditors and the financial statements / financial information certified by the Management.

## Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the "Annexure 1" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. We are enclosing our report in terms of section 143(5) of the Act, on the basis of such checks of the books and records of the company as we considered appropriate and according to the information and explanation given to us, in "Annexure 2" on the directions issued by the Comptroller and Auditors General of India.
- 3. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of report of the other auditors on separate financial statements and the other financial information of subsidiaries, as noted in the 'other matters' paragraph we report, to the extent applicable, that:
  - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid Consolidated Financial Statements.
  - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid Consolidated Financial Statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the reports of the other auditors.
  - c) The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements.
  - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Consolidated Financial Statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.



- e) We have been informed that the provisions of the section 164(2) of the Act in respect of the disqualification of directors are not applicable to the Holding Company and its Subsidiaries incorporated in India, being a Government Company in terms of notification no. G.S.R. 463(E) dated June 5, 2015 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Government
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated Financial Statements and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure 3" which is based on the auditor's reports of the Holding Company and its Subsidiary Companies incorporated in India. Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial control over financial reporting of those companies, for reasons stated therein.
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - The Consolidated Financial Statements disclose impact of pending litigations on the consolidated financial position of the Group - Refer Note 32 of the Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements.
  - ii. The Group did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
  - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company, and its Subsidiary Companies incorporated in India.
  - iv.
  - (a) The Board of Directors of the Holding Company have represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
  - (b) The Board of Directors of the Holding Company have represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been received by the company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign



entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and

- (c) Based on such audit procedures that were considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations made by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company under sub-clause (a) and (b) hereinabove contain any material mis-statement.
- v. No dividend has been declared or paid during the year by the Company.
- 4. With respect to the matter to be included in the Auditors' Report under Section 197(16) of the Act, in our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the provisions of section 197 of the Act are not applicable as the Companies included in the Group are Government Company.



Place: Chennai Date: 12<sup>th</sup> May 2023 For S. Venkatram & Co LLP Chartered Accountants FRN. No. 004656S/S200095

Kr.w.79

R. Vaidyanathan Partner M.No. 018953 UDIN: 2.3018953 BGQIGF6A02

## ANNEXURE "1" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

## REPORT ON THE COMPANY (AUDITOR'S REPORT) ORDER, 2020 ("THE ORDER"), UNDER CLAUSE (i) OF SUB-SECTION (11) OF SECTION 143 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 (the ACT)

(Referred to in Paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date to the members of M/S IFCI FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED on the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2023)

(xxi) According to the information and explanations given to us, in respect of the following companies incorporated in India and included in the consolidated financial statements, the CARO report relating to them has been issued by the respective auditors till the date of this audit report:

Name of the Entity	CIN	Holding Company/subs idiary/Associat e/Joint Venture Company	Clause number of the CARO report which is qualified or adverse
IFCI Financial Services Limited	U74899DL1995GOI064034	Holding	vii & xvii
IFIN Commodities Limited	U93000TN2009GOI070524	Subsidiary	xvii



Chartered Accountants FRN. No. 0046568/S200095 R+V - Martine

For S. Venkatram & Co LLP

R. Vaidyanathan Partner M. No. 018953 UDIN: 230 18953B66936F6902

Place: Chennai Date: 12<sup>th</sup> May 2023

## ANNEXURE "2" to INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

# REPORT ON THE DIRECTIONS ISSUED BY THE COMPTROLLER AND AUDITOR GENERAL OF INDIA UNDER SECTION 143(5) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

(Referred to in Paragraph 2 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date to the members of IFCI FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED on the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2023)

S.No.	GENERAL DIRECTIONS	AUDITOR'S COMMENT
In resp	ect of Holding Company: M/s IFCI Finan	cial Services Limited:
Î.	Whether the company has system in place to process all the accounting transactions through IT system? If yes, the implications of processing of accounting transactions outside IT system on the integrity of the accounts along with the financial implications, if any, may be stated.	The Company has a system in place to process all the accounting transactions through its IT systems with the support of accounting software – LIDHA DIDHA (LD) and Tally accounting software. The main activity is accounting for brokerage income earned from clients trading in equities and derivatives which are updated on a daily basis based on the trades carried through the exchange with the support of file / data shared by the exchanges. In respect of payroll related data, based on the files received from payroll department entries are uploaded periodically / monthly in the respective ledger accounts in the accounting software. Other administrative and routine entries are passed through the accounting software with appropriate menu- based operations. Based on the verification carried out by us during the course of our audit



		we have not come across any discrepancies in processing of accounting transactions outside the IT systems which has a significant implications on the integrity of accounts.
2.	Whether there is any restructuring of any existing loan or cases of waiver / write off of debts / loans / interest, etc. made by a lender to the company due to company's inability to repay the loan? If yes, the financial impact may be stated.	As per the information and explanations given to us the Company has not made any borrowings where there was any restricting of loans or waiver of loans.
3.	Whether funds received / receivable for specific schemes from Central / State Government or its agencies were properly accounted for / utilized as per its terms and conditions? List the cases of deviation.	As per the information and explanations given to us the Company has neither received any funds nor is receivable for specific schemes from Central / State Government or its agencies.
In resp	pect of Subsidiary Company: M/s IFIN Crea	lit Limited:
I.	Whether the company has system in place to process all the accounting transactions through IT system? If yes, the implications of processing of accounting transactions outside IT system on the integrity of the accounts along with the financial implications, if any, may be stated.	As per the information and explanations given to us, the company processes all the accounting transactions in computerized environment. No accounting transactions were processed outside IT system of the company.
2.	Whether there is any restructuring of any existing loan or cases of waiver / write off of debts / loans / interest, etc. made by a lender to the company due to company's inability to repay the loan? If yes, the financial impact may be stated.	There has been no restructuring of existing loans or cases of waiver / write off debts/ loan/ interest etc made by lender company due to company's inability to repay loan and hence no financial impact on the financials of the company.



З.	Whether funds received / receivable for specific schemes from Central / State Government or its agencies were properly accounted for / utilized as per its terms and conditions? List the cases of deviation.	There were no funds (grants/subsidy etc.) received/receivable for specific schemes from Central/State Government or its agencies.
In res	spect of Subsidiary Company: M/s IFIN Com	modities Limited
1.	Whether the company has system in place to process all the accounting transactions through IT System? If yes, the implications of processing of accounting transactions outside IT system on the Integrity of the accounts along with the financial implications, if any, may be stated.	The Company maintains the accounting transactions through third party softwares like LIDHA DIDHA (LD) and tally software for maintaining the books of account. The other transactions are being carried out manually. The main activity is accounting for commodity income earned from clients trading in equities and derivatives which are updated on a daily basis based on the trades carried through the exchange with the support of file/data shared by the exchanges. In respect of payroll related data, based on the files received from the payroll department entries are updated periodically/monthly in the respective ledger account in the accounting software.
2.	Whether there is any restructuring of an existing loan or cases of waiver /write off of debts/loans/interest etc. made by a lender to the company due to the company's inability to repay the loan? If yes, the financial impact may be stated. (In case,lender is Government company, then this direction is also applicable for statutory auditor of lender company)	There has been no existing loans or cases of waiver / write off debts/ loan/ interest etc made by lender to company and hence
3.	Whetherfunds(grants/subsidyetc)received/receivableforspecificschemes	Not Applicable. The company has not received any Grant/Subsidy during the year under



	from Central/State Government or its Agencies were properly accounted for Juilized as per its term and conditions? List the cases of Deviations	andit.
In res	spect of Subsidiary Company: M/s IFIN Secu	rities Finance Limited
Ι.	Whether the company has system in place to process all the accounting transactions through IT System? If yes, the implications of processing of accounting transactions outside IT system on the integrity of the accounts along with the financial implications, if any, may be stated.	The company has system in place to process all the accounting transactions through IT system using tally accounting software. The main activity is accounting for interest income earned from clients for loans against shares and margin funding which are extracted from Miles Software and loan against mutual funds is extracted from Dhanlap software (third party software) which are updated in the tally accounting software. In respect of payroll related data, based on the files received from payroll department entries are uploaded periodically/monthly in the respective ledger accounts in the tally accounting software. Based on the verification carried out by us during the course of our audit we have not come across any discrepancies in processing of accounting transactions outside the IT systems which has a significant implication on the integrity of accounts.
2.	Whether there is any restructuring of an existing loan or cases of waiver /write off of debts/loans/interest etc. made by a lender to the company due to the company's inability to repay the loan? If yes, the financial impact may be stated.	As per the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not taken any borrowings and hence not commented upon.



3.	Whether funds (grants/subsidy etc)	The company is a Non-Banking Financial
	received /receivable for specific schemes	Company registered with RBI and no funds
	from Central/State Government or its	are received from any government agency for
	Agencies were properly accounted for	specific schemes.
	/utilized as per its term and conditions?	8
	List the cases of Deviations.	

For S. Venkatram & Co LLP Chartered Accountants FRN. No. 004656S/S200095

Show

R. Vaidyanathan Partner M.No. 018953 UDIN: 23018953B6q36F6902

Place: Chennai Date: 12<sup>th</sup> May 2023



## ANNEXURE "3" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

## REPORT ON THE INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS WITH REFERENCE TO THE AFORESAID CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS UNDER CLAUSE (i) OF SUBSECTION 3 OF SECTION 143 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 ("the Act")

(Referred to Point f in Paragraph 3 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date to the members of IFCI FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED on the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2023.)

In conjunction with our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company as of and for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2023, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to the Consolidated Financial Statements of **IFCI Financial Services Limited** (hereinafter referred to as "Holding Company") and its Subsidiary Companies, which are companies incorporated in India, as of that date.

## Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The respective Board of Directors of the Holding Company and its Subsidiary Companies, which are companies incorporated in India, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls with reference to the Consolidated Financial Statements based on the criteria established by the respective Companies considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("the ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.



## Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to the Consolidated Financial Statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the ICAI and the Standards on Auditing, prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to the Consolidated Financial Statements. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system with reference to the Consolidated Financial Statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to the Consolidated Financial Statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to the Consolidated Financial Statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in terms of their reports referred to in the Other Matters paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system with reference to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

# Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to the Consolidated Financial Statements

A company's internal financial control with reference to the Consolidated Financial Statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements for external purposes in accordance with



generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control with reference to the Consolidated Financial Statements includes those policies and procedures that:

- pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company.
- (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and
- (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

# Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to the Consolidated Financial Statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to the Consolidated Financial Statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to the Consolidated Financial Statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

## Opinion

In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us the Holding Company and its Subsidiary Companies, which are companies incorporated in India, have, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system with reference to the Consolidated Financial Statements and such internal financial controls with reference to the Consolidated Financial Statements were operating effectively as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2023, based on the internal control with reference to the Consolidated Financial Statements criteria established by the respective companies considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of



Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

## **Other Matters**

Our aforesaid reports under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls with reference to the Consolidated Financial Statements insofar as it relates to 3 Subsidiary Companies, which are companies incorporated in India, is based on the corresponding reports of the auditors of such companies incorporated in India. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Place: Chennai Date: 12<sup>th</sup> May 2023



For S. Venkatram & Co LLP Chartered Accountants FRN. No. 004656S/S200095

R. Vaidyanathan Partner M. No. 018953 UDIN: 230199538649566902

Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

	Note	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
ASSETS	5		
1. Non-Current assets		1 - Contraction of the second	
(a) Property, Plant and Equipment	2	75,19,475	71,26,956
(b) Other Intangible Assets	3	35,62,336	35,97,976
(c) Goedwill		22,53,875	22,53,875
(d) Financial Assets			
- Investments			
- Loans	4	7,61,64,191	1,77,35,871
- Other Financial Assets	5	4,29,65,912	16,11,96,653
(e) Deferred tax assets (net)		6,71,344	3,55,291
(f) Other Non-Current Assets	6	4,19,28,622	4,25,14,774
Total Non-Current Assets		17,50,65,754	23,47,81,396
2. Current assets			
(a) Financial Assets			
- Investments	7	2,54,00,011	10,22,03,092
- Trade Receivables	8	1,77,61,277	5,12,47,492
- Cash and Cash equivalents	9	12,13,83,593	14,64,92,498
- Bank balances other than above	10	31,03,63,044	17,39,19,081
- Loans	11	5,94,06,063	6,53,17,387
- Other Financial Assets	5	13,41,27,301	19,64,00,947
(b) Other Current Assets	12	2,66,89,784	1,85,77,249
Total Current Assets		69,51,31,073	75,41,57,746
Total Assets	-	87,01,95,826	98,89,39,142
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
(a) Equity Share Capital	13	41,53,37,090	41,53,37,090
(b) Other Equity		23,36,58,350	25,59,01,436
Total Equity	1	64,89,95,440	67,12,38,526
Liabilities			
1. Non-Current Liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
- Other Financial Liabilities	14	37,14,166	39,43,726
(b) Provisions	17	84,32,983	73,24,242
(c) Deferred Tax Liabilities (net)			4,38,148
Total Non-Current Liabilities		1,21,47,149	1,17,06,116
2. Current Liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
- Trade Pavables	15		
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small			1
enterprises		16,84,22,354	27,60,68,577
- Other Financial Liabilities	14	24,68,264	19,28,241
(b) Other Current Liabilities	14	3,74,89,022	2,72,67,915
	17	6,74,597	7,29,766
(c) Provisions		20,90,54,237	30,59,94,499
Total Current Liabilities	-	87,01,96,826	98,89,39,142
Total Equity and Liabilities	-	07,01,90,020	20,02,02,142

The Significant accounting policies and Notes to Accounts are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements

As per our attached Report of even date For S. VENKATRAM & CO. LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Regil No.004656S/ 5200025

2 × no R. Valyanathan Partner M.No : 018953



Place : Chennai Date: May 12, 2023 for and on behalf of the Board of Directors of IFCI Financial Services Limited CIN: U74899DL1995GOI064034

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S. Ice S Karpagam

Managing Director

Pragyan Shree Company Secretary M.No : A51395

Place: Chennai Date: May 12, 2023

non Atul Saxena Nominee Director DIN: 02698585

A V Pashparaj Chief Financial Officer

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## IFCI Financial Services Limited Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

	Notes	March 31, 2023	March 31, 202
Revenue from Operation	18	14,97,55,090	18,32,07,797
Other Income	19	2,71,32,708	4,50,81,241
Total Income	-	17,68,87,798	22,82,89,038
Expenses			
Operational Expense	20	5,04,35,404	6,43,16,551
Employee Benefit Expenses	21	8,31,91,262	8,52,22,720
Finance Costs	22	2,10,854	10,35,374
Depreciation and Amortisation Expense	23	18,29,435	12,87,742
Other Expenses	24	5,38,05,441	5,26,78,792
Impairment on Financial Instruments (including Bad Debts written off)	25	50,84,431	1,52,80,762
Impairment of Investment in Subsidiary			
Total Expenses		19,45,56,827	21,98,21,940
Profit/(Loss) before exceptional item and Tax		-1,76,69,029	84,67,098
Exceptional Items			
Profit/(Loss) before Income Tax Expense		-1,76,69,029	84,67,098
Current Tax		10,00,586	24,34,371
Deferred Tax		-7,46,612	(11,71,744)
Earlier Year Tax		-18,733	-
MAT Credit Entitlement		-8,38,400	
Income Tax Expense		-6,03,159	12,62,627
Profit(Loss) after Tax		-1,70,65,870	72,04,471
Other Comprehensive Income			
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
Remeasurements of Defined Benefit Liability (Asset)		-51,84,806	32,56,141
neome tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		7,589	8,928
Net other comprehensive income not to be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss	241	-51,77,217	32,65,069
tems that will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
Other Comprehensive Income for the year, net of income tax expense		-51,77,217	32,65,069
Fotal Comprehensive Income	-	-2,22,43,087	1,04,69,540
Earnings per Share			
Basic and diluted earnings per share (in Rs.)	26	-0.41	0.17
the Significant accounting policies and Notes to Accounts are an integral part of these Con	colidated Fina	noial Statements	

As per our attached Report of even date For S. VENKATRAM & CO. LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Regd No.004656S/ S200095

R. Vaidyanathan Partner M.No : 018953



Place : Chennai Date: May 12, 2023

for and on behalf of the Board of Directors of IFCI Financial Services Limited CIN: U74899DL1995GO1064034

S. Cep

S Karpagam Managing Director DIN: 09755388

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Pragyan Shree Company Secretary M.No : A51395

Place: Chennai Date: May 12, 2023 Atul Saxena Nominee Director DIN: 02698585

A Pushparaj Chief Financial Officer

IFCI Financial Services Limited Consolidated Cash flow statement for the year ended March 31, 2023 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

	1	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Cash flow from operating activities		(1,76,69,029)	84,67,098
Loss before Tax		(1,76,69,029)	\$4,07,038
Adjustments for:-			
Depreciation		18,29,435	12,87,742
Profit on Sale of Fixed assets		9,570	(1,12,493
Dividend Received (considered separately under Investment Activities)			
Finance Costs		2,10,854	10,35,374
Fair value change in Investment		18,89,339	52,52,394
Net Gain on Sale of Investments		(62, 16, 393)	(89,25,602
Loss on sale of Investment			
Interest Income		(1,65,37,160)	(1,53,16,390
Loss on scrapped asset			
Remeasurements of Defined Benefit Liability		(51,84,806)	32,56,141
Impainment of Receivables		50,84,431	1,52,80,762
Operating Cash Flow before Working Capital Changes	1	(3,65,83,760)	1,02,25,026
Adjustments for:		2 84 01 794	(2,96,18,850)
(Increase) / Decrease in Trade Receivables		2,84,01,784	(2,30,10,630)
(Increase) / Decrease in Loans & Advances		(01 10 525)	(51,30,137
(Increase) / Decrease in Other current Assets		(81,12,535)	
Increase / (Decrease) in Trade Payable		(10,76,46,223)	4,05,95,543
Increase / (Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities		1,02,21,107	(65,30,903)
(Increase) / Decrease in Short term Loans and Advances		and the second	
Increase / (Decrease) in Provisions		10,53,572	(21,38,423
(Increase) / Decrease in Financial Asset		8,84,377	(4,79,99,060
Increase / (Decrease) in Financial Liability	-	3,10,463	(11,69,576
Cash generated from Operating Activities		(11,14,71,215)	(4,17,66,381
Income Taxes Paid (Net of Refunds)		(40,57,605)	(16,22,387
Net Cash from Operating Activities	(A)	(11,55,28,821)	(4,33,88,768)
Cash Flow from Investing Activities			
Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment		(18,69,887)	(51,78,675
Purchase of Intangible Assets		(3,27,000)	(22,64,840
Sale of Fixed Assets		1,000	1,15,791
(Increase) / Decrease in Fixed Deposits		(93,40,949)	(57,91,15)
Sale of Current Investment		8,11,30,139	4,05,00,500
		1,65,37,160	1,53,16,390
Interest received Gratuity fund asset		45,00,306	(26.80.082
		43,00,300	
Dividend Income			
(Increase) / Decrease in Investments			
Purchase of Current Investment Net Cash used in Investing Activities	(B) -	9,06,30,769	4,00,17,933
	(2)		1.1
Cash flow from Financing Activities		(2,10,854)	(10,35,374
Share Premium (net of expenses)			
Net Cash from Financing Activities	(C)	(2,10,854)	(10,35,374
No. 1	(A + B + C)	(2,51,08,906)	(44,06,209
Net Increase/ (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(A / B / C)	14,64,92,498	15,08,98,707
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year	-	12,13,83,593	14,64,92,498
	-		
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents as per the Cash Flow Statement		0 39 73 791	11,49,91,265
Balance with Banks in Current Accounts		9,28,73,381	1,49,91,203
Cash on Hand		10,212	3,15,00,000
Short term Deposits	1	2,85,00,000	14,64,92,498
	227	11101010	1 4 10 4 10 4 14 30

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As per our attached Report of even date For S. VENKATRAM & CO. LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Regd No.0046565/ S200095

NNO R. Vaidyanathan

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2nd Floor 218, TTK Road

Alwarpet,

Chennal-18

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Partner M.No : 018953

No. \*

Place : Chennai Date: May 12, 2023 for and on behalf of the Board of Directors of IFCI Financial Services Limited CIN: U74899DL1995GO1064034

non pea S Karpagam Managing Director DIN: 09755388 Atul Saxena Nominee Director DIN: 02698585 Lag

Pragmin Shree Company Secretary M.Ne : A51395

A V Pushparaj Chief Financial Officer

Place: Chennai Date: May 12, 2023

			Rese	Reserves and Surplus			
	Equity Share capital	Securities Premium Reserve	Statutory Reserves	General Reserve	Amalgamation Reserve	<b>Retained Earnings</b>	Total
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period, April 01, 2021 Changes in courty share capital due to more period errors	41,53,37,090	45,16,43,790	65,83,000	95,01,851	17,45,305	(22,40,42,051)	66,07,68,986
Restated balance at the beginning of the reporting period, April 01, 2021 Profit or Loss for the period	41,53,37,090	45,16,43,790	65,83,000	95,01,851	17,45,305	(22,40,42,051)	66,07,68,986
Transferred from Retained Earnings to Statutory reserve Other Comprehensive Income (net of tax)			6,12,666			72,04,471 (6,12,666) 32,65,069	72,04,471
Balance as at March 31, 2022	41,53,37,090	45,16,43,790	71,95,666	95,01,851	17,45,305	(21,41,85,176)	66,79,73,457
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period, April 01, 2022	41,53,37,090	45,16,43,790	71,95,666	95,01,851	17,45,305	(21,41,85,176)	66,79,73,457
charges in equity share capital due to prior period errors Restated balance at the beginning of the reporting period, April 01, 2022 Profit or Loss for the period	-41,53,37,090	45,16,43,790	- 71,95,666	- 95,01,851	- 17,45,305	-21,41,85,176	67,12,38,526
Transforred from Retained Earnings to Statutory reserve Other Comprehensive Income (net of tax)			7,80,607			-1,70,65,870 -7,80,607 -51,77,217	(1,70,65,870) - (51,77,217)
Balance as at March 31, 2023	41,53,37,050	45,16,43,790	79,76,273	95,01,851	17,45,305	(23,72,08,870)	64,89,95,440
The Significant accounting policies and Notes to Accounts are an integral part of these Consolidated financial statements for environment of even date Partered Accountants Thrm Regd No.004565/S200095	rrt of these Consolidatea fina		<i>for</i> and on behalf of the Board of Directors of IFCI Financial Services Limited CIN: U74899DL1995GO1064034	e Board of Directors s Limited 01064034	əf		
Jan and and		es. 1	cepep.	ſ	July 1		
A LUN VOIROET			S Karpágam	7 12	Atul Saxena Nominee Director		
Statute Control Plant Pl				E.	DIN: 02698585		
Chemai 18 Chemai		~	Pragan Shree Company Secretary M.No : A51395		A V Pushparaj Chief Financial Officer	9	
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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (All amounts are in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

#### 1 Significant Accounting Policies

## A Groups Background:

The Consolidated Financial Statements comprises of standalone financial statements of IFCI Financial Services Limited (the Parent) and its subsidiaries collectively the group for the year ended March 31,2023. IFCI Financial Services Ltd (IFIN) was promoted in 1995, by IFCI Ltd., to provide a wide range of financial products and services to investors, institutional and retail. IFIN is primarily involved in Stock Broking, Investment Banking, Mutual Fund Distribution & Advisory Services, Depository Participant Services, Insurance Products Distribution and the like.

IFIN is a SEBI registered Stock Broker on National Stock Exchange of India Ltd (NSE) and Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE) etc. and is positioned as a global financial supermarket, built on the foundations of incisive research and trust. Intense interaction with investors helps us understand their specific needs and suggest holistic and appropriate financial solutions. Our team of professionals continuously scans the financial arena and stay ever prepared to educate investors and partner them in creating enduring wealth.

#### Subsidiaries:

- The subsidiary company IFIN Commodity Limited is a registered member of Multi Commodity Exchange Limited and National Commodity and Derivatives Exchange (NCDEX) and it is primarily engaged in the business of providing Commodity Market related transaction services.

- The subsidiary company IFIN Securities Finance Limited is a Non Banking Finance Company, registered u/s 45-IA of Reserve Bank of India Act, and is primarily engaged in the business of providing loans against shares and margin funding.

- The subsidiary company IFIN Credit Limited is not engaged in any business activity.

# IFCI Limited, our legendary Parent Institution

The Government of India established The Industrial Finance Corporation of India (IFCI) on July 1, 1948 as India's first and premier Development Financial Institution, to eater to the long - term financial needs of the industrial sector.

#### **B** Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

This note provides a list of the significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### a) Basis of Preparation

## (i) Statement of Compliance

The Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2023 have been prepared by the Group in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with relevant rules of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015.

The financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023 are the fourth Consolidated financial statements of the Company prepared under Ind AS and the date of transition to the Ind AS was April 1,2017.

The Consolidated financial statements were authorised for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on May 12, 2023.

The Consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with historical cost basis, except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values, as explained in the accounting policies.

## (ii) Functional and Presentation Currency

These Consolidated financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (3), which is the Group's functional and presentation currency. All amounts are rounded off to the nearest two decimal, except when otherwise indicated.

## (iii) Use of Estimates and Judgment

The preparation of the Consolidated financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions. These estimates, judgments and assumptions affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Accounting estimates could change from period to period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as management becomes aware of changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Changes in estimates are reflected in the Consolidated financial statements in the period in which changes are made and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised prospectively.

#### (a) Judgements

Information about the judgements made in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effects on the amounts recognised in the Consolidated financial statements is included here:

Classification of financial assets : Assessment of business model within which the assets are held and assessment of whether the contractual terms of the financial asset are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Impairment of financial assets : establishing the criteria for determining whether credit risk on the financial assets has increased significantly since initial recognition, determining methodology for incorporating forward looking information into measurement of expected credit loss ('ECL') and selection of models used to measure ECL.





Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

Equity accounted investees : The Company has significant influence over its subsidiaries (investee) of IFIN Commodities Limited (ICOM), IFIN Securities Finance Limited (ISFL) & IFIN Credit Limited (ICL).

#### (b) Assumptions and estimation uncertainties

Information about assumptions and estimation uncertainties that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment in the year ended 31st March 2023 is included in the following notes:

Impairment of financial instruments : Determining inputs into the ECL measurement model, including incorporation of forward looking information including key assumptions used in estimating recoverable cash flows

- · Determination of the fair value of financial instruments with significant unobservable inputs.
- · Measurement of defined benefit obligations : key actuarial assumptions.
- · Recognition of deferred tax assets : availability of future taxable profit against which carry forward tax losses can be used.
- Determination of the estimated useful lives of tangible assets and the assessment as to which components of the cost may be capitalized
- Estimates regarding the value in use of the cash generating unit (CGU) for non financial assets based on the future cash flows.; and
- Recognition and measurement of provisions and contingencies: key assumptions about the likelihood and magnitude of an outflow of resources.

#### (vi) Business Combinations

Business Combinations are accounted for using the acquisitions method. At the acquisition date, identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are measured at fair value. For this purpose, the liabilities assumed include contingent liabilities representing present obligation and they are measured at their acquisition date fair values irrespective of the fact that outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is not probable. The Consideration transferred is measured at fair value at acquisition date and includes the fair value of any contingent consideration. However, deferred tax asset or liability and any liability or asset relating to employee benefit arrangements arising from a business combination are measured and recognized in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 12, Income taxes and Ind AS 19, Employee Benefits, Respectively. Where the consideration transferred exceed the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed, the excess is recorded as goodwill. Alternatively, in case of a bargain purchase wherein the consideration transferred is lower than the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed, the difference as a gain in other comprehensive income and accumulate the gain in equity as capital reserve. The costs of acquisitions excluding those relating to issue of equity or debt securities are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they are incurred.

In case of business combinations involving entities under common control, the above policy does not apply. Business combinations involving entities under common control are accounted for using the pooling of interests method. The net assets of the transferor entity or business are accounted at their carrying amount on the date of the acquisition subject to necessary adjustments required to harmonic accounting policies. Any excess or short fall of the consideration paid over the share capital of transferor entity or business is recognized as capital reserve under equity.

#### Goodwill

Goodwill is an asset representing the future economic benefits arising from other assets acquired in a business combination that are not individually identified and separately recognized. Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the consideration transferred over the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed, measured in accordance with Ind AS 103 - Business Combinations.

Goodwill is considered to have indefinite useful life and hence is not subject to amortization but tested for impairment at least annually. After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination, is from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the group's cash generation Units (CGUs) that are expected to benefit from the combination. A CGU is the Smallest identifiable group of assets that generates each inflows that that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or group of assets. Each CGU or a combination of CGU to which goodwill is so allocated represents the lowest level at which goodwill is monitored for internal management purpose and it is not larger than an operating segment of the group.

A CGU to which the goodwill is allocated is tested for impairment annually, and whenever there is an indication that the CGU may be impaired, by comparing the carrying amount of the CGU, including the goodwill with the recoverable amount of the CGU. If the recoverable amount of the CGU exceed the carrying amount of the CGU exceed the recoverable amount of the CGU, the group recognizes an impairment loss by first reducing the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the CGU and then to other assets of the CGU pro-rata based on the carrying amount of each asset in the CGU. Any impairment loss on goodwill is recognized in the statement of profit and loss. An impairment loss recognized on goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

On disposal of a CGU to which goodwill is allocated the goodwill associated with the disposed CGU is included in the carrying amount of the CGU when determining the gain or loss on disposal.

#### (y) Principles and assumptions used for consolidated financial statements and pro-forma adjustments

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared applying the principles laid in the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 110 Consolidated Financial Statements issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India as considered appropriate for the purposes of these Consolidated Balance Sheet, and Profit and Loss Account, together referred to in as 'Consolidated Financial Statements'.





Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

IFCI Financial Services Ltd's (the parent company or the holding company) shareholding in the following companies as on March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022 are as under:

	Country	Date on which	As on 31st M	ar 2023	As on March	31, 2022
Name of the Subsidiary		became a Subsidiary	No of shares held	% of holding	No of shares held	% of holding
IFIN Commodities Limited	India	30-Jan-09	50,00,000	100%	50,00,000	100%
IFIN Credit Limited	India	01-Fcb-10	25,00,000	100%	25,00,000	100%
IFIN Securities Finance Ltd. (Formerly known as Narayan Sriram Investments Private Ltd)	India	02-Mar-11	30,01,000	100%	30,01,000	100%

#### (vi) Principles used in preparing Consolidated Financial statements:

a) In preparing consolidated financial statements, the financial statements of the parent and its subsidiaries is combined on a line by line basis by adding together like items of assets, liabilities, income and expenses.

b) Intra-group transactions are eliminated in preparation of consolidated financial statements

c) The cost to the parent of its investment in each subsidiary and the parent's portion of equity of each subsidiary, at the date on which investment in each subsidiary is made, is eliminated.

(i) In the case of IFIN Commodities Ltd., since the amount paid is equal to the paid up capital of the subsidiary, there is neither goodwill nor a capital reserve.

(ii) In the case of IFIN Credit Ltd., IFCI Financial Services Ltd. had acquired the 100% of the share capital in two stages i.e. initially 45% in the accounting year 2008 - 2009 and the balance in 2009 - 2010. The total amount paid is Rs.2,79,00,000 for a net asset value of Rs.1,98,81,335/- as on 01.02.2010 i.e., the date on which the Company became a subsidiary (Wholly owned). The surplus of Rs.80,18,665/- is adjusted against the Amalgamation Reserve of Rs.97,63,970/- leaving a balance of Rs 17,45,305/-.

(iii) In the case of IFIN Securities Finance Ltd (Formerly known as Narayan Sriram Investments Private Ltd.), IFCI Financial Services Ltd. had acquired the 100% of the share capital for a consideration of Rs. 73,23,063 for a total equity of Rs.1,00,000/- as on 02.03.2011 i.e., the date on which the Company became a subsidiary (Wholly owned). The total Net worth as on date of acquisition of Rs.50,69,206/- and the balance amount of Rs.22, 53,857 is shown as goodwill.

#### (vii) Cash Flow Statement

Cash flow statement is prepared in accordance with the indirect method prescribed in Ind AS 7 'Statement of Cash Flows'

Cash and eash equivalents in the balance sheet comprise eash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

#### (viii) Measurement of Fair Values

A number of the Group's accounting policies and disclosures require the measurement of fair values, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities.

Fair values are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows.

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group uses observable market data as far as possible. If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

The Group recognises transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

#### b) Financial Instruments

#### (i) Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

A financial asset or financial liability is initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL)) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition.





#### IFCI Financial Services Limited Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (All amounts are in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

#### (ii) Classification and Subsequent Measurement

Financial Assets On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified and measured at - Amortised Cost, - FVOC1; or - FVTPL

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition, except if and in the period the Group changes its business model for managing financial assets.

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and

- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

All financial assets not classified as measured at amortised cost or FVOCI as described above are measured at FVTPL. This includes all derivative financial assets. On initial recognition, the Group may irrevocably designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortised cost or at FVOCI as at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

Financial Assets: Subsequent measurement and gains and losses

Financial assets at FVTPL	These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest or dividend income, are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss.
Financial assets at amortised cost	These assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The amortised cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss.
FVOCI	These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income under the effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss. Other net gains and losses are recognised in OCI and are not reclassified to profit or loss.

Financial Liabilities: Classification, subsequent measurement and gains and losses

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortised cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held-fortrading, or it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss. Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognised in Statement of Profit or Loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is also recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### (iii) Derecognition

#### Financial Assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset when :

- the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or

- the Group transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and does not retain control of the financial asset.

If the Group enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognised on its balance sheet, but retains either all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred assets, the transferred assets are not derecognised.

#### Financial Liabilities

The Group derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expired.

The Group also derecognises a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows under the modified terms are substantially different. In this case, a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognised at fair value. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished and the new financial liability with modified terms is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### (iv) Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the balance sheet when, and only when, the Group currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

#### c) Investments:

All equity investments in scope of Ind AS 109 (i.e. other than equity investments in subsidiaries / associates / joint ventures) are measured at FVTPL.

Subsequently, these are measured at fair value and changes therein, are recognised in profit and loss account. However on initial recognition of an equity instrument that is not held for trading, the Group may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value in OCI. This election is made on an investment by investment basis.

#### d) Property, Plant and Equipment

#### (i) Recognition and Measurement

Property, Plant and Equipment are stated at cost (cost is inclusive of inward freight, duties and taxes and incidental expenses related to acquisition including applicable borrowing costs for qualifying assets) and is not of accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any.

Cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates, any directly attributable cost of bringing the item to its working condition for its intended use and estimated exists of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, then they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### (ii) Subsequent Expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Group.

#### (iii) Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated on cost of items of property, plant and equipment less their estimated residual values over their estimated useful lives using straight-line method and is generally recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Residual value in respect of assets is considered as 5% of the cost for computing depreciation.

The estimated useful lives of items of property, plant and equipment for the current and comparative periods are as follows:

Asset	Useful life (in years)
Computer equipment's and accessories	3
Servers	6
Office equipment's	5
Motor Vehicles	10
Furniture and fittings	10

Depreciation on additions (disposals) is provided on a pro-rata basis i.e. from (up to) the month in which asset is disposed of.

#### (iv) Derecognition

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### e) Other Intangible Assets

#### (i) Recognition and Measurement

Other intangible assets are initially measured at cost. Such intangibles are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

#### (ii) Subsequent Expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates. All other expenditure on internally generated intangibles is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss as incurred.

#### (iii) Amortization

Amortisation is calculated to write off the cost of intangible assets over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method, and is included in depreciation and amortisation in Statement of Profit and Loss.

The estimated useful lives are as follows:	
Assets	Useful life (in years)
Computer Software	6
Non compete fees	5

Amortisation method, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at the end of each financial year, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

#### f) Impairment

#### (i) Impairment of Financial Instruments

The Group recognizes loss allowances for expected credit losses on financial assets measured at amortized cost and FVOCI. At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether financial assets carried at amortized cost are credit - impaired. A financial asset is 'credit - impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

Impairment loss is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive (i.e. all cash shortfalls). The Group estimates cash flows by considering all contractual terms of the financial instrument through the expected life of that financial instrument.

The Group follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on trade receivables which do not contain a significant financing component. The application of simplified approach does not require the Group to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime impairment pattern at each balance sheet date, right from its initial recognition.

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortized cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets. The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off (either partially or in full) to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Group determines that the debtor does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write-off. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities in order to comply with the Group's procedures for recovery of amounts due.

#### (ii) Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

The Group assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated and an impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or Cash Generating Unit (CGU) exceeds its estimated recoverable amount in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

The Group's non-financial assets and deferred tax assets, are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. For impairment testing, assets that do not generate independent cash inflows are grouped together into CGUs. Each CGU represents the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or CGUs. Impairment loss recognised in respect of a CGU is allocated to reduce the carrying amounts of the assets of the CGU (or group of CGUs) on a pro rata basis.

In respect of assets for which impairment loss has been recognised in prior periods, the Group reviews at each reporting date whether there is any indication that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. Such a reversal is made only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

#### g) Employee Benefits

#### (i) Short-term Employee Benefits

Short-term employee benefit obligations are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid e.g., under short-term cash bonus, if the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee, and the amount of obligation can be estimated reliably.

#### (ii) Provident Fund

Employees receive benefits from a provident fund, which is a defined contribution plan. Both the employee and the Group make monthly contributions to the Regional Provident Fund equal to a specified percentage of the covered employee's salary. The Group recognizes contribution payable to the provident fund scheme as an expenditure, when an employee renders the related service. The Group has no further obligations under the plan beyond its monthly contributions. The contributions are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss of the year when the contributions to the respective funds are due and there are no other obligations other than the contribution payable.

#### (iii) Gratuity

The Group provides for gratuity in accordance with the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972, a defined benefit retirement plan (the Plan) covering all employees. The plan, subject to the provisions of the above Act, provides a lump sum payment to eligible employees at retirement, death, incapacitation or termination of employment, of an amount based on the respective employee's salary and the tenure of employment. The gratuity Scheme is operated through Group gratuity Scheme of LIC. Gratuity liability is accrued and provided for on the basis of an actuarial valuation on projected unit credit method made at the end of each financial period. Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability, which comprise actuarial gains and losses, the return on plan assets (excluding interest) and the effect of the asset ceiling (if any, excluding interest), are recognised in OCI.

#### (iv) Compensated Absences

The policy provides for that an employee is entitled to 24 days of carned leave per year and maximum of 30 days leave subject to availability of Annual Leave standing to the credit of the employee at any time during the year will be paid as leave salary calculated on the Gross component. The expenses on account thus arising are recognized in the profit and loss account.

Provision for long-term compensated absences is accrued and provided for on the basis of actuarial valuation made at the end of each financial period. The actuarial valuation is done as per projected unit credit method. Short-term encashment of accumulated leave balances are accounted for in the year in which the leave balances are credited to employees on actual basis.



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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

#### h) Provisions (other than for employee benefits) and Contingent Liabilities

A provision is recognised if, as a result of a past event, the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows (representing the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the balance sheet date) at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as finance cost. Expected future operating losses are not provided for.

#### **Contingent Liabilities**

Contingent liabilities are recognized only when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, due to occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events, not wholly within the control of the Group, or where any present obligation cannot be measured in terms of future outflow of resources, or where a reliable estimate of the obligation cannot be made. Obligations are assessed on an ongoing basis and only those having a largely probable outflow of resources are provided for.

#### i) Revenue Recognition

(i) Brokerage Income is recognized on the trade date of the transaction upon confirmation of the transactions by the exchanges.

(ii) Loan Syndication Fees are recognised when the right to receive the income is established.

(iii) Depository Services incomes are recognised on the basis of agreements entered into with clients and when the right to receive the income is established.

(iv) Insurance Commission from Agency business is booked upon actual receipt of commission from the principal.

(v) Commission from selling of mutual funds is accounted on receipt basis.

(vi) Recovery from bad debts written off is recognised as income on the basis of actual realisation from customers.

(vii) Dividends declared by the respective Companies till the close of the accounting period are accounted for as income when the right to receive the dividend is established.

(viii) Interest income from financial assets is recognised on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the rate applicable.

(ix) Interest earned on loans against shares (financial asset) in case of NBFC is recognized based on the effective interest rate (EIR) method as per Ind AS 109 & 32.

(x) All other income are recognized on an accrual basis, when there is no uncertainty in the ultimate realization/ collection.

#### j) Income Tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. It is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination or to an item recognised directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

#### (i) Current Tax

Current tax comprises the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. The amount of current tax reflects the best estimate of the tax amount expected to be paid or received after considering the uncertainty, if any, related to income taxes. It is measured using tax rates (and tax laws) enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset only if there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts, and it is intended to realise the asset and settle the liability on a net basis or simultaneously.

#### (ii) Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the corresponding amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is also recognised in respect of carried forward tax losses and tax credits. Deferred tax is not recognised for temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss at the time of the transaction.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used. The existence of unused tax losses is strong evidence that future taxable profit may not be available. Therefore, in case of a history of recent losses, the Group recognises a deferred tax asset only to the extent that it has sufficient taxable temporary differences or there is convincing other evidence that sufficient taxable profit will be available against which such deferred tax asset can be realised. Deferred tax assets – unrecognised or recognised, are reviewed at each reporting date and are recognised/ reduced to the extent that it is probable/ no longer probable respectively that the related tax benefit will be realised.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

The measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity, or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realised simultaneously.





Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

#### k) Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs are interest incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing costs directly attributable to acquisition or construction of an qualifying asset which necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset. Other borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

#### I) Earnings per Share

(i) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing:

- the profit attributable to owners of the Group
- by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the financial year, excluding treasury shares

#### (ii) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account:

- the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential equity shares, and

- the weighted average number of additional equity shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

#### m) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent comprise of cash on hand and at banks including short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Other bank deposits which are not in the nature of cash and cash equivalents with a maturity period of more than three months are classified as bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents.

#### n) Bank balances other than Cash and Cash equivalents

Other bank deposits which are not in the nature of cash and cash equivalents with a maturity period of more than three months are classified as bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents.

Fixed Deposits with a maturity period of more than 12 Months are classified under Other financial asset (Non current)





IFCI Financial Services Limited Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (All amounts are in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

# 2 Property, Plant and Equipment

Reconciliation of Carrying Amount

Gross Carrying Amount	Balance as at April 1, 2021	ions	sals	Transfers/Adjustments	Balance as at March 31, 2022	suoi	sals	Balance as at March 31, 2023	
Gross Ca	Balance a	Additions	Disposals	Transfers/	Balance a	Additions	Disposals	Balance a	

Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment Losses
Balance as at April 1, 2021
Depreciation for the year
Disposals
Transfers/Adjustments
Balance as at March 31, 2022
Depreciation
Disposals .
Balance as at March 31, 2023

Carrying Amounts (net) At March 31, 2023 At March 31, 2022

4,07,87,642 $56,77,766$ $1,29,16,902$ $5,93,82,310.14$ $50,16,746$ $1,61,929$ $51,78,674.81$ $(1,54,427)$ $(75,128)$ $(68,295)$ $(2,97,849.96)$ $(1,03,397)$ $(7,51,28)$ $(68,295)$ $(2,97,849.96)$ $(1,03,397)$ $(7,5,4564)$ $57,64,567$ $1,29,52,005$ $6,42,63,135.00$ $18,69,887$ $(6,6,5,398)$ $(6,5,398)$ $(65,5387)30$ $4,74,16,451$ $57,64,567$ $1,29,52,005$ $(6,5,295,636.96)$ $3,91,49,391$ $57,64,567$ $1,28,86,607$ $6,60,67,624.30$ $3,91,49,391$ $54,44,719$ $1,17,01,527$ $5,62,95,636.96$ $9,03,330$ $10,322$ $2,21,442$ $11,35,094,38$ $(1,54,427)$ $(76,784)$ $7,6,784$ $(6,6,97)$ $(2,6,784)$ $7,6,784$ $7,6,784$ $(5,4,824)$ $(76,784)$ $1,19,32,756$ $5,71,36,178.88$ $12,39,555$ $6,940$ $(5,4,824)$ $(5,4,824)$ $4,10,61,064$ $53,88,854$ $1,20,98,232$ $5,85,48,150$ $4,10,61,064$ $53,88,854$ $1,20,98,232$ $5,85,48,150$ $6,3,55,387$ $3,75,713$ $7,88,375$ $75,19,475$ $6,3,55,387$ $3,75,713$ $7,88,375$ $75,19,475$ $6,3,55,387$ $3,75,713$ $7,88,375$ $75,19,475$	Computer Equipments and Accessories	Furniture & Fixtures	Office Equipments	Total
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	4,07,87,642	56,77,766	1.29.16.902	5.93.82.310.14
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	50,16,746	1,61,929		51.78.674.81
)     1,03,397       57,64,567     1,29,52,005     6,       57,64,567     1,29,52,005     6,       57,64,567     1,28,86,607     6,       76,784     2,21,442     5,       10,322     2,21,442     5,       73,128     (66,997)     5,       6,940     2,20,300     5,       53,88,854     1,19,32,756     5,       3,75,713     7,88,375	(1,54,427)	(75,128)	(68,295)	(2,97,849.96)
57,64,567       1,29,52,005       6,         -       (65,398)       6,         -       (65,398)       6,         57,64,567       1,28,86,607       6,         51,64,519       1,17,01,527       5,         (73,128)       (73,128)       (66,997)         )       (73,128)       (66,997)         )       -       76,784         53,81,913       1,19,32,756       5,         53,88,854       1,20,98,232         3,75,713       7,88,375	(1,03,397)	ľ	1,03,397	
- (65,398) 57,64,567 (55,398) 54,44,719 (1,17,01,527 5, 10,322 2,21,442 76,997 76,784 5, 6,940 2,20,300 - (54,824) - (54,824) - (54,824) 3,75,713 7,88,375	4,55,46,564	57,64,567	1,29,52,005	6,42,63,135.00
- (65,398) 57,64,567 1,28,86,607 6, 54,44,719 1,17,01,527 5, 10,322 2,21,442 76,784 5, (73,128) (66,997) 53,81,913 1,19,32,756 5, 6,940 2,20,300 - (54,824) 53,88,854 1,20,98,232 3, 3,75,713 7,88,375	18,69,887			18,69,887.30
57,64,567     1,28,86,607     6,       54,44,719     1,17,01,527     5,       0     (73,128)     2,21,442     5,       10,322     2,21,442     5,       10,322     2,21,442     5,       10,322     2,21,442     5,       10,322     1,19,32,756     5,       53,81,913     1,19,32,756     5,       6,940     2,20,300     -       53,88,854     1,20,98,232       3,75,713     7,88,375		1	(65,398)	(02,398.00)
54,44,719       1,17,01,527       5,         10,322       2,21,442       5,         10,322       2,21,442       7,784         10       (73,128)       (66,997)       7,784         1       -       76,784       5,784         53,81,913       1,19,32,756       5,7         53,88,854       1,20,98,232       5,388,375         3,75,713       7,88,375       7,88,375	4,74,16,451	57,64,567	1,28,86,607	6,60,67,624.30
10,322       2,21,442         -       (73,128)       (66,997)         -       76,784       75,784         53,81,913       1,19,32,756       5,         6,940       2,20,300       -         -       (54,824)       -         53,88,854       1,20,98,232       3,75,713         3,75,713       7,88,375       7,88,375	3,91,49,391	54,44,719	1,17,01,527	5.62.95.636.96
) (73,128) (66,997) - 76,784 53,81,913 1,19,32,756 5, 6,940 2,20,300 - (54,824) 53,88,854 1,20,98,232 3,75,713 7,88,375	9,03,330	10,322	2,21,442	11.35.094.38
)         -         76,784           53,81,913         1,19,32,756         5,71,36           6,940         2,20,300         14,66           -         (54,824)         (14,66)           53,88,854         1,20,98,232         5,85           3,75,713         7,88,375         75	(1,54,427)	(73,128)	(66,997)	(2,94,552.46)
53,81,913     1,19,32,756     5,71,36       6,940     2,20,300     14,66       -     (54,824)     0       53,88,854     1,20,98,232     5,85       3,75,713     7,88,375     75	(76,784)		76,784	
6,940 2,20,300 14,66 (54,824)	3,98,21,509	53,81,913	1,19,32,756	5,71,36,178.88
(54,824) 53,88,854 1,20,98,232 5,85 3,75,713 7,88,375 75	12,39,555	6,940	2,20,300	14,66,794.89
53,88,854 1,20,98,232 5, 3,75,713 7,88,375		1	. (54,824)	(54,824)
3,75,713 7,88,375	4,10,61,064	53,88,854	1,20,98,232	5,85,48,150
3,75,713 7,88,375				
	63,55,387	3,75,713	7,88,375	75,19,475



71,26,956

10,19,249

3,82,653

57,25,054

•

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

# 3 Other Intangible Assets

**Reconciliation of Carrying Amount** 

	Computer Software	Others - Non compete fees	Total
Gross Carrying Amount			
Balance as at April 1, 2021	3,57,44,903	1,32,00,000	4,89,44,903
Additions	22,64,840	-	22,64,840
Balance as at March 31, 2022	3,80,09,743	1,32,00,000	5,12,09,743
Additions	3,27,000	-	3,27,000
Balance as at March 31, 2023	3,83,36,743	1,32,00,000	5,15,36,743
Accumulated Amortisation and Impairment Losses			
Balance as at April 1, 2021	3,42,59,120	1,32,00,000	4,74,59,120
Amortisation for the year	1,52,647	-	1,52,647
Balance as at March 31, 2022	3,44,11,768	1,32,00,000	4,76,11,768
Amortisation for the year	3,62,640		3,62,640
Balance as at March 31, 2023	3,47,74,408	1,32,00,000	4,79,74,408
Carrying Amounts (net)			
As at March 31, 2023	35,62,336	-	35,62,336
As at March 31, 2022	39,24,976	-	35,97,976



1

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (All amounts are in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

4 Loans	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
4 Loans		
Security Deposits		
Secured, considered good	7,61,64,191	1,77,35,871
Unsceured, considered good		
Doubtful		-
	7,61,64,191	1,77,35,871
2 2022 - HALL VILLA - 1		
5 Other Financial Assets		
Bank deposit accounts (more than 12 months maturity)	63,72,412	13,34,75,426
Security Deposits	16.66,92,301	22,00,93,673
Rent advances	40,28,500	40,28,500
	17,70,93,213	35,75,97,599
Current*	13,41,27,301	19,64,00,947
Non-Current**	4,29,65,912	16,11,96,653
	17,70,93,213	35,75,97,599

\* Deposit amounting to ₹ 13,40,50,173 (Previous year - ₹ 15,17,18,173) represents margin money maintained with Exchange

\*\* Non-Current depusit includes fixed deposits aggregating to ₹ 48,72,412 (Previous Year - ₹ 10,36,87,745) against which tien has been marked by the banks for meeting the margin and base minimum capital requirements with NSE & BSE for trading in various portfolios.

#### 6 Other Non-Current Assets

7

8

Balance with IT Authorities	4,17,34,143	1 20 10 000
Fair Value of Plan Asset - Gratuity fund		3,78,19,989
ran value of rian Asse Oraciny foru	1,94,479	46,94,785
	4,19,28,622	4,25,14,774
7 Investment - Current		
Investments measured at Fair Value through Profit and Loss (FVTFL)		
- In Equity Instrument	4.913	4,913
- In Mutoal Funds*	2,54,00,011	10,21,98,771
	2,54,04,924	10,22,03,684
Loss		
Increase/Decrease in Fair Value	(4,913)	-592
Total of Investments measured at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss	2,54,00,011	10,22,03,092
* Represents investments in the following :		
- Aditya Birla Sun Life Liquid Fund, 14,718.745 Units of Face Value 🗧 339.6859 -		
- Addya Birla Sun Life Liquid Fund, 55,237.704 Units of Face Value 7 559.264-		
3 Trade Receivables		
Considered Good Secured	-	18
Considered Good Unsecured	1,77,61,048	5,12,47,492
Receivables which have significant increase in Credit Risk	6,76,70,104	6,37,33,421
Credit Impaired	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	0.00000000000
Loss		
Allowance for Expected Credit Loss	(6,75,69,875)	(6,37,33,421)
Net Trade Receivables	1,77,61,277	5,12,47,492

The Group's exposure to credit and currency risks, and loss allowance related to trade receivables are disclosed in Note 28

#### Trade Receivables ageing schedule

8.1 - Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment as at 31st March 2023

Particulars	Less than 6 months	6 months-1 Year	1-2 Year	2-3 Year	More than 3 year	Total
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables -considered good	1,77,33,086	4,689	14,534	•	8,740	1,77,61,048
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables -which have significant increased in credit risk	9,00,798	13,61,556	33,67,625	6,38,979	1,66,45,165	2,29,14,124
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - Credit impaired	× .	-	-		1.5	
(iv) Disputed Trade receivables - considered good	2 C	2 B				2
(v)Disputed Trade Receivables -which have significant increased in credit risk	÷		155	1 10.0	4,47,55,981	4,47,55,981
(vi)Disputed Trade Receivables - Credit impaired						
Total Less: Loss Allowance	1,86,33,884	13,66,245	33,82,158	6,38,979	6,14,09,885	8,54,31,15231 (6,76,69,875)
Net Trade Receivables					-	1,77,61,277





IFCI Financial Services Limited Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (All amounts are in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Less than 6 months	6 months-1 Year	1-2 Year	2-3 Year	More than 3 year	Total
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables -considered good	4,79,98,300	31,19,192	•	•	1,30,000	5,12,47,492
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables -which have significant increased in credit risk	3,45,936	8,04,334	9,16,796	5,05,685	1,64,04,590	1,89,77,441
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - Credit impaired		•	-	÷.,	•	•
(iv) Disputed Trade receivables -considered good	+	10 E	ал. С	(a)	(#C)	
(v)Disputed Trade Receivables -which have significant increased in credit risk	7	÷	•	7	4,47,55,981	4,47,55,981
(vi)Disputed Trade Receivables - Credit impaired				•		-
Total Less: Loss Allowance	4,83,44,236	39,23,526	9,16,796	5,05,685	6,12,90,570	11,49,80,913.48 (6,37,33,421
Net Trade Receivables						5,12,47,492

#### 9 Cash and Bank Balances

9,28,73,38	11,49,91,265
10,212	1,233
2,85,00,000	3,15,00,000
12,13,83,593	14,64,92,498
31,03,63,044	17, 14, 19,081
	25,00,000
31,03,63,044	17,39,19,081
	10.212 2,85,00,000 12,13,83,593 31,03,63,044

\* Bank deposit accounts includes fixed deposits with banks oggregating to ₹ 15,63,94,459/ against which lien has been marked by the banks for meeting the margin and base minimum capital requirements with SHCIL, NSCCL, NCL, MSEIL & NSE for trading in various portfolios.

#### 11 Loans

10

Other Loans and Advances	6,22,00,623	6,69,75,134
TDS and Advance Tax	85,369	79,544
	6,22,85,992	6,70,54,678
Less:		
Provision for Impairment loss	(28,79,929)	(17,37,291)
Net	5,94,06,063	6,53,17,387
Other Current Assets		
Interest accrued on Deposits	1,50,10,528	85,32,693
Balance with Revenue Authorities	24,99,244	25,29,77
Prepaid Expenses	60,82,635	67,94,838
Other Advances*	27,89,782	1,26,754
Employee Advances	2,91,519	5,82,300
Other Assets	16,076	10,887
	2.66.89,784	1,85,77,249

\* Other advances includes a sum of Rs. 25,00,000- paid to NSE which will be moved to Security deposits under note 3 Other Financial Assets upon confirmation of deposit.



# IFCI Financial Services Limited Notes to the Consolidated Pinancial Statements (All narouats are in Indian Rupers, unless otherwise stated)

	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
3 Equity Share Capital		
Authorised		
50,060,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each	50,00,00,000	50,00,00,000
Issued, subscribed and paid-up		
41,533,709 equity shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid up	41,53,37,090	41,53,37,050
	41,53,37,090	41,53,37,090

Reconcillation of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period

	As at 31 March 2023		As at 31 March 2022	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Equity shares				
As at beginning of the period	4,15,33,709	41,53,37,099	4,15,33,789	41.53,37,090
Shares issued during the period				
At the end of the period	4,15,33,709	41,53,37,090	4,15,33,709	41.53,37.090

Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to equity shares The Company has a single class of equity shares. Accordingly, all equity shares mak equally with regard to dividends and share in the Company's residual assession winding up. The equity shares are enabled to receive dividend as declaration time. The verticing rights of an equity shares mak equally with regard to dividends and share in the Company's residual assession winding up. The equity shares are enabled to receive dividend as declaration to time. The verticing rights of an equity shares capital of the company. Vating rights cannot be exercised in respect of shares any lead to their forfeinte.

On winding up of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive the residual assets of the Company, remaining after distribution of all performinal amounts, in proportion to the number of equity shares need.

Particulars of shareholders holding more than 5% shares of a class of shares

	As at 31 March	As at 31 March 2023		2022
	Number of shares held	% holding	Number of shares held	% holding
IFCI Limited and Nominees *	3,93,63,309	94.78%	3,93,63,809	\$1,7896
Ultimate Holding Company				

Shares held by promoters at the end of the year

	As at 31 March 2023 As			As at 31 March 2022		
	No. of Shares	% of Total Shares	% Change during the year	No. of Shares	% of Total Shares	% Change during the year
IFCI Liurited and Nonlinees	3,93,63,809	94,78%	•	3,93,63,809	94,78%	



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (All amounts are in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
14 Other Financial Liabilities		
Security deposits collected	40,05,752	42,35,312
Employee Related payables	19,87,097	14,44,628
Credit balances in loan accounts	1,89,581	1,92,027
	61,82,431	58,71,968
Security deposits		
Non-Current	37,14,166	39,43,726
Current	24,68,264	19,28,241
	61,82,431	58,71,968

The Group's exposure to currency and liquidity risks related to the above financial liabilities is disclosed in Nate 28.

#### 15 Trade and Other Payables

Other Trade Payables	16,84,22,354	27,60,68,577
	16.84.22.354	27,60,68,577
All trade matching and (Compart)		

The Group's exposure to currency and liquidity risks related to trade payables is disclosed in Note 28.

#### Trade Payables ageing schedule

14.1 - Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment as at 31st March 2023

Particulars	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Year	2-3 Year	More than 3 year	Total
MSME		•		•	
Others	15,92,26,223	26,39,187	38,98,038	26,58,906	16,84,22,354
Disputed dues - MSME					2
Disputed dues - Others		3. B	5 <b>*</b> 5	82	

#### 14.2 - Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment as at 31st March 2022

Particulars	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Year	2-3 Year	More than 3 year	Total
MSME	-		-	-	77
Others	26,59,87,908	23,87,274	16,48,718	60,44,677	27,60,68,577
Disputed dues - MSME					
Disputed dues - Others		1042			

#### 16 Other Current Liabilities

Creditors for expenses	4,04,214	4,33,557
Expenses Payable *	58,21,287	63,11,240
Statutory Dues payable	28,96,853	41.19.776
Advance from Customers	2,39,08,787	1,15,85,994
Payable to Exchanges	\$3,971	2,78,989
Other liabilities	43,73,910	45,38,359
	3,74,89,022	2,72,67,915

\*Expenses payable include expenses towards office maintenance, commission payable to sub brokers and provision for litigation losses.

#### 17 Provisions

- Compensated Absences	88,92,652	80,37,676
- Gratuity	1,94,918	-
- Bonus	20,010	16,332

Provision for lucome tax 2022-23		
	91,07,580	80,54,008
Non-Current	84,32,983	73,24,242
Current	6,74,597	7,29,766
	91,07,580	80,54,008

For details about the related employee benefit expenses, see Note 21.





#### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (All amounts are in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)		
	Period from April 01, 2022 to March 31, 2023	Period from April 01, 2021 to March 31, 2022
18 Revenue from Operation		
Brokerage On Stock Broking	11,01,53,041	13,43,70,514
Interest & Processing fees on loans	1,08,79,601	1.02,67,066
Commission On Mutual Fund	1,06,11,249	1,95,37,741
Depository Income	80,50,535	1,07,48,931
Merchant Banking & Valuation Fees	32,78,000	11,75,000
Account Opening Charges	1,30,500	1,91,100
Commission from Insurance Companies	99,144	1,91,065
Commission nour insurance companies	14,32,02,069	17,64,81,418
Other Operational Income		
Delayed Payment Interest	65,53,020	67,26,380
	14,97,55,090	18,32,07,797
19 Other Income		
Interest Income	1,65,37,160	1,53,16,390
Profit on Salc of Investments	62,16,393	89,25,602
Recovery of Deposits written off	27,00,000	
Deputation Income	9,36,056	10,05,504
Miscellaneous Income	7,00,199	7,80,949
Interest on Income Tax Refund	42,900	58,050
Reversal of impairment provision on receivable		1,88,82,254
Profit on Sale of Fixed assets	-	1,12,493
	2,71,32,708	4,50,81,241
20 Operational Expense		
Commission Paid	4,07,33,173	5,24,73,253
Information Technology Exp	35,37,487	43,26,694
Data Feed Charges	22,32,897	20,59,681
Membership Fee	15,12,790	13,03,177
Fees To Clearing Member	11,08,273	29,01,328
DP Expenses	9,65,756	11,94,817
Broking Stamp Expenses	3,45,028	57,600
	5,04,35,404	6,43,16,551
21 Employee Benefits Expense		
Salaries, Wages and Bonus	7,41,59,554	7,62,39,994
Contribution to Provident Fund and Other Funds	47,18,418	51,00,819
Staff Welfare Expense	36,25,667	25,54,072
Gratuity	6,87,623	13,27,835
	9 71 01 767	8 61 31 730

In respect of IFIN Credit Limited, there are no regular employee on its payroll. However, the Company has been using the services of a few employees of its holding company. IFCI Financial Services Limited on a cost sharing basis and the same is accounted as reimbursement of expenses.

#### 22 Finance costs

Bank Charges	2,10,854	1,51,295
Bank Guarantee Commission Expense		8,84,079
	2,10,854	10,35,374



8,31,91,262

8,52,22,720

# IFC1 Financial Services Limited Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (All amounts are in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

All amounts are in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise skited)	Period from April 01, 2022 to March 31, 2023	Period from April 01, 2021 to March 31, 2022
3 Deprectation and Amortisation Expense		
Depreciation of Property, Plant and Equipment	14,66,795	11,35,094
Amortisation of Intangible Assets	3,62,640	1,52,647
Anomisation of Intalgiote Asses	18,29,435	12,87,742
4 Other Expenses		
Rent	1,72,81,220	1,79,79,327 55,44,527
Professional Charges	57,36,538 54,48,568	54,61,279
Office Maintenance	38,65,595	33,02,618
Electricity Charges	37,01,602	33,51,584
Telephone Expenses	32,30,731	41,17,586
Annual Maintenance Charges	29,06,904	14,48,374
Insurance Expenses Audit Fees	19,05,127	18,15,285
	18,89,339	52,52,394
Net loss on fair value changes	13,93,922	52,52,554
Fines and Penalties	11,69,242	7,73,921
Travelling & Conveyance Exp	9,88,054	1,13,123
Ineligible laput Tax Credit Written off Other Administrative Expenses	9,04,589	8,77,312
Printing & Stationery	8,92,084	8,59,436
Litigation Losses	3,22,781	-
	2,97,280	5,34,222
Postage & Telegram	5,95,820	1,23,596
Training Expenses Sitting Fees	5,61,500	5,02,000
Rates & Taxes	3,55,783	2,68,702
Repairs & Maintenance	2,59,647	4,19,115
Advertisement	89,546	47,514
Profit/loss on Sale of Long Term Investments	9,570	
LIGHTOS OF SHE OF LONG TOTH IN COMONS	5,38,05,441	5,26,78,792
Payments to Auditors As Auditor:-	10,38,950	10,38,950
Statutory Audit Fee Fees for Limited review (Standalone & Consolidation)	5,42,115	5,42,115
Tax Audit	96,000	96,000
Other Service	2,28,062	2,73,220
	19,05,127	19,50,285
Impairment on financial instrument		
Provision for Impairment on Trade receivable	39,39,437	56,164
Provision for impairment in the value of investment	11,42,638	(2,83,224)
Bad debts written off	2,356	1,55,07,822
	50,84,431	1,52,80,762
5 Earnings per share Basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to equity shareholders and weighted average number of equity shares outstanding are as follows:		
i. Profit attributable to equity shareholders (basic and diluted) Profit for the year, attributable to the equity holders	(1,70,65,870)	72,04,471
II. Weighted average number of equity shares (basic and dilated) Opening balance Additional shares issued during the year	4,15,33,709	4,15,33,709
Weighted average number of equity shares for the year	4,15,33,709	4,15,33,709
Basic and Diluted EPS	(0.41)	0.17
	Statram & Co 2nd Floor 5 218, TTK Road	X

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (All amounts are in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

#### 27 Employee Benefit Expenses

(b) <u>Defined Contribution Plan</u> The Group has recognised an expense of ₹ 47,18,418 (Previous year ₹ 51,00,819(-) towards provident fund and other welfare funds.

(II) <u>Defined Benefit Plan - Compensated Absence</u> The Group has recognised an expense of \$ 35,96,671 /- during the year ended March 31, 2023 as per actuarial valuation report. The closing balance of compensated absence as at march March 31, 2023 is \$ 88,92,652/-

#### (III) Defined Benefit Plas - Gratuity

C

D

The Group has constituted the Employees Group Gratuity Fund under the Group Gratuity Assurance Scheme administered by the Life Insurance Corporation of India. The scheme provides for Lump sum payment to vested employees at retirement, death while in employment or on termination of employment of an amount equivalent to 15 days salary payable for each year of completed service or part thereof in excess of 6 months. Vesting occurs on completion of 5 years of service.

These defined benefit plans expose the Group to actuarial risks, such as longevity risk, interest rate risk and market (investment) risk.

A Reconciliation of Amounts in Balance Sheet

Reconcidation of Amounts in Balance Sheet	For the period from April 01, 2022 to March 31, 2023	For the period from April 01, 2021 to March 31, 2022
Defined Barefit Obligation (DBO) at the end of period	1,43,02,574	1,03,58,657
Fair Value of Plan Assets at the end of period	1,43,02,136	1.50,53,442
Funded Status - (Surplus)/Deficit	438	(46,94,785)
Liability/(Asset) recognised in the Balance Sheet *	438	(46,94,785)

#### B Reconciliation of the Net Defined Benefit (Asset) Liability

The following table shows a reconciliation from the opening balances to the closing balances for the net defined benefit (asset) liability and its components.

Reconciliation of present value of defined benefit abligation	For the period from April 01, 2022 to March 31, 2023	For the period from April 01, 2021 to March 31, 2022
Defined Benefit Obligation at the beginning of peried	1,03.58,637	1,27,93,666
Benefits Paid	(27.25.117)	(13,70,689)
Current Service Cost	10,32,701	14,71,129
Interest Cest	7,36,493	8,86,509
Actuarial (gnirs)/losses recognised in other comprehensive income	48,99,840	(34,21,958)
Balance at the end of the year	1,43,02,574	1,03,58,657
Defined Benefit Obligation at the end of period	1,43,02,574	1,03,58,657
Reconditation of fair value of Plan Asset		
	For the period from April 01, 2022 to	For the period from April 01, 2021 to
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Fair value of Plan Assets at the beginning of period	1,50,53,442	1.48.35.052
Interest Income	1081.571	10,29,803
Actual Enterprise's Contribution	11.68.821	4,46,750
Actual Berefits Paid	(27.25,117)	(11,12,346)
Actuarial gains/(losses) recognised in other comprehensive income	(2.76,581)	(1,65,817)
Balance at the end of the year	1,43.02,136	1,50,53,442
Fair value of Plan Assets at the end of period	1,43.02,136	1,50,53,442
L Expense recognised in profit or loss	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
		11.01.100
Current Service Cost	10,32,701	14,71,129
Interest Cost	7,36,493	8,86,509
Expected Return on Plan Assets	(10,81,571) 6,87,623	(10,29,803) 13,27,835
ii. Remeasurements recognized in other comprehensive income	17	
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Amount recognized in OCI at the beginning of period		
Actuaral loss (gain)/toss on Defined Benefit Obligation	48,99,840	(34,21,958)
Actuarial loss gain(loss) on Plan asset	(2,76,581) 51,76,421	-1,65,817 (32,56,141)
	51./0.421	(54,30,141)
Defined Benefit Obligation		
Actuarial ossumptions		
Principal actuarial assumptions at the reporting date (expressed as weighted averages)	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
	-	
Discount Rate #	7.20%	7.35%

Salary Escalation 0% for next year and 3% 3.00% thereafter

\* In respect of IFCI Financial Services Limited ₹ 41.01,059/(Previous Year ₹ 20.57,185) is recognised as Net fair value of Plan Asset, in respect of IFIN Commodities Limited ₹ 6,53,042-(Previous Year ₹ 1,61,592) is recognised as Net fair value of Plan Asset, in respect of IFIN Securities Pinanee Limited ₹ 39,316-(Previous Year ₹ 2,04,074) is recognised as Net Defined Benefit Obligation, for the year ended March 31, 1023; # In respect of IFIN Securities Flacance Limited discount rate is 7.15 % p.a.





Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (All amounts are in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

28 Financial instruments - Fair values and risk management

A Accounting classifications and fair values. The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of fitumeial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in fair value hierarchy

March 31, 2023

	Amortised Cost	FVTPL	FVOCI	Total carrying amount
Financial assets				1000 A
Trade Receivables	1,77,61,277		÷.	1,77,61,277
Cash and Bank Balances	12,13,83,593		-	12,13,83,593
Bank balances other than Cash and Cash equivalents	31,03,63,044			31,03,63,044
Other Financial Assets	17,70,93,213		1.00	17,70,93,213
Investments	-	2,54,00,011	-	2,54,00,011
Leans	13,55,70,253		-	13,55,70,253
Total Financial assets	76,21,71,380	2,54,00,011	(4)	78,75,71,392
Financial liabilities				
Trade and Other Payables	16,84,22,354		-	16,84,22,354
Other Financial Liabilities	61,82,431	4		61,82,431
Tetal Financial liabilities	17,46,04,785			17,46,04,785
March 31, 2022				
	Amortised Cost	FVTPL	FVOCI	Total carrying amount
Finnels Country				
	5 12 47 492			5,12,47,492
Frade Receivables	5,12,47,492	:	:	5,12,47,492 14,64,92,498
Trade Receivables Cash and Bank Balances	14,64,92,498	:	:	14,64,92,498
Trade Receivables Cash and Bank Balarces Bank balances other than Cash and Cash equivalents	14,64,92,498 17,39,19,081	1	:	
Trade Receivables Cash and Bank Balances Bank balances other than Cash and Cash equivalents Other Financial Assets	14,64,92,498	10,22,03,092		14,64,92,498 17,39,19,081
Trado Receivables Cash and Sank Balances Bank halances other than Cash and Cash equivalents Other Financial Assets Investments	14,64,92,498 17,39,19,081 35,75,97,599	10,22,03,092	:	14,64,92,498 17,39,19,081 35,75,97,599
Trade Receivables Cash and Bank Balances Bank balances other than Cash and Cash equivalents Other Financial Assets Investments Leans	14,64,92,498 17,39,19,081	10,22, <b>03</b> ,092 10,22 <b>.03.09</b> 2		14,64,92,498 17,39,19,081 35,75,97,599 10,22,03,092
Trado Receivables Cash and Sank Balances Bank balances other than Cash and Cash equivalents Other Financial Assets Investments Loans Tetal Financial assets	14,64,92,498 17,39,19,081 35,75,97,599 - 8,30,53,258	and the second second	15	14,64,92,498 17,39,19,081 35,75,97,599 10,22,03,092 8,30,53,258
Trado Receivables Cash and Bank Balances Bank balances other than Cash and Cash equivalents Other Financial Assets Investments Leans Tetal Financial assets Financial liabilities	14,64,92,498 17,39,19,081 35,75,97,599 8,30,53,258 81,23,09,928	and the second second	15	14,64,92,498 17,39,19,081 35,75,97,599 10,22,03,092 8,30,53,258
Financial assets Trade Receivables Cash and Buik Balances Bank kalances other than Cash and Cash equivalents Other Financial Assets Investments Leans Testel Financial assets Financial liabilities Trade and Other Payables Other Financial Liabilities	14,64,92,498 17,39,19,081 35,75,97,599 - 8,30,53,258	and the second second	15	14,64,92,498 17,39,19,081 35,75,97,599 10,22,03,092 8,30,53,258 91,45,13,021

- The fair value of investment (other than in subsidiary) is determined based on Level-1 input i.e. the price quoted in active market. - For all of the Group's assets and liabilities which are not carried at fair value, disclosure of fair value is not required as the carrying amounts approximates the fair values.

#### **B** Financial risk management

The Group has exposure to the following risks arising from financial instruments

Credit risk (see (B)(ii));
 Liquidity risk (see (B)(iii)); and
 Market risk (see (B)(iv)).

i. Risk management framework

The Group's Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Group's risk management framework. The board of directors along with the top management are responsible for developing and monitoring the Group's risk management policies.

the strong is not management policies are established to identify and analyze the risks faced by the Group, to set appropriate risk limits and controls and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Group's activities. The Group, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to maintain a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

The Group's Board of Directors oversees how management monitors compliance with the Group's risk management policies and procedures, and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Group.

#### I Ceally disk

Credit risk refer to the risk of default on its obligation by the counter party resulting in financial loss. Credit risk always managed by the Group by proper approvals. Group's maximum exposure to credit risk is limited to the carrying amount of financial assets recognised at the end of the reporting period, as summarised below:

	Carrying amount March 31, 2023	Carrying amount March 31, 2022
Trade Receivables	1,77,61,277	5,12,47,492
Other Financial Assets	17,70,93,213	35,75,97,599
Loans	13,55,70,253	8,30,53,258
	33,04,24,744	49,18,98,349

Credit risk on each and each equivalents is limited as we generally invest in deposits with banks with high credit ratings assigned by the credit ming agencies. Investments primarily include investment in liquid mutual fund units and investment in equity instruments.





Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (All amounts are in Indian Rapees, unless otherwise stated)

#### Trade Receivables

The Group applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of loss allowance for Trade receivables. It follows a simplified approach wherein an amount cquait to lifetime ECL is measured and recognised as loss allowance. Lifetime ECL are the expected derival tosses resulting from all possible default events over the expected fried around tosses resulting from all possible default events over the expected from the superiod entropy of outcomes, taking anto account the time value of money and other reasonable information available are a result of past events, current conditions and forecasts of future conductions.

As a practical expedient, the Company uses a provision matrix to measure lifetime ECL on its portfolio of wade receivables. The provision matrix is prepared based on historically observed default mits over the expected life of trade receivables and is adjusted for forward-looking estimates. At each reporting date, the historically observed default rates and changes in the forward-looking estimates are updated. ECL allowance recognised (or reversed) during the period is recognised as income/ expense in the statement of profit and loss. The movement of Allowance for Expected Credit Loss are provided herein under.

Reconciliation of Allowance for Expected Credit Loss-	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Opening Balance	6.37.33.421	8.25,59,511
Created during the year	39,39,437	56,164
(Reversed) during the year		(1.88,82,254)
Closing Balance	6,76,69,875	6,37,33,421

#### Other Financial Assets

This balance is primarily constituted by deposit given to Stock exchange in relation to maintain minimum base capital requirement. The Group does not expect any bases from non-performance by these counter-parties.

Loans

Loans represents amount lend by the Group against shares / margin funding and fully secured. The Group does not expect any losses.

#### iii. Liquidity risk

Liquidty risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial fiabilities that are settled by delivering each or another financial asset. The Group's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without meeting unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Group's reputation.

The Group's principal sources of liquidity are eash and each equivalents, the cash flow that as generated from operations. The Group believes that the working capital is sufficient to meet its current requirements. Accordingly, no liquidity risk is perceived:

As of March 31, 2023, the Group had a working capital of ₹ 48,60,76,835/- including cash and bank balances of ₹ 12,13,83,93/- ,Bank balances other than Cash and Cash equivalents of ₹ 31,03,63,044/- and current investments of ₹ 2,54,00,011/-. Further the promoter of the Group have also committed to support the Group for there current and future requirements.

The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date. The amounts are gross and undiscounted, and include contractual interest payments and exclude the impact of acting agreements.

March 31, 2023

1111 (1 × 1 × 1 × 1	Carrying amount	Total	upto I year	more than 1 year
Financial liabilities	Carrying another	TOTAL	upto i year	more than 1 year
Trade Payables	16,84,22,354	(16,84,22,354)	(16,84.22,354)	
Other financial liabilities	61,82,431	(61,82,43))	(24.68.264)	(37,14,166)
	17,46,04,785	(17,46,04,785)	(17,08,90,618)	(37,14,166)
March 31, 2022	Carrying amount	c	ontractual cash flows	
		Total	upto l year	more than 1 year
Financial liabilities			111	
Trade Payables	27,60,68,577	(27,60,68,577)	(27,60,68,577)	-
Other financial liabilities	58,71,968	(58,71,968)	(19,28,241)	(39,43,726)

#### In Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices, will affect the Group's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the ratum.

#### C Capital management

For the purpose of the Group's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the Group's capital management is to maximise the shareholder value. The Group's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and marker confidence and to sustain future development of the discuss. It sets the annexing equital base so as to maintain optimate the shareholder value. The Group's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain plans which include capital and other startsgic investments. The funding requirements are met through support from the Utimate Holding Company. The Group meanitos capital using a ratio of net debt to equity. For this purpose, net debt is defined as total liabilities, comprising interest-hearing leans and borrowings, trade payable, financial liabilities less cash and cash equitements. Equip components of equity.

atram & Co 6 2nd Floor 218, TTK Road coi U Alwapel, \* Cher



IFCI Financial Services Limited Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (All amounts are in Indian Rupers, unless otherwise stated),

29 Additional information pursuant to para 2 of general instruction for preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements

	Net Ass	et	For the year ended March 31, 2023 Share in profit or loss Share in other of		d March 31, 2023 Share in other compr	chensive income	income Share in total comprehensive i	
Name of the entity	At % of consolidated act assets	Amount	As % of consolidated profit or loss	Amount	As % of consolidated other comprehensive income	Amount	As % of total comprehensive income	Amount
Parent:				1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				
IFCI Financial Services Limited	104 82%	(8,02,63,686	129.92%	(2.21,72,532)	90,93%	(47,07,555)	120,85%	(2,68,80,087)
Indian Subsidiaries								
FIN Commodities Limited	-2.57%	(1.66.89.709)	44.23%	(75.48,917)	8.65%	(4,48,061)	35.95%	(79,96,978)
IFIN Credit Limited	-0.70%	(45,67,877)	-3.82%	6.51,364			-2.93%	6,51,364
IFIN Securities Finance Limited		15,29,583	-70.34%	1.20,04,215	0.42%	(21,601)	-53,87%	1,19,81,614
Less:								
Adjustments arising out of consolidation	-1.78%	(1.15,40,243)		- 14) -		-		•
Totul	180%	64,89,95,139	\$* 001	(1.70,65,870)	100%	(51,77,217)	100%	(2,22,43,087)





# IFCI Financial Services Limited Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (All amounts are in Irelian Rupper, unless otherwise stated)

#### 30 Segment Information

The Chief Operating Decision Maker (CCDM) reviews the operation of the group in two segments : - Broking and related service : Broking, Depository, Commission, voluation and other related services income - Finance and investing out/vites - Interest, Processing fees on bans and other income from investing and transmig objecties

The Group's operating segment are reflected based on principle business activities, the nature of service; the differing risk and returns, the organisational structure and the internal financial reporting system.

Segment revenue, profit, asset and liabilities: have been necessaried for on the basic of their relationship to the operating activities of the segment ordannounte allocated on reasonable tasks,

	-	For the year ended	Murch 31, 2023			For the year ended	March 31, 2022	
Particulars	Broking and related	Finance and investing activities	Unafforcated	Total	Broking and related	Finance and investing activities	Unofficient	Tutal
Segment Revenue		arrain april and a second						
Extensal Revenue (excluding Interest income) Interest income	14,72,28,143	63,69,475 1,61,16,922		15,37,97,618	19,72,42,665	90,03,604		20,62,46,269
Inter-segment revenue	09, (3, 239	1,01,10,922		2.30,90,180	75,85,042	1,44,57,727		2,20,42,769
Total revenue (highding later segment revenue)				•	36,654	-		36.654
	15,42,01,402	2,26,86,397		17,68,87,798	24,48,64,361	2,34,61,331		22,83,25,692
Profit before exceptional item, interest and tax Less : Interest expense	(2,88,62,417) 1,98,542	1,14,04,242	12	(1,74,58,175)		1,10,75,684		95,02,472
Profit before tax		12,312		2,10,854	10,29,798	5,576		10,35,374
Less: Income Tax	(2,99,60,959)	1,13,91,930 (6,12,283)		(1,76,69,029) (6,03,159)	(26/03,010) 7,052	1,10,79,108 12,55,575		84,67,098 12,62,627
Profit after Tax	(2,90,70,085)	1,20,04,215		(1,70,65,870)	(26,10,062)	98,14,533		72,04,471
Other leformation								
Segment Depreciation and Amortisation Segment non-cash expense other than Depreciation	16.52,564	1,76,871		18,29,435	9,66,773	3,20,968		12,87,742
and a second s	-			-2-				

Other Information

	For the year ended March 31, 2023				For the year ended March 31, 2022			
	Broking and celated service	Finance and investing activities	Undlocated	Total	Bruking and related service	Finance and investing octivities	Unaflocated	Total
Segment Asset Segment Liabilities	57,52,92,151	29,49,04,674		\$7,01,96,825	69,74,48,380	29,14,90,761	-	98,89,39,142
Capital Expenditure (including copital work-in-progress)	21,98,28,713 18,27,377	13,72,674 3,69,510		22,11,01,387 21,96,887	31,58,56,822 63.00,980	18,43,794 11,42,535		31,77,00,615 74,43,515

Intersegment prising are charm's length basis. Profit or loss on inter segment transfer are climinated at the group level.

Segment information for secondary segment reporting (by geographical segments) The Group operates in one geographical segment results' within India\*, kennes no geographical disclosure are required

Information about major customer No customer individually accounted for more than 10% of the revenue in the year ended. March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022.



IFCI Financial Services Limited Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

#### 31 Income Taxes (IND AS 12) :

Deferred Tax Asset / (Liability) as on 31st March, 2023 has been arrived at as follows:

		March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Timing Difference on account of Disallowances		41,50,618	5,00,313
Timing Difference on account of Carry Forward Losses		90,90,417	77,37,053
	A	1,32,41,035	82,37,366
Less: Deferred Tax Liability arising on account of			
Timing Difference on account of Depreciation		(8,94,183)	(4,90,725)
Timing Difference on account of Disallowances			1.1. 1
	6	(8,94,183)	(4,90,725)
Net Deferred Tax Asset/(Liability)	(A+B)	1,23,46,853	77,46,642

In respect of IFIN Securities Finance Limited ₹ 3.37.736/- and in respect of IFIN Commodities Limited ₹ 3.33.608/- is recognised as Deferred Tax Asset. In respect of IFCI Financial Services Limited ₹ 1,16,75,509/- no Deferred Tax Asset is recognized in the books of accounts

32 Cc	intingent	liabilities
-------	-----------	-------------

March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
	3,00,00,000
7,04,68,000	6,01,11,000
1,02,017	1,19,453
1,56,34,638	1,56,34,538
8,62,04,655	10,58,55,091
	7,04,68,000 1,02,017 1,56,34,638

Nate (i) The compony during the previous year ended March 31, 2022 provided a corporate guarantee of Rs. 5,00,00,000- (sunctioned limit as at the Balance Sheet date is Rs. 3,00,00,000-) to HDFC Dank Limited with respect to bank guarantees provided by them to the exchanger on behalf of its wholly owned subsidiary M/s. IFIN Communified.

(ii) The Holding Company has the following TDS Demand outstanding with TRACES as at March 31, 2023

Financial Vone	Amount
2022 - 2023	6,355
2021 - 1022	668
2020 - 2021	192
2019 - 2020	81
Frior Years	94,719
	1 02 017

(iii) The Holding Company has the following Disputed Income tax demand as at March 31, 2023

S.No	Assessment year	Forum where appeal is pending	Amount of demand
1	2011-13	Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals)	3,94,229
2	2012-13	Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals)	1.28.55.235
3	2014-15	Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals)	5,04,346
4	2015-16	Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals)	5,22,985
5	2017-18	Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals)	12,97,843
1000 200			1,56,34,638

\* The Holding Company is in the process of reconciling the amount of Income-tax desiand outstanding with the provisions of tax held in books.

#### 33 Related parties

#### A Details of related parties and the relationships

IFCI Limited a) IFCI Venture Capital Funds Limited b) IFCI Factors Limited c) IFCI Infrastructure Development limited d) Stock Holding Corporation of India Limited c) M/PCON Limited IFCI Financial Services Limited Mrs. Kappagam (we f October 03, 2022)	
b) IFCI Factors Limited c) IFCI Infrastructure Development limited d) Stock Holding Corporation of India Limited e) MPCON Limited IFCI Financial Services Limited	
<ul> <li>e) IFCI Infrastructure Development limited</li> <li>d) Stock Holding Corporation of India Limited</li> <li>e) MPCON Limited</li> <li>IFCI Financial Services Limited</li> </ul>	
d) Stock Holding Corporation of India Limited •) MPCON Limited IFCI Financial Services Limited	
<ul> <li>e) MPCON Limited</li> <li>IFCI Financial Services Limited</li> </ul>	
IFCI Financial Services Limited	
	Managing Director
Mr. Karra Visweswar Rao (Cessation w.e f October 03, 2022)	Managing Director
Mr. Ramesh N.G.S (w.e.f May 23, 2019)	Non-Executive Director
Mr. Jayesh Amichand Shah (w.e.f November 07, 2020)	Non-Executive Director
Mr. Rajesh Kumar (w.e.f November 07, 2020)	Non-Executive Director
Mr. Alan Savio Pacheco (w.ef March 12, 2021)	Nominee Director
Mr. Atul Saxena (w.e.f May 19, 2022)	Nominee Director
Mr. A.V Pushparaj	Chief Financial Officer (CFO)
Ms. Fragyan Shree (w.e.f November 02, 2021)	Company Secretary (CS)
IFIN Securities Finance Limited	1
Mrs. Karpagam (w.e.f October 03, 2922)	Managing Director
Mr. A.V Pushparaj	Chief Financial Officer (CFO)
Ms. Sanjana Chhabra ( w.e.f October 10, 2022	Company Secretary
Mr. Siddharth Dwived (Cessation w.e.f 15 June, 2022)	Company Secretary
IFIN Commodities Limited	
Karpagam Sundaramoorthy ( w.c.f October 04, 2022)	Director
Ms. Pragyan Shree (w.e.f May 08, 2022)	Company Secretary (CS)
	Mr. Jayesh Amichand Shah (w.e.f November 07, 2020) Mr. Rajesh Kumar (w.e.f November 07, 2020) Mr. Alan Savio Pacheco (w.e.f March 12, 2021) Mr. Alul Savena (w.e.f May 19, 2022) Mr. A. V Pushparaj Ms. Fragyan Shree (w.e.f November 02, 2021) <u>IFIN Securities Finance Limited</u> Mrs. Kauyagan (w.e.f October 03, 2022) Mr. A. V Pushparaj Ms. Sanjana Chhabra (w.e.f October 10, 2022 Mr. Siddharth Dwivedi (Cessation we.f.15 Juno, 2022) <u>IFIN Commodities Limited</u> Karjagam Sundaramoorthy (w.e.f October 04, 2022)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (All amounts are in Indian Ropees, unless atherwise stated)

#### B Transactions with key management personnel

I. Key Management Personna	d Compensation
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	Period ended March 31, 2023	Period ended March 31, 2022
Short-term benefits		
- Mr. A. V Pushparaj	11,12,173	10,68,023
- Ms. Pragyan Shree	7,86,712	2,68,855
- Ms. Sanjanaa Chhabra	2,33,733	
- Mr. Siddharth Dwivedi	1,09,476	61,230
- Mr. Aby Eapen		2,36,484
	22,42,694	16,34,592
Sitting fees paid to Directors		
- Mr. Rajesh Kumar	1,92,000	1,92,000
- Mr. Jayesh Amichand Shah	2,22,000	1,92,000
- Mr. Sanjay Wasantrao Tanksale	1,25,000	1,18,000
	5,39,000	5,02,000

#### C Related party transactions other than those with Key Management Personnel

Name of Related party	Nature of Relationship	Nature of Transactions	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
	Fellow Subsidiary Company	Managing Director's compensation, travel and other		
Stock Holding Corporation of India Limited		reimbursements paid / payable including taxes	(19,44,876)	(10,52,475)
		Brokerage on mutual fund	3,699	3,699
		Annual maintenance charges	8,644	8,644
		Transaction charges	(4,76,810)	
		Commission for customer referrals (including taxes)	(3,29,499)	(2,64,487
IFCI Limited	Ultimate Holding Company	Brokerage	2,20,010	29,56,913
		DP Income received	74,379	1,94,627
		Insurance for Deputed Employees paid		
		Reimbursement of MD salary paid by IFCI Ltd	(22,85,743)	(39,76,201)
		Rent	(1,02,89,196)	(1.03,37,196)
		Reimbarsement of rent	2,40,000	- A strandenske sod
		Reimbursement of Telephone & Others	(10,835)	
		Salary deputation received	9,34,056	10,05,504
EPI Inferencementaria Decodo concerta lineit	P.II. C. MICH. C.	Brokenge		79,672
IFCI Infrastructure Development limit	structure Development limit Fellow Subsidiary Company	2,000		
IECI Fastara Lid	10-11-0-11-0-1-0-1-0-1-0-1-0-1-0-1-0-1-	Reimbursement of Expenses-Maintenance & Electricity		68,994
FCI Factors Ltd.	Fellow Subsidiary Company	DP Income received	13,333	73,580
		Brokerage	33,175	1.66.684
IFCI Ventures Capital Fund Ltd.	Fellow Subsidiary Company	DP Income received	4,000	7,250

#### D Related Party Balances

Name of Related party	Nature of Relationship	Nature of balance	Marth 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
IFCI Limited	Ultimate Holding Company	Receivable/(Payable)	6,25,504	(65,835)
Stook Holding Corporation of India Limited	Fellow Subsidiary Company	Receivable/(Payable)	5,70,11,183	15,00,25,760
IFCI Venture Capital Funds Limited	Fellow Subsidiary Company	Receivable/(Payable)	(39,840)	8,555
IFCI Factors Limited	Fellow Subsidiary Company	Receivable/(Pavable)	14,553	
IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited	Associate Company	Receivable/(Payable)	(50,755)	1

34 The Group when applying Ind AS 116 to leases previously classified as operating leases, has used practical expedients for not recognising right-of-use assets and habilities for leases of low value assets. As the leases of the Group are short term leases, the Group has charged the lease expense as a period cost in the Statement of Profit & Loss Account.

35 Statutory Reserve

As per Section 45-IC of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, the Company is required to create a reserve fund at a rate of 20% of the net profit after tax of the Company every year. Considering the Profit after tax for the year ended 31 March 2023, Rs.7,80,607/- is transferred to the statutory reserve as required under Section 45-IC of Reserve Bank of India (RBI) Act, 1934.

36 During the current year and the previous year, the Group has not earned any income nor spent any amount in foreign exchanges.

37 According to information available with the Management, on the basis of intimation received from suppliers regarding their status under the Micro, Medium and Small Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED Act), the group has no amounts due to Micro. Medium and Small Enterprises under the said act as at March 31, 2023.

No	Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
(a)	The principal amount remaining unpaid at the end of the period		
(b)	The delayed psyments of principal amount paid beyond the appointed date during the year		
(c)	Interest actually paid under Section 16 of MSMED Act	12	
(d)	Normal Interest due and payable during the year, for delayed payments, as per the surred terms		
(e)	Total interest accrued during the year and remaining unpaid	-	

and about the second determined to the extern short parties have deen mempera on the dates of information available with the care

38 Previous year figures have been regrouped wherever necessary to confirm to the current year classification

39 The Schedule III- Divison II mandates to round off the figures to the nearest hundreds, thousands, lakhs or millions, or decimals thereo depending on the Total Income of the Group. However, the Group has opted to round off the figures to nearest rupess in the view better presentation and understanding of the users of the Financial Statements.

40 Third Party balances are subject to confirmations and reconciliations if any.





Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (All amounts are in Indian Ropees, unless otherwise stated)

41 With respect to Subsidiary Company IFIN Securities Finance Limited, the outbreak of COVID-19 pandemic across the globe and in India has contributed to a significant decline and volatility in the global and Tadian financial markets and slowdown in the economic activities. The Covid 19 post lockdown has not resulted in material decline in prices of listed / quoted equity shares & mutual funds and the loans against shares, mutual funds and margin funding portfolio have not witnessed a material decline in the underlying security value. As a result of the above, the company has created its Expected Credit loss (ECL) provisioning based on past history of the borrowers as applicable, and risk of credit default that may result due to likely stress in the financial position of our borrowers. Moreover, due to the uncertainties associated with the pandemic, the actual impact may not be in line with current estimates. The Company will continue to closely monitor any material changes to future economic conditions due to the impact of pandemic. Further, the impact assessment does not indicate any adverse impact on the ability of the company to continue as a going concern.

#### 42 Other Notes

a) The Group does not have any Bernami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Group for holding any Bernami property.\*

b) The Group has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets.

d) Considering the information available with the Group, the Group does not have any transactions with companies struck off

e) There are no Scheme of Arrangements approved by the Competent Authority in terms of sections 230 to 237 of the Companies Act, 2013 during the year.

f) The Group has not advanced or loaned or invested funds (either borrowed funds or share promium or any other sources or kind of funds) to any other person(s) or entity(ics), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Intermediary shall (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Group (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

g) The Group has also not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or enterwise) that the Group shall (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimata Beneficiaries) or (ii) provide any guarantee security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

h) The Group do not have any transaction which are not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 during any of the years.

i) The Group has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year. j) Financial Ratios :

#### As at 31st March 2022 As at 31st March 2023 S.No Particolars Components Fig. in ₹ Ratio Fig. in ? Ratio Current Ratio : 1 Current Asse Financial Assets + Other Current Assets 69,51,31,073 75,41,57,746 Financial Liabilities + Other Current Liabilities 20,90,54,237 3.33 30,59,94,499 2.46 Current Liabilities ovisions Return on Equity Ratio : 2 Net Profit after Taxes Profit (Loss) for the year after taxes (1,70,65,870) 72,04,471 Average Shareholder's Equity Equity share capital + Other Equity 66 01, 16, 983 -1% 67 12 38 526 1% 3 Trade Receivables Turnover Ratio : Net Credit Sales Revenue from Operations 14,97,55,090 18,32,07,797 Average Trade receivables Average Accounts receivable 3,45,04,385 4.34 4,40,78,448 4.16 Trade Payables Turnover Ratio : 4 Operational expense Annual Net Credit Purchases (Operating Cost) 6.43,15,551 5,04,35,404 Average Accounts payable Average Trade Payables 33,99,81,983 0.15 25,57,70,806 0.25 5 Net Capital Turnover Ratio ; Sales Revenue from Operations 14,97,55,090 18.32.07.797 Working Capital Current Assets - Current Liabilities 48,60,76,836 0,31 44,81,63,247 0.41 6 Net Profit Ratio : Net Profit Profit (Loss) for the year after taxes (1,70,65,870) 72.04.471 Sales Reveaue from Operations 14,97,55,090 -11% 18,32,07,797 4% Return on Capital Employed : Earnings Before Interest and Taxes Profit before Interest and Tax Expense (1,76,69,029) 84.67.098 Equity share capital + Other Equity + Current and Nor 64,89,95,440 -3% 67,12,38,526 1% Capital Employed Current Borrowings 8 Return on Investment : Net Profit after Taxes Profit (Loss) for the year after taxes (1,70.65,870) 72.04.471 Total Assets - Current Liabilities Assets 66,11,42,589 -30% 68,29,44,642 1%

Note:

1. The variance in the aforesaid financial ratios as compared to the previous year is due to loss incurred and decrease in revenue of the group.

2. The Debt-Equity Ratio, Debt Service Coverage Ratio and Inventory turnover ratio are not applicable to the Group.

The Significant accounting policies and Notes to Accounts are an integral part of these financial statements

As per our attached Report of even date

For S. VENKATRAM & CO. LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Regd No.0046568/ S200095

A.Way R. Vailyanathan

Partner M.No : 018953

erkalram & Co 2nd Floor F S 218, TTK Road Alwarpet. \* Chennal-18 Pred Accourt

Place : Chennai Date: May 12, 2023 for and on behalf of the Board of Directors of IFCI Financial Services Limited CIN: U74899DL1995GOI064034

A V Pushparaj

Chief Financial Officer

S. Icep S Karpagam Atul Sasena Managing Director Nominee Director DIN: 09755388 DIN: 02698585 ragian Ann

Pragyansi Company Secretary M.No : AS1395

Place: Chennai Date: May 12, 2023

c) The Group has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.